Commenting entity/resident	Section and page number	Comment	Response	
Metropolitan Council		The plan meets the requirements for a watershed management plan and is consistent with Council policies and the Council's <i>Water Resources Policy Plan</i> .	Noted.	
Metropolitan Council	Appendix K, (Standards), numbers 4.2.2, 10.2.2, and 10.3.2; HVRA Overlay District	These sections seem to be saying that the District will regulate groundwater appropriations of less than 10,000 gallons per day or 1 million gallons per year in High Value Resource Area overlay districts. It is unclear how this standard will be implemented, specifically: a) Will the District or the local government enforce it? b) the estimated cost for implementation, c) which line item in Table 4.1 (Implementation Project Budget 2018-2027) funding is unclear.	The District plans to implement and enforce the regula administrative and managerial line item in Table 4-1.	
Metropolitan Council Modified Bluff Standard		Council staff have concerns over the proposed standards. Minnesota Department of Natural Resources (MDNR) has guidance for Bluff and Steep Slopes that can be found at: (http://files.dnr.state.mn.us/publications/waters/shoreland rules fact sheet bluff management.pdf).While the District's definition of 'bluff appears to be the same, but the definition of 'steep slopes' appears to be less restrictive than the MDNR's. MDNR considers steep slope lands as "having average slopes over 12 percent, as measured over horizontal distances of 50 feet or more, that are not bluffs" according to the fact sheet, while LMRWD's definition is "a natural topographic feature having a slope that rises at least 25 feet above the ordinary high water level, or toe of the slope to the top of the slope, and the grade of the slope averages 18 percent or greater, measured over a horizontal distance of 25 feet". These two definitions are markedly different. We strongly encourage the District to use the MDNR's guidance as they set new bluff and steep slope standards.	Noted. The District modified the definition of steep slop average slopes of 18 percent or greater that is measure The revised definition provides more protection for slee Natural Resources' definition.	
Minnesota Board of Water and Soil Resources	General Comment	BWSR would like to recognize the positive strides the District has made in recent years in its commitment to the implementation of programs and projects as well as taking a greater leadership role in the management of water resources in the Minnesota River watershed. We also support the increased role in the identification of necessary rules/standards to prevent further degradation and protect sensitive areas.	Thank you for your continued partnership and support	
Minnesota Board of Water and Soil Resources	Executive Summary: Page vi.	The District should consider resource outcomes/changes in behavior when measuring Public Education and Outreach.	To address the behavior comment, the District intends whether the District's education and outreach efforts a	
Minnesota Board of Water and Soil Resources	Introduction: Table I-2	Table I-2 provides a list of accomplishments from 2010 to present. The table lacks resource outcomes for many of the items. For example, when the District contributes funding to a project, it should also note the water resource benefits from that project in a measurable way. The metrics could be referenced in the Appendix or on the District's website on a project page.	Section I5. 2010 – Present Accomplishments has been projects and activities the District participates in are pr outcomes, urgency, partnering opportunities, and read outcomes associated with the District's high value reso received priority funding. Also, the District has a new w be added to the website.	
Minnesota Board of Water and Soil Resources	Introduction, Page I-8	Page I-8 has typographical errors in the box for the Dakota County Fens Project.	The project description has been modified to read: The collected on fens in the Dakota County. The review	
Minnesota Board of Water and Soil Resources	Goals, Policies, and Management Strategies	The District is using the number of studies and projects implemented as its short term metric for water quality progress, but it does not account for the effectiveness of each project. The District should consider intermediate goals based on reduction of or protection from nutrients specifically targeted for those resources.	The suggested inclusion of intermediate goals based or long-term metric. Evidence of change(s) resulting from manifest. Nevertheless, monitoring information will be reductions and resources protections resulting from pro	
Minnesota Board of Water and Soil	Implementation Program, Table 4-3	We support the decision for the District to expand its existing programming specifically the Water Resources Restoration Fund.	Thank you for your continued partnership and support.	
Resources Minnesota Board of Water and Soil Resources	4-3 Implementation Program, Table 4-3	Table 4-3 lists the Capital Improvement Projects. Will the District be the project lead on all of these projects and are there other projects the District will be participating on led by others?	The projects listed in Table 4-3 represent a mix of proje	
Minnesota Board of Water and Soil Resources	Impact of Implementation: 5.1.3 Administration and Enforcement of LWPs.	We appreciate that the District is maintaining consistency with MN Rule 8410 in the avoidance of duplication of permitting programs.	Noted.	
Minnesota Board of Water and Soil Resources	Administration: 6.1.1 Major Amendments.	The Departments of Agriculture and Health are also included in the State Review Agencies and must receive plan submittals.	The Departments of Agriculture and Health will be inclu 6.1.1.	
Minnesota Department of Agriculture		MDA has no comments.	Noted. Thank you for your continued partnership and s	

lation. The cost for implementation is captured in the
lopes as follows: A natural topographic feature having
red over a horizontal distance of 25 feet or more.
leep slopes than the Minnesota Department of
v+
rt.
ds to post event survey feedback online to gauge
are generating the intended outcomes.
sale generating the intended outcomes.
en modified to include the following: All of the
prioritized as follows: Benefited resources,
adiness. Projects with quantifiable and/or qualitative
sources (e.g., fens, trout lakes, and trout streams)
website, and the project information mentioned will
he District reviewed 2011–2015 monitoring data
·
on nutrient reduction/protection is addressed in the
m a project or program often takes several years to
be collected annually, and evidence of nutrient
projects and programs will be documented.
rt.
Contraction from the data in the second second
jects to be led by the District and by partners.
cluded on the list of State Review Agencies in Section
chack of the list of state neview Agencies in Section
l support.

Commenting entity/resident	Section and page number	Comment	Response
Minnesota Department of Natural	General Comment	There was quite a bit of talk about being informed of and weighing in on projects that the DNR permits or	Reviewing projects that require DNR permits is very im
Resources		that others are undertaking. I don't see this being reflected in the goals or outcomes. Is this a priority for	reflective of this priority will be added to Goals 2, 3, 4,
		the District, to have a say, be proactive in reviewing projects, and if so, is there a strategy?	
Minnesota Department of Natural	Section 1	Needs to show tribs to Eagle Creek that are protected.	The updates to Section 1 requested will be addressed a
Resources			slated for 2020 and 2021.
Minnesota Department of Natural	Figures 1.16 and 1.17	The District might want to use our most updated PWI layer, which is a better reflection of the extent of	The updates to Section 1 requested will be addressed a
Resources		public waters. For example, Dean Lake appears quite a bit smaller on the map than our PWI layer and my	slated for 2020 and 2021.
		experience reflect.	
Maria and Describer of Alabara	5	https://gisdata.mn.gov/dataset/water-mn-public-waters	The enderse is fronting 4 and so is a filler addressed a
Minnesota Department of Natural	Figures 1.16 and 1.17	a) The PLOC extends from Dean to Quarry Lake and should be shown on Fig 1-17. Also, as mentioned	The updates to Section 1 requested will be addressed a
Resources		above, the Dean Lake PWI boundary more accurately reflects that there is wetland located between Dean and Quarry.	slated for 2020 and 2021.
Minnesota Department of Natural	Figures 1.16 and 1.17	b) The District might also consider placing springs on this map, there's the boiling spring near Eagle Creek.	The updates to Section 1 requested will be addressed a
Resources		https://gisdata.mn.gov/dataset/env-mn-springs-inventory	slated for 2020 and 2021.
Minnesota Department of Natural	Figure 1.4.2	I wonder if you could take a quick look at the last 10 years and comment on our changing precip trends	The updates to Section 1 requested will be addressed a
Resources		compared to historic.	slated for 2020 and 2021.
Minnesota Department of Natural	Figure 1.22	Figure 1.22 is not an accurate boundary for Savage Fen SNA. Again, please update from the data deli with	The updates to Section 1 requested will be addressed a
Resources		our SNA boundaries.	slated for 2020 and 2021.
Minnesota Department of Natural	2.2.1	There isn't any mention of regulatory oversight here and how that also may dictate the District's role or at	This section is intended to present the unique nature o
Resources		least what must be in the District's plan. This may be helpful info here since there are perceptions of roles	understanding of its role by stakeholders. The District's
		but also required roles. Or cite MN Rules 8410 and how that plays into guiding the District perhaps? While	and reference will be made to it in this section (2.2.1).
		there are perceptions of roles, where does perception intersect with responsibility?	
Minnesota Department of Natural	2.2.3.3.3	Worth citing extra protection for fens and trout streams in statute though I do see it under 2.3.2.2.	Sections 2.2.3.3.2 and 2.2.3.3.3 will be updated to inclu
Resources	2.2.3.3.3	worth citing extra protection for fens and trout streams in statute though 1 do see it under 2.3.2.2.	Sections 2.2.3.3.2 and 2.2.3.3.3 will be updated to incit
Minnesota Department of Natural	2.2.5.2	Could add Savage Fen Ravine project as well.	Savage Fen Ravine project included.
Resources			
Minnesota Department of Natural	2.3.1.6	I think this should say "regulates surface and groundwater appropriations". Just says surface now, but	The sentence has been revised to read: "The DNR regul
Resources		groundwater in the next sentence.	requiring a permit for all withdrawal more than 10,000
			million gallons annually."
Minnesota Department of Natural		In discussion with monitoring wells, SWCD reading them and the District analyzing data, it would probably	The DNR will be included as requested.
Resources		be good to cite that these are DNR installed wells and the online data warehouse. http://www.dnr.state.mn.us/waters/cgm/index.html	
Minnesota Department of Natural	Page 1-44, last paragraph	Last paragraph of page 1-44 needs updating as it says "In 2011, the MCES plans to" has this happened?	In 2012, MCES completed its annual stream water qual
Resources			summary report: https://eims.metc.state.mn.us/Docun
Minnesota Department of Natural	Page 1-56	This is not quite right. DNR provides preliminary review and assessment of new well proposals. Approval is	The sentences have been modified as follows: Because
Resources		not required prior to drilling the well, but rather, is required prior to use. Further, it would be fair to say	groundwater appropriations and amendments to existi
		that we examine both new appropriations and amendments to existing permits. "This is just one reason	DNR. During the review process, and prior to making ju
		all new groundwater appropriation requests must be approved by the DNR prior to constructing pumping	application (new or existing), the DNR reviews potentio
		wells. During the approval process, and prior to making judgments on the sustainability of a new	
		appropriation, the DNR reviews potentiometric surface levels, effects of"	
Minnesota Department of Natural	1.10 (page 1-62)	End of paragraph 1, please add SNAs.	SNAs (Scientific and Natural Areas) will be added.
Resources	1.10 (hage 1-02)	Liu of paragraph 1, please aud SivAs.	SNAS (Scientific and Natural Areas) will be added.
Minnesota Department of Natural	1.7 Surface water appropriations	We're (DNR) happy to update this for you. You can contact Joe Richter (651-259-5877,	The District will contact Joe Richter for assistance in up
Resources		joe.richter@state.mn.us ). With the Xcel change from coal to gas, I believe their appropriations will be	associated narratives as suggested.
		greatly reduced. It would probably be worth noting that here since they were by far the biggest user in	
		Table 1-10. It would probably also be noting the switch for Savage to use Quarry water, to protect the	
		Savage Fen and I think that change would result in lower volume for the Quarry in Table 1-10.	
Minnesota Department of Natural	1.7 Surface water appropriations	Pull out the entire part starting with The 2007 Minnesota State LegislatureThis effort was not successful.	The last two sentences will be removed from the first p
		You could just list statute or rule here. https://www.revisor.mn.gov/rules/?id=6120. Municipalities and	in the last two sentences will be removed from the first p
Resources			
Resources		counties adopt and enforce ordinances that are compliant with state rules.	

important to the District and is a priority. Strategies 4, and 7.
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ed as part of District's Corridor Management project
e of this District and how that resulted in an unclear
ct's mission and purpose are presented in Section 3 1).
nclude statutory protections.
gulates surface and groundwater appropriation by
000 gallons of surface or groundwater per day or 1
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uality assessment report. Here is a link to the cuments/GetDocument/596 use of these relationships, all requests for new disting permits must be reviewed and approved by the g judgments on the sustainability of an appropriation intiometric surface levels, effects of

Commenting entity/resident	Section and page number	Comment	Response
Minnesota Department of Natural	Table 2-1	Is Table 2-1 new with this iteration of the plan? I wonder if Hwy 101 could be taken out of the table now.	Table 2-1 was not updated with recent modifications. T
Resources		It might be worth mentioning that it used to be an area for River flooding but a FEMA funded project has	169) and Shakopee River Crossing.
		now elevated the highway out of the floodplain and provided better floodplain connection as well.	
Minnesota Department of Natural	2.2.5.3 (last paragraph)	Last paragraph on of 2.2.5.3 is great. I think it would be worth mentioning how upland storage can help	The suggested information about upland storage and the
Resources		since it states that the District has focused on controlling flooding. It would be worth mentioning that the SWCD in Scott and Carver have both worked with landowners on upland practices.	counties will be incorporated into strategies within Goa
Minnesota Department of Natural	Strategy 3.2.1	For those of us who don't know as much about how infiltration standards are used and how the district	An introductory summary will be added to Strategies 2.
Resources		plays a role, could you incorporate some mention of how this works? Is it just that all cities in the boundaries of the district have to incorporate your standards? Does the District also review any developments or trust that the cities will handle this?	boundaries are required to incorporate these or equiva controls. Administration and enforcement of the Distric Exceptions are Minnesota Department of Transportatio
			appropriation standard, which will be administered and
Minnesota Department of Natural Resources	atural 4.4 in the Appendix K Could you provide more information about the way the District reviews and approves variances rather than or in cooperation with the LGU? An applicant submits the application to both?		The Board intends to revise the variance provisions con plan amendment. The language will be changed to follo with existing municipal variance standards. The Board's variances pursuant to the variance processes and stand most cases, this will not require dual applications becau the Board only reviews them. The Board may require so considering such variances to ensure the intent of the p and enforcement process, including the schedule for pr and responses, will be developed in partnership with LO
Minnesota Department of Natural Resources	8.3.3	The District may need to provide more information about how the credit system in 8.3.3 would work.	The Minnesota Stormwater Manual, referenced in Sect the credit system should be used, if needed, to meet vo
Minnesota Department of Natural Resources	Appendix K part 9.	The District should state whether this applies only to waters on the PWI or additional waters as well.	Appendix K, Section 9 refers to all water resources with waters inventory) resources.
Minnesota Department of Natural	9.3	Would the District please consider adding a statement that a determination by the District for a project	The requested statement will be added to Section 9.3.
Resources		meeting standards 9.3 does not preclude a project from needing a DNR public waters work permit. For	
		example, while the district might approve a retaining wall under f. that doesn't mean that a public waters	
		work permit would be granted. The project may be denied by the DNR or modifications made to place a	
		retaining wall above the OHW. While 6115.0211 would imply the need for a DNR permit, we believe it would be helpful to state as much.	
Minnesota Department of Natural	10.2.2, 10.3.2	10.2.2 states that appropriations less than 10,000 gpd or 1 MGY would be regulated within the HVRA.	Section 10.3.2 correctly refers only to fens. However, a
Resources		Should 10.3.2 state no net change in groundwater levels adjacent to trout streams as well or only fen?	amendments to Minnesota Statute 103G.223, which all
		Should 10.3.2 include submittal of an application that could mimic our MPARS application and which includes item a. and b. or only items a. and b.?	temporary reductions in groundwater resources on a see include language requirement information similar to w Permitting and Reporting System.
Minnesota Department of Natural	Page 1-53	I'm pleased to see that the Lower Minnesota River Watershed is interested in Groundwater within the	Noted. Thank you for your continued partnership and s
Resources		District. We urge the District to continue to seek to educate the people within the district concerning groundwater use and sustainability.	
Minnesota Department of Natural Resources	Page 1-76	I'm also pleased to see that the District is aware of the concerns posed by unsealed wells to groundwater sustainability.	Noted. Thank you for your continued partnership and s
Minnesota Department of Natural	Page 2-20	A small but important change in language is that "the DNR can limit appropriations from <u>surface</u> waters Section 2.3.1.6, page 2–20 will be u	
Resources		under certain low flow conditions".	
Minnesota Department of Natural	Page 3-32	I'm pleased to see that the Watershed District is planning educational efforts to promote the wise use of	Strategy 3.2.2, page 3–32 will be updated to reference
Resources		groundwater. The District should make full use of the materials that are provided for education by the Metropolitan Council and the Minnesota Rural Water Association.	organizations such as the Metropolitan Council and the
Minnesota Department of Natural	Page 4-17	Should a District Capital Improvement Project require dewatering in volumes that exceed 1.0 million	Noted.
Resources		gallons of water per year, or 10,000 gallons per day, then a DNR Water Appropriation Permit will be required for the project.	
Minnesota Department of Natural	Page 5-1	The District should encourage the local governmental units to require applicants for local permits to	Appendix K, Section 10.1 will be modified to include: It
Resources		obtain DNR Water Appropriation Permit whenever the projects will require dewatering in volumes that	governmental units to require applicants for local perm
		exceed 10,000 gallons per day or one million gallons per year.	whenever the projects will require dewatering in volum
			gallons per year.

s. Table 2-1 will be revised to removed Hwy 101 (Old
d the work underway in both Scott and Carver Soals 6 and 7.
2.2.1 and 3.2.1. All LGUs within the District ivalent standards (if adopted) into their official trict's standards are the responsibility of the LGUs. tion projects, unincorporated areas, and the water and enforced by the District.
ontained in Section 4.4 of Appendix K of the draft ollow the practical difficulties test to be consistent d's intent is to allow local governments to issue ndards contained in its existing official controls. In cause the municipality is the permitting entity and e some additional performance standards in e proposed standards is met. The District's variance program audits, reporting requirements, warnings, LGUs and posted on the District's website.
ection 8.3.3, presents a comprehensive view for how volume and water quality requirements.
ithin the District boundary, including PWI (public
3.
a sentence will be added acknowledging recent allows the commissioner of the DNR to authorize seasonal basis. Section 10.3.2 will be modified to what is required by the MPARS or MN DNR
d support.
d support.
ted.
ce education materials developed by agencies and the Minnesota Rural Water Association.
It is the District's policy to encourage local rmits to obtain DNR Water Appropriation Permits umes that exceed 10,000 gallons per day or 1 million

Commenting entity/resident	Section and page number	Comment	Response
Minnesota Department of Natural	Modified Bluff Standard	Aren't slopes between 18-30% that are within shoreland still captured by the "steep slopes" definition?	Agreed. The Bluff Standard or Bluff and Steep Slopes St
Resources		Perhaps you could use the 18% slope definition and call it all "steep slope" if there is some concern from the communities about using the word "bluff'?	Standard.
Minnesota Department of Natural Modified Bluff Standard Resources		There are a number of areas in this draft where we feel that the standards will be less protective then those provided by the previous version. For example, we do believe some resource protection will be lost by going from the originally proposed standards to the new requirement where an engineer may just certify "suitability". As written, simply requiring an engineer to state suitability allows quite a bit of discretion to cities and engineers. Would it be possible to just incorporate the size and volume triggers that are included in the new standard into the previous version, thus eliminating the worry that "firepits" and other small scale activities would trigger a permit, but preserving other protective features of the first drat version? This would provide some structure and consistency for LG Us. We have seen firsthand how impactful sediment delivery from ravines can be within sensitive areas. For example, consider the Seminary Fen and Savage Fen Ravine restoration projects which cost millions of legacy fund dollars. The erosion in the ravine above seminary fen was surely exacerbated by the developments at the	The proposed standard provides steep slopes and wate the next 3–5 years, the District will evaluate its standar outcome of those assessments will determine the next
Minnesota Department of Natural Resources	Modified Bluff Standard	top of those bluff areas. Further, we are very disappointed that minimum setback criteria were removed from the revised bluff standard. We strongly encourage a minimum setback for structures and stormwater features in this overlay. There will undoubtedly be cases where land might be found suitable for development now, but with the high erodibility of steep slopes and the natural meander patterns of rivers and streams, that "suitable" land could turn "unsuitable" very quickly. The cities of Eden Prairie and Bloomington have seen first-hand how much land can be lost in a single year of intense rainfall.	Over the next 3–5 years, the District will evaluate its sta outcome of those assessments will determine the next
Minnesota Department of Natural Resources	Modified Bluff Standard	Structure setbacks that provide a margin of error for future conditions are a reasonable and important protection. The land does not become unusable, it simply restricts the placement of structures. We strongly feel that resources and infrastructure will suffer by completely removing setbacks. Perhaps the District could run a few scenarios by a certified engineer to determine whether a structure setback would influence their determination of "suitability". Or perhaps the District could incorporate some "consideration of setback" in the required suitability analysis. As written, we feel that the suitability determination is too open to interpretation.	The proposed standard provides steep slopes and wate the next 3–5 years, the District will evaluate its standar outcome of those assessments will determine the next
Minnesota Department of Natural Resources	Modified Bluff Standard	We do want to commend the District for the continuing work on protective standards that did not previously exist in the District's Plan. We are especially appreciative of the extra protections proposed for fens and trout streams through the High Value Resource Area overlay, as outlined in Appendix K. The importance of these special resources has been noted in statute and we are glad to see that the District has recognized this.	Noted. Thank you for your continued partnership and s
Minnesota Department of Transportation	Page 15 and 27	Page 15, lines 32 and 33, sets the threshold for development, redevelopment and drainage alterations at 10,000 square feet for High Value Resource Areas. This includes linear projects. This threshold is very small. For linear projects, MnDOT requests that this threshold be 1 acre. We would have the same comment on Page 27, lines 27-29.	The preservation and protection of the High Value Reso proposed within the High Value Resource Areas Overla
Minnesota Department of Transportation	Page 17, Section 4.5	Page 17, Section 4.5, specifies the enforcement of the rules through the LGUs. Mn DOT does not obtain permits from LG Us. Mn DOT will work with the watershed district to ensure our projects conform to the district's standards.	The preservation and protection of the high value reson proposed within the High Value Resource Areas Overla
Minnesota Department of Transportation	Page 27	Page 27, lines 10 and 11, states no project will have a net increase from existing conditions in total phosphorus and total suspended solids to receiving water. This may not always be possible. Infiltration is not always possible to install. Nor is it possible to infiltrate all rain events. High intensity storms will overwhelm these systems.	Noted. Section 4.5 will be revised to address the Distric projects within unincorporated areas, like Fort Snelling
Minnesota Department of Transportation	Page 27, Section 8.3.2.2	Page 27, Section 8.3.2.2, adopts the MIDs goals for High Value Resource Areas into the watershed district standards. It will be very difficult to meet the standards specified for linear projects under item 3. MnDOT requests that the threshold be 1 acre and the 1-inch of runoff.	Infiltration, although effective, is not the only best mar addressing nutrient and sediment removal from storm impossible or undesirable because of site conditions, fi
Minnesota Department of Transportation	Page 28	Page 28, lines 28-30, require a net decrease in total phosphorus and total suspended solids from predevelopment conditions. Predevelopment conditions are hard to establish. We ask that this standard be set for High Value Resource Areas to existing conditions. These conditions can be more accurately measured. Noted. The District has modified conditions, as requested.	
Minnesota Department of Transportation	Modified Bluff Standard	Can a sentence be added to page 4 of the Bluff and Steep Slope Standard under the Standard section, part B that <u>lined</u> storm water ponds approved by a licensed engineer in the State of MN are acceptable within the Bluff and Steep Slopes Overlay District.	

Standard will henceforth be called the Steep Slopes
ter resource protections desired by the District. Over lards through resource health assessments. The xt phase of resource protection standards.
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ater resource protections desired by the District. Over ards through resource health assessments. The xt phase of resource protection standards.
d support.
esources necessitate the threshold(s) set for projects lay District.
sources necessitate the threshold(s) set for projects lay District.
rict's regulatory oversight on MnDOT projects and ng.
anagement practice available to project proposers for
mwater. For the volume requirement, if infiltration is filtration may be acceptable.
say "existing" instead of "predevelopment"
the proposed standard on a case-by-case basis.

Commenting entity/resident	Section and page number	Comment	Response
United States Department of the Interior, US Fish and	Modified Bluff Standard	We believe the District did a thorough job of identifying areas that are in need of protection, and we support	The proposed standard provid
Wildlife Service (USFWS), Minnesota Valley National Wildlife		the direction of the District. However, we do not feel the Revised Standard is going to provide the same	protections desired by the Dis
Refuge (Refuge)		resource protection as the initial draft Bluff Standard.	
United States Department of the Interior, US Fish and	Modified Bluff Standard	We are concerned that Structure Setback criteria was not included in the Revised Standard. Due to the high	The proposed standard provid
Wildlife Service (USFWS), Minnesota Valley National Wildlife		erodibility of the bluff and steep slopes, we feel a Structure Setback is necessary for resource protection. We	protections desired by the Dis
Refuge (Refuge)		believe a Structure Setback could allow smaller land uses, but still restrict the placement of larger structures.	evaluate its standards through
		We suggest the District consider returning the Structure Setback to the Standard, to maintain important	of those assessments will dete
		protection of the bluff and steep slopes within the District.	standards.
United States Department of the Interior, US Fish and	Modified Bluff Standard	We are also concerned about the change from the original proposed Standard to the Revised Standard that	The proposed standard provid
Wildlife Service (USFWS), Minnesota Valley National Wildlife		allows an engineer to determine suitability of a site to land disturbance activities at their discretion. We agree	protections desired by the Dis
Refuge (Refuge)		that having an engineer certify the suitability of the project is a step in the right direction. However, we believe	
		the determination should be provided by a certified Civil Engineer and that guidelines are added that could help	implement. The District believ
		strengthen this approach. We suggest laying out size and volume triggers so that small residential projects (i.e.	both necessary and reasonabl
		fire pits) would be exempt activities, but that larger projects should be required to submit plans, certified by a	
		Civil Engineer.	
United States Department of the Interior, US Fish and	Modified Bluff Standard	We recommend that the District maintain the ability to have input and review the submitted plans.	Thank you for your continued
Wildlife Service (USFWS), Minnesota Valley National Wildlife			
Refuge (Refuge)			
United States Department of the Interior, US Fish and	Modified Bluff Standard	We also suggest that the District implement a way to track the success of the Standard. Perhaps there should be	Over the next 3–5 years, the D
Wildlife Service (USFWS), Minnesota Valley National Wildlife		a period after which an assessment may be made to see if the Standard is working as intended.	resource health assessments.
Refuge (Refuge)			determine the next phase of r
United States Department of the Interior, US Fish and	Modified Bluff Standard	Again, the Refuge supports the efforts of the District to protect bluffs and steep slopes. We are hopeful that you	Noted. Thank you for your par
Wildlife Service (USFWS), Minnesota Valley National Wildlife		will consider our suggestions.	
Refuge (Refuge)			
	-   [		

ovides steep slopes and water resource District.

ovides steep slopes and water resource District. Over the next 3–5 years, the District will hugh resource health assessments. The outcome determine the next phase of resource protection

ovides the steep slopes and water resources District, taking into account the District's I of effort required by the municipalities to lieves the triggers in the modified standard are hable.

ued partnership and support.

ne District will evaluate its standards through its. The outcome of those assessments will of resource protection standards.

partnership and continued support.

Commenting entity/resident	Section and page number	Comment	Response	
City of Bloomington	Draft State of Need and Reasonableness (SONAR)	To assist with the review of Appendix K that was included with the Draft SONAR please highlight the changes from what was previously proposed in July, 2017.	Because Appendix K is completely new with this amendme underline changes was confusing and unnecessary, per dis Resources (BWSR). Thus, a summary of the changes was p the changes.	
City of Bloomington	Draft State of Need and Reasonableness (SONAR)	Within the Draft SONAR Figure L2 5 of 5 illustrates a proposed High Value Resource Area over an unnamed creek in Hennepin County, commonly referred to as "Ikes Creek". In 2016 and 2017 the City worked with representatives from the MnDNR regarding a proposed designation of the stream as a trout stream. In the end the DNR decided not to pursue a trout designation based on the following:* Adequate evidence of suitable conditions in this stream for trout based on water temperature monitoring, dissolved oxygen levels, and the presence of a self-sustaining brook trout population.* A trout designation would not materially add to the protections for this stream.*Impacts on trout as a result of groundwater appropriation permitting decisions are already being accounted for. The City of Bloomington recognizes the uniqueness of this area and has multiple protections already in place. The most significant of which is that there are no storm sewer inlets to the creek and no increase of runoff may be directed to the creek. The city already has infiltration requirements for developments based on the MPCA NPDES construction and MS4 permit requirements. The City requests the District remove the HVRA for the "Ikes Creek" area for the same reasons the DNR decided not to pursue a trout designation.	We understand that one of the reasons the DNR conclude materially add to the protections for this stream" was its of City's protections, the LMRWD would also apply its storm standards in the area. Designation of Ike's Creek as a high protection, and, if the City's protections are as you describ Ike's Creek HVRA would likely not significantly increase rea would serve as a basis and justification for technical and f occurs within and adjacent to the HVRA.	
City of Bloomington	Modified Bluff Standard	The modified Bluff and Steep Slope Standard contains definitions for both a Bluff and a Steep Slope. This causes confusion as a Bluff can also be considered a steep slope. If the District's intent is to manage Steep Slopes and Bluff areas in the same manner the District should consider removing the Bluff definition and simply having a Steep Slope Standard.	The Bluff Standard has been modified. It will be called the references bluffs.	
City of Bloomington	Modified Bluff Standard	Figure 1: Bluff, Bluff Impact Zone, and Steep Slope Diagram illustrates a Bluff Impact Zone (BIZ) that extends 20 feet beyond the top of the bluff/steep slope and 20 feet beyond the bottom of the bluff/steep slope. However there is no mention of the BIZ in the remaining portions of the modified Bluff and Steep Slope Standard. It is unclear if the BIZ applies to the modified standard or if disturbance is prohibited or allowed within the BIZ.	The Bluff Standard has been modified. It will be called the longer require setbacks. Figure 1 will be modified to reflect	
City of Bloomington	Modified Bluff Standard	If it is the District's intent to manage individual properties based on the maps provided in Figure K1 there needs to be significantly more detail provided. The scale at which the maps are created does not provide enough detail to make decisions about whether a parcel is included or not in the proposed Bluff and Steep Slope Overlay District.	Figure K1 provides an overview of the Steep Slopes Overla be included in the Plan.	
City of Bloomington	Modified Bluff Standard	Under the regulated activities the District proposes to regulate any activities requiring municipal permits that result in a net increase in impervious surface or stormwater runoff within the Bluff and Steep Slope Overlay District. Under this proposed regulation there are many relatively small projects such as widening a driveway by a few feet or the construction of a small shed or patio which would require a municipal permit, but having these small projects certified by an engineer would make these projects cost prohibitive. The City requests the District remove the regulated activity for projects under the 5,000 sq. ft. or 50 cu. yd. threshold and allow municipalities the needed flexibility to regulate these small projects on a case by case basis in order to protect the bluff/steep slope areas.		
City of Bloomington	Modified Bluff Standard	City staff will be requesting another meeting with District staff to discuss additional concerns and how the City's existing official controls meet or do not meet the District's intent. The City will prepare a proposal or items for discussion for District staff to review at the time the request for a meeting is made.	Noted. Please contact the District's administrator to scheo April.	
City of Bloomington	8. Appendix K; Page 17- Enforcement	Indemnification. The proposed standards are likely to trigger legal challenges from impacted landowners. The burden of defending against those challenges should fall on the District and not on individual cities that in many cases may not agree with the standards they are required to enforce. Any shifting of the burden to cities to enforce and legally defend the standards must come with a corresponding indemnification for cities from the District.	There is no shifting of burdens being imposed by the water local government to adopt official controls necessary to b use in line with watershed district plan standards is impose Section 103B.235, subd. 1. It is the local government's oblig and to defend those controls. Local government purchase Additionally, the standards, specifically the Steep Slopes S are no longer restrictive. Rather, these standards are permise engineering review to ensure the proposed activity can be the property.	

ment to the Plan, maintaining the				
discussions with Board of Water and Soil				
s placed at front of the appendix noting				
ded that "A trout designation would not				
ts understanding that, in addition to the				
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mwater, sediment control, and other				
gh value resource complements the City's				
cribe, the standards proposed with the				
requirements. Rather, such a designation				
d financial assistance as development				
he Steep Slopes Standard and no longer				
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he Steep Slopes Standard and will no				
lect the revised standard.				
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Commenting entity/resident	Section and page number	Comment	Response
Enforcement to e: b: sł		Unfunded Mandate. As proposed, the District requires all review and enforcement of the proposed standards to be performed by cities. Such enforcement will place new financial burdens on cities and on landowners, especially to process the many variance requests the standards will likely trigger on an ongoing, going forward basis. If standards are adopted over the objections of locally elected officials, city staff, and landowners, it should be incumbent upon the District to develop a permitting program and assume the responsibility of reviewing and enforcing its proposed Standards.	The watershed district is not imposing an unfunded mand- obligations and associated costs of local government are a no authority for the watershed district to adopt a permitti under limited circumstances that are not currently presen- recent modification of the proposed standards, there is no the Steep Slopes Standard is permissive and only requires zoning standard for which a variance would be required. C current City practices for review of land use applications.
City of Bloomington	Appendis K, Definition	Spell out HVRA prior to using the acronym.	Appendix K will be updated as requested.
City of Bloomington	Appendix K, Page 11; line 9 - Figure 1	Figure 1 indicates that the structure setback ranges from 40-100 feet. The City of Bloomington understands the proposed setback is 40 from top of bluff. Therefore the setback range of 40-100 feet indicated in Figure 1 is confusing and should be removed.	The Bluff Standard has been modified. It will be called the longer require setbacks. Figure 1 will be modified to reflect
City of Bloomington	Appendix K, Page 17 - Variances	Avoid Variances Where Possible. District staff has offered the variance process as a mechanism for landowners to find relief from the proposed standards. However, the variance process is expensive and time consuming for landowners and for the cities or watershed districts that must process those variances. The City of Bloomington requests that the District review the many scenarios that may result in variances that could be supported and then revise the proposed standards to allow those certain common circumstances that would not require a variance, and thereby reduce the number of variances that would be requested by land owners.	The District will review comments from residents and moo themes.
City of Bloomington	Appendix K, Page 17 - Variances	Strict Variance Findings. The District proposes using an "undue hardship' variance findings that will result in little practical ability to issue variances. AS proposed, a variance cannot be issued if the property in question can be put to a reasonable use without the variance. In 2011, following the Krummenacher case, the Minnesota State Legislature amended the required variance findings for city-issued variances to replace the "undue hardship" test with the "practical difficulty" test. Many Minnesota cities, including Bloomington, amended their respective City Codes to conform to this standard. Bloomington requests that the District revise the required variance findings set forth in State law and city codes. Conflicting legal standards will cause confusion and increase the potential for lawsuits.	The Board intends to revise the variance provisions contain draft plan amendment. The language will be changed to for be consistent with existing municipal variance standards. T governments to issue variances pursuant to the variance p its existing official controls. The Board may require some a considering such variances to ensure the intent of the prop
City of Bloomington	Appendix K; Page 11, lines 13-15 - Definition of Structure	The proposed bluff standards require all structures to be set back a minimum of 40 feet from the top of bluff. The proposed District definition of "structure" is too expansive. As written, it would include many "manufactured" items "normally positioned on land," such as dog houses, tents, fire pits, and rain barrels. Arguably it includes such common household features as folding chairs and garden hoses. The City of Bloomington requests the District revise the definition of structure to be more specific and also to include only significant features such as large buildings.	The Bluff Standard has been modified. It will be called the longer incorporate structures or a structure setback.
City of Bloomington	Appendix K; Page 11; line 16	Remove "or" from Subsurface Sewage Treatment System (SSTS)	Revised as requested.
City of Bloomington	Appendix K; Page 11; lines 1-12 - Definition of Bluff	The District is proposing to significantly expand the area considered as a bluff to include areas that are well away from the Minnesota River bluff and away from any shoreline areas completely. Most bluff areas border a river, beach, or other shoreline area; in fact a bluff line often defines the outer limits of a river's floodplain or is synonymous with other terms such as valley wall. Under the proposed definition the District is actuallhy creating a steep slope standard across all areas of the District rather than a bluff standard. The City of Bloomington requests the District revise its bluff definition to be more consistent with the State definition that requires part or all of the feature to be located in a shoreland area.	The Bluff Standard has been modified. It will be called the slopes greater than or equal to 18 percent. References to l
City of Bloomington	Appendix K; Page 18-Bluff Standard	a) Predominantly developed bluff. Unlike some areas within the District's jurisdiction, Bloomington's bluff land is predominantly developed. Under the proposed definition of structure there are over 1,000 existing structures in Bloomington on over 650 parcels that are impacted by the proposed regulations. Bluffside development issues in Bloomington relate less to new subdivisions and more to smaller property improvements that are customarily incidental to existing homes and reasonable home improvement projects. In numerous cases, the proposed standards will prohibit decks, patios, sheds and additions that would today be allowed and that the City views as fully reasonable, even in a bluffside context. While well intentioned, the proposed District standards do not adequately recognize and protect the property rights of landowners.	longer incorporate structures or a structure setback.

Commenting entity/resident	Section and page number	Comment	Response
City of Bloomington	Appendix K; Page 18-Bluff Standard	Lack of Comparative Information. The District is proposing to significantly change the definition of "bluff". Among other changes, the slope threshold to qualify as a bluff has been reduced from 30% to 18%. While the District has provided a map of the area that meets the 18% definition, it has not provided a map of the area that meets the 30% definition. We believe the proposed 18% threshold significantly expands the reach of the standards, but without a map of the previous "bluff", we have no way to verify or to quantify the impact. Bloomington requests that the District prepare a map of the "bluff" using the current 30% definition, post it on their website and provide a shapefile to cities. Please also provide a combined comparison graphic that visually the depicts the two "bluff" designations overlaid on one another along with metadata that compares the impacted area by acre in each community for the existing and proposed standard.	Comparative maps showing the existing 30 percent and pr provided to the LGUs and the information posted on the D
City of Bloomington	Appendix K; Page 18-Bluff Standard	Need for Exemptions. As discussed in a recent meeting between City and District staff, much of Bloomington should be exempt from the proposed bluff standards due to either the success of existing standards or the nature of steep slope areas far away from the river bluff. Full discussion of any exemptions should occur prior to adoption of the standards.	As discussed in the February and March 2017 Technical Ad subsequent meetings with cities, the District recognizes th implementing programs that necessitate varying approach effectively evaluate the City's request for exemption, the D documentation for all official controls that propose to dev
City of Bloomington	Appendix K; Page 18-Bluff Standard	No Review for small structures. The City of Bloomington does not require permits or plan review for small structures such as patios or retaining walls under 4 feet as long as the disturbance is less than 5,000 square feet or 50 cubic yards of material. The City of Bloomington requests the District revise the definition of structure to include only significant features such as significant features such as large buildings.	The Bluff Standard has been modified. It will be called the longer incorporate structures or a structure setback.
City of Bloomington	Appendix K; Page 18-Bluff Standard	Standards Must Better Respect Property Rights. The City of Bloomington has adopted several standards over the years that protect the bluff while presenting less negative impacts on the property rights of landowners. These standards include bluff overlay zoning districts, limitations on grading and tree removal, prohibitions on increasing over the bluff water discharge, and reducing impervious surface allowances as slopes increase. Our experience is that the City's standards have been effective while allowing landowners reasonable opportunities to use and improve homes that often predated the standards. Bloomington requests that the District adopt standards similar to Bloomington's to apply in developed communities and consider stricterstandards only in communities that are largely yet to be developed and therefore better able to be flexible in meeting the standards while not negatively impacting existing property rights.	The District recognizes that there are different ways of imp varying approaches to the standards presented. To effective request for exemption, the District requests equivalency/ a controls that propose to deviate from the standards present Appendix K, and especially the Steep Slopes Standard, there nonconforming uses or structures as a result of the standards required from other portions of the standards, such action variance processes adopted by the City.
City of Bloomington	Appendix K; Page 18-Bluff Standard	Survey Requirement Onerous. The proposed bluffstandards require a topographic survey for "any land disturbing activity, vegetation removal, development or redevelopment" of land in a bluff overlay district (Appendix K, Page 19). Such a survey will be expensive for the landowner and will be time consuming to obtain. The City of Bloomington requests that the District reevaluate where and for what activities a Survey is truly needed and revise the Survey requirements to reduce the financial impact on landowners to a reasonable and necessary level.	The Bluff Standard has been modified. It will be called the requires a survey.
City of Bloomington	Appendix K; Page 18-Bluff Standard	Vegetation Management. The proposed bluff standard prohibits removal of vegetation within the Bluff impact Zone (BIZ). In Bloomington there are many cases where the BIZ incorporates entire private parcels and the standard has no exceptions for landowners to manage vegetation and landscaping. Arguably a landowner would be in violation of the standard by replacing existing turfgrass or ornamental shrubbery around their house. The City of Bloomington requests the District reconsider the impact of the proposed bluff standard and revise the standards to provide landowners a reasonable ability to manage vegetation.	vegetation or the selective clearing of noxious, exotic, or ir trees or vegetation that are dead, diseased, or pose a publ exceptions will be included: maintenance of existing lawns
City of Bloomington	Appendix K; Page 26; Line 22- Stormwater Management Standard	The regulated activity indicates that it includes roads. It is unclear whether this means mean linear projects is a trail a road? The City of Bloomington requests the District define what is considered a road.	The regulated activity has been modified to say, "linear properties are defined in Section 3.

proposed 18 percent standards	were
e District's website.	

Advisory Commission meetings and that there are different ways of aches to the standards presented. To District requests equivalency/adequacy deviate from the standards presented.

he Steep Slopes Standard and will no

implementing programs that necessitate ctively evaluate the City of Bloomington's y/ adequacy documentation for all official esented. With the current modification of there is no longer an issue of creating ndard. To the extent variances are tions may occur according to existing

he Steep Slopes Standard and no longer

n: Plantings that enhance the natural or invasive vegetation or the pruning of ublic hazard. The following additional vns, landscaping, and gardens; removal ntenance for public facilities; and

projects" instead of "roads." Linear

Commenting entity/resident	Section and page number	Comment	Response
City of Bloomington	Appendix K; Page 33; Lines 8-10-	In Bloomington the majority of bluff properties have been connected to sewer and water service. Many of the	Appendix K, Section 10.3.1 b will be removed.
	Water Appropriations Standard	properties that remain are limited by various constraints preventing a connection to the municipal System	
		without significant infrastructure investment or a desire for redevelopment. This requirement seems	
		duplicative to the existing Minnesota Rule. The City of Bloomington requests the District delete this	
		requirement in deference to the existing Minnesota Rule and the City's Wellhead Protection Plan that was	
		approved in 2014 that already adequately addresses this.	
City of Bloomington	Appendix K; Page 33; Lines 8-10-	Legally nonconforming parcels. The proposed Standards will create hundreds of legally nonconforming lots.	This portion of the standards applies to water appropriatic
	Water Appropriations Standard	The City requests that District revise its proposed rules to address the certain typical, regular landowner	nonconformities because it is not applying a land use stand
	(Legally Non-conforming parcels)	activities would not increase the non-conformity or otherwise expressly grant such authority to cities to	within which groundwater appropriation, which is already
		address in their official controls.	property right, is further regulated to protect recognized v
City of Bloomington	General Comment		The City's request was presented to the Board of Manager
		providing notice. However given the significant impact, particularly with the proposed Bluff Standards, the	seeks a level of notice well in excess of statutory requirement
		City believes the District should have also mailed notice to landowners regarding the proposed significant	Nevertheless, continuation of the public hearing was consi
		changes. Instead, the City of Bloomington, at its great expense, provided the mailed notice that the District	public hearing opened on October 25, 2017 and will close
		should have done. The City of Bloomington requests the District provide full mailed notice, with sufficient	coordinated four community informational meetings at va
		time to review the standards and provide written comment, to all impacted landowners within the watershed	(including Bloomington), posted logistics about the meetin
		district for these amendments and for any future amendments.	emailed information to all with email addresses in the Dist
City of Bloomington	General Comment	More Time Needed for Review. Given that the District did not provide mailed notice to landowners, and that	Landowners and other interested stakeholders can provide
			public hearing. A continuation of the public hearing was co
		few cities, impacted landowners have not had sufficient time to review and understand the proposed	The public hearing opened on October 25, 2017 and will c
		standards. The City of Bloomington requests that the District provide impacted landowners with 60 days to	coordinated four community informational meetings at va
		review and comment on the proposed standards after the receipt of a mailed notice and also post	(including Bloomington), posted logistics about the meetin
		information on existing and proposed standards on the District website.	emailed information to all with email addresses in the Dist
City of Bloomington	General Comment	The City commends the District in identifying the High Resources Value Areas within the District and working	Noted. Thank you for your continued partnership and supp
		to protect their unique value to the District, the surrounding communities, and the State. The City shares	
		those interests and generally supports the District in its efforts to work with LG Us to manage and protect the	
		Minnesota River, lakes, streams, wetlands, and groundwater. With great success, Bloomington has adopted	
		multiple official controls over the years to protect the river and the bluff, while balancing environmental	
		protection with property rights.	
City of Bloomington -	Appendix K: Draft Standards	The Sustainability Commission recommends revising "Predevelopment Condition" definition to land use on a	Noted. The District has modified the requirement to say "e
Sustainability Commission	(definitions)	site that existed prior to addition of any impervious surface (rather than exists immediately prior to a	conditions, as requested.
City of Bloomington -	2.2.4 Issue 4 2.2.4.1 Flooding	proposed alteration) for redevelopment sites. The Sustainability Commission recommends adding a section to the plan about climate change. Beyond the	2.2.4 Issue 4 2.2.4.1 Flooding will be modified as suggested
Sustainability Commission		factors mentioned that lead to increased local and regional flooding, climate change is another. The District	flooding, and slope failures.
		could address the impact of climate change and extreme weather events and erosion on the Minnesota River	
		and the District in this section and discuss the adaptation strategies that will be necessary for the future.	
City of Bloomington -	2.2.7.3 Financing	In this section, it mentions that a resolution was introduced in 2010, but it does not say what the outcome	2.2.7.3 Financing will be updated to reflect the introduced
Sustainability Commission		was from passing the resolution. It would be helpful to add a sentence saying if anything has happened since	legislative activities.
-		2010 and the passing of this resolution.	
City of Bloomington -	2.4.8 Issue 8- Public Education	The Commission further recommends engaging local youth through public education endeavors.	The District will continue to solicit volunteers from youth g
Sustainability Commission	and Outreach	The Custoin shills, Commission appendix to the District consider a state that the Martin Martin	engage them in water resource management activities.
City of Bloomington -	2.4.8 Issue 8- Public Education	The Sustainability Commission recommends that the District consider participating in the Master Water	The District has funded Master Stewards and other educat
Sustainability Commission	and Outreach	Stewards program and expanding local programming to expand educational reach.	will be updated to reflect the District's current and planne
City of Bloomington -	2.4.8 Issue 8- Public Education	The Sustainability Commission recommends that the District consider updating its website if it is going to be	The District has a new website and web address: www.low
Sustainability Commission	and Outreach	the primary outreach tool.	The District constant of the last state
City of Bloomington -	4.1 Administrative and	The Sustainability Commission recommends assessing current staffing levels to determine if current levels are	The District assessed current staffing levels to achieve goal
Sustainability Commission	Managerial	able to achieve the goals of the plan and, if not, include a description and budget of what will need to be done to remediate.	estimates accordingly.
City of Bloomington -	6.2 Annual Reporting	Financial and Audit reports are not done until the close of the fiscal year. Please clarify: "within 120 days	The section will be modified to reflect the updated information
Sustainability Commission		before the fiscal year."	Rules 8410.0150: within 120 days of the end of the calend
			activity/annual report for the previous calendar year.

ations only. It does not create
andard. Rather, it is designating an area
ady subject to regulation and is not a d valuable resources.
gers for consideration. The City's request
ements even for watershed district rules. Insidered and granted by the Board. The
ose on April 18, 2018. The District
t various locations throughout the District
etings on the District's website, and District's system.
vide comments up to the closed the
s considered and granted by the Board. Il close on April 18, 2018. The District
t various locations throughout the District
etings on the District's website, and
District's system.
upport.
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y "existing" instead of "predevelopment"
sted to include the 2014 sustained rain,
ced resolution outcome and subsequent
th groups and programs as a means to
cation and outreach programs. Goal 3.9 ned education and outreach activities.
meu euucation anu outreach activities.
lowermnriverwd.org.
oals of the plan and compiled activity
rmation in Minnesota Administrative
endar year, submit to the Board an

Commenting entity/resident	Section and page number	Comment	Response
City of Bloomington -	Administration: 6.1.1 Major	After the first 60 day review/comment period for Agencies and others	The initial 60-day review is followed by the 90-day comme
Sustainability Commission	Amendments to the Plan	has passed and received comments have been addressed, is another 90 day comment period for the public	with the 90-day review is referenced in Section 6.1.1, pag
		and Agencies to review the drafted Plan Amendment required?	Subparts 7, 9, and 11).
City of Bloomington -	Appendix K: Draft Standards	The Sustainability Commission recommends including/incorporating "Springshed Mapping" collaboration with	The inclusion of springshed mapping will be considered de
Sustainability Commission	Section 4 – Implementation	DNR and others to expedite, and revise as needed, Springshed Maps for the District's streams (including	Management project, which is slated for 2020 and 2021.
	Program, within "Studies &	intermittent/perennial streams and designated and undesignated trout streams).	
	Programs Budget Total"		
City of Bloomington -	Executive Summary	The Executive Summary succinctly states the purpose of the Plan "to protect, preserve, and manage the	Noted.
Sustainability Commission		surface water resources (Minnesota River, lakes, streams and wetlands) and groundwater within the District."	
		It summarizes the Plan Organization, the Watershed Issues and Management Framework identified in the	
		stakeholder process, the Watershed District's Purpose, Goals, Implementation Plan and Capital Improvement	
		Projects as well as the short- and long-term metrics for measuring the 9 Goals. Since the Lower Minnesota	
		Watershed District depends on the Counties and Municipalities to address land use decisions and impacts, the	
		Summary indicates that the "Plan includes management standards and procedures for addressing surface	
		water, wetland and groundwater issues, as well as navigation issues along the Minnesota River." This	
		strengthens the District's ability to make resource preservation a higher priority and addresses this concern	
		raised by the TAC in the 2011 planning process.	
City of Bloomington -	General Comment	The Sustainability Commission commends District staff, the Board of Managers, the Technical Advisory	Noted. Thank you for your support.
Sustainability Commission		Committee, plan writers, reviewers, the public and others that have played a role in the drafting of the plan.	
		The plan addresses many issues relating to our shared water resources and our environment. The	
		Sustainability Commission looks forward to working with you on many of these issues.	
City of Bloomington -	Goal 2. Surface Water	The Sustainability Commission recommends creating a prioritization process for comparing and evaluating	The Strategic Resource Evaluation (SRE) includes a prioriti
Sustainability Commission	Management Strategy 1.3.1	various strategic resources/programs for meeting water quality goals under the Strategic Resource Evaluation.	the District's website.
City of Bloomington -	Goal 3. Groundwater	Strategies 3.1.1, 3.2.1, 3.2.2, 3.3.1, and 3.3.2 are beneficial for protecting groundwater and developing	Noted.
Sustainability Commission	Management (Strategies 3.1.1,	regional models to yield better information on groundwater quantity and quality. This goal implementation	
	3.2.1, 3.2.2, 3.3.1, and 3.3.2)	has the potential to build on and leverage Carver County's Groundwater Conservation Plan management and	
		groundwater management within other counties, cities and water management organizations. That portion of	
		Bloomington's drinking water will benefit from efforts to protect the source aquifer.	
City of Bloomington -	Goal 5. Wetland Management &	The Sustainability Commission recommends that the District or others consider facilitating the FQA of each of	The District is working with the DNR on a comprehensive
Sustainability Commission	Strategy 1.3.1: Provide strategic	the fens for vegetation-based ecological assessments by hiring University interns or others with relevant	completion of ecological assessments by the DNR Minnes
	resource evaluation and	qualifications to identify issues, develop consistent baseline vegetation data, and prioritize next steps to	
	management	address fen and wetland degradation.	
City of Bloomington -	Page I-2, Section I1. History	General comment/please clarify: It is stated that LMRWD was the second WD formed in the state in 1960.	The District petitioned and was supposed to be the first w
Sustainability Commission		Wasn't the Nine Mile Creek Watershed District the second watershed district formed, in 1959?	because of the 9-foot channel local sponsor need, the Dist
			Water and Soil Resources notes, the District was the third
			Coon Creek and Nine Mile Creek watershed districts.
City of Bloomington -	Page I-4, Section I1: District		The District had an active citizen advisory commission (CA
Sustainability Commission	Management	the plan it says the District has a CAC. State law says that a watershed district must have a CAC. The	in 2010 and 2011. Since then, the CAC dissolved, and the
		Sustainability Commission recommends adding a statement in the executive summary or elsewhere further	to restart the CAC.
		describing the history of the make-up of the CAC and whether members of the community have been asked to	
		participate.	
City of Bloomington -	Section 1 – Land and Water	The Sustainability Commission recommends including all "Trout Waters" in District mapping inventory and	The updates to Section 1 requested will be addressed as p
Sustainability Commission	Resources Inventory	protection efforts (whether designated or undesignated by DNR).	project slated for 2020 and 2021.
		- "Trout waters" (as defined in Appendix K): Trout lakes or streams that support a population of stocked or	
		naturally produced trout	
		- include "Ike's Creek" as a "Trout water"	
		-If needed, include sub-categories/definitions for "Trout stream, MnDNR designated" and "Trout stream,	
		undesignated by DNR (but capable of supporting trout)"	1

ment period. The information associated age 6-2 (Minnesota Statute 103B.231,				
during the District's Corridor L				
itization process. The SRE is posted on				
e fen stewardship plan that includes esota Biological Survey team.				
watershed district formed. However, District was formed later. As the Board of				
rd to be formed in March 1960, behind				
CAC) during the development of the Plan e District continues to solicit volunteers				
s part of District's Corridor Management				

Commenting entity/resident	Section and page number	Comment	Response
City of Bloomington -	Section 2- Issues and Problems	The Sustainability Commission recommends adding an Invasive Species section to the plan. Although invasive	As suggested, a section on invasive species will be include
Sustainability Commission	Assessments	plants are mentioned in the fen protection sections, there is very little information on the effects that invasive species (plants, animals, and other organisms) can have on water quality, fish and wildlife habitat, and water recreation. Terrestrial invasive plants are especially important to consider when discussing bluff land quality and erosion issues. Aquatic invasive species are also important when considering the District's boundaries. The District could play an important role in addressing these effects through its cost share program, ecological	
		restoration, education and outreach, and other programs and initiatives.	
City of Bloomington - Sustainability Commission	Section 3- Goals, Policies, Management Strategies	The Plan sets forth a proactive role for the District in evaluating Local Water Management Plans for consistency with the District's goals and the District's Watershed Standards as well as a strong partnership role working collaboratively with local government units to identify projects and studies that will meet District goals. Since Bloomington is required to meet non-degradation requirements, this collaborative program will positively support Bloomington's ability to partner on projects that will reduce its storm water volume as part of the NPDES MS4 permit requirements and develop water reuse and other volume reduction practices. Allowing Bloomington to recommend projects gives the City the ability to advance high priority projects that meet City and District goals.	The District values its partnership with the LGUs and solici
City of Bloomington - Sustainability Commission	Strategies 2.3.1, 2.3.2, and 2.3.4	The Sustainability Commission recommends setting annual evaluation targets to interpret the year's data into information fact sheets. Evaluations done on 3 to 5 year cycles may not be adequate. Assessments of the water quality within the watershed need to be timely. This information could be used for more meaningful education and planning.	The proposed evaluation cycle of three to five years is the
City of Bloomington - Sustainability Commission	Strategy 2.2.3		Noted.
City of Bloomington - Sustainability Commission	Table E-2: Lower Minnesota River Watershed District Short-term and Long-term Metrics	The Sustainability Commission recommends adding more detail to the items listed as "Completion of scheduled activities" and "Number of targeted studies and projects completed" to indicate the targeted stakeholder or river reaches.	The detail requested for activities proposed to move each Sections 3 and 4.
City of Bloomington - Sustainability Commission	Table E-2: Lower Minnesota River Watershed District Short-term and Long-term Metrics	Recognizing that Bloomington is one of several cities within the District, it would be helpful to know if the scheduled activities would be targeted toward city or county projects or the type of work or study to be done in a particular reach of the river. As written in the Executive Summary, it is difficult to determine if this Plan identifies any priority areas in Bloomington.	Sections E3.4 – Studies and Programs and Table E-1 will be study description, targeted benefit, and location.
City of Bloomington - Sustainability Commission	Table E-2: Lower Minnesota River Watershed District Short-term and Long-term Metrics; Table 3-2 in Section 3	The same would be helpful for "Number and types of projects completed as part of the Cost Share Incentive Program and Water Quality Restoration Program." Any changes should be reflected in Table 3-2 in Section 3 also.	Section E3.4 and 3 will be updated to include the District's Incentive Projects and Water Quality Restoration Projects
City of Burnsville		1. The District is taking a more active role in implementing projects that it initiates internally and inventorying projects throughout the District. The District will also be more active in looking for opportunities to partner with local government units (LGUs) to identify projects such as ravine erosion repairs that could fit within the District's cost share program. This Partnership and cooperation with LGUs is discussed in many areas of the plan, however, there are some gaps. We recommend that the plan directly reference all areas where the District intends to cooperate with the local partners.	Noted. Thank you for your continued partnership and sup
City of Burnsville		The plan should include the following definitions and provisions to address existing businesses and uses permitted by the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency in Burnsville: Fill - Fill, dredge spoils, excavation sites, salt storage, Minnesota pollution control agency authorized landfills or other similar materials deposited or stored in the floodplaain shall be protected against erosion by vegetaive cover, mulching, riprap or other acceptable method. Dredge spoil sites, sand and gravel operations, salt storage and Minnesota pollution control agency authorized landliffs shall not be allowed in the floodway unless a long tern site development plan which includes an erosion/ sedimentation prevention. Dredge spoils disposal, salt storage, Minnesota pollution control agency authorized landliffs and sand and gravel operations may allow temporay, on site storage of fill or othermaterial wchich would have caused an increase to the stage of the 100-year or regional flood , but only after the city council has received and approved an appropriate plan which assures the removal of the materials from the floodway based upon the flood warning time available.	The District will consider the recommended language.

ded. The District was recently notified River.
icits project recommendations regularly.
ne most practical.
ch strategy forward is presented in
be modified for the project; program; or
t's criteria for funding Cost Share ts.
upport.

Commenting entity/resident	Section and page number	Comment	Response
City of Burnsville	Appendix K, Section 5.2. Page 18. Regulated Activity and Threshold	Please clarify that these requirements are only applicable to land and waterbodies that are in the Bluff Impact Zone or Structure Setback from the Bluffline. To help clarify this point, it appears that somewhere in the definitions section of Appendix K, the terms Bluff Impact Zone and Bluff Overlay District need to be connected (i.e., the Bluff Overlay District is the graphical representation of the BIZ).	The Bluff Standard has been modified. It will be called the longer incorporate structures or a structure setback.
City of Burnsville	Appendix K, Page 7, Line 27. Floodplains; Appendix K, Page 15, Line 1, Definition of Floodplain, and Appendix K, Section 7, starting on Page 24	The intent of these provisions appears to specifically relate to FEMA mapped floodplains (including the Minnesota River) and not to areas that may have a local 100-year flood elevation estimated for them. However, the terms floodplain and 100-year elevation are a both used in several areas of Appendix K.	Appendix K will be amended to clarify the District's intent FEMA floodplain areas and provide definition for all the to
City of Burnsville	Appendix K. Section 4.4. Page 17. Variances	We understand that the District has had discussions with other LGUs relating to the variance process and that the District is open to allowing a Condition Use Permit process by the LGU as an alternative to a variance from the LMRWD for projects that are not able to fully meet the standards. We strongly encourage and support this approach, especially for the bluff overlay district standards.	draft plan amendment. The Board's intent is to allow loca
City of Burnsville	Appendix K: Bluff and Bluff Overlay District Standards: Secyion 3, Page 6. Bluff definition	The City previously provided comments relating to the bluff standards in a letter dated March 13, 2017 (attached). Comments shown in italic are repeated from previous comments. The definition of Bluff should be changed to the state DNR standard definition (measure the horizontal distance over 50' as opposed to 25'). DNR definition established to protect significant natural slopes as opposed to excavated and fill areas created over time by landfills, construction of levees, salt and other storage piles, dredge materials etc.	The Bluff Standard has been modified. It will be called the bluffs will be removed.
City of Burnsville	Modified Bluff Standard	Please provide some examples of how LMRWD is proposing that the City implement the regulations. Concerns regarding this are: 1) If a landowner builds a swingset into a slope, there is no permit for this in the City of Burnsville and therefore no ability to administer these regulations. 2) If a property owner builds a fire pit/patio, with less than 5,000 square feet of new impervious surface, there is no permitting required for the City of Burnsville. 3) A non-structural shed does not require a permit from the City.	The District appreciates the City's concern and welcomes scenarios presented would not require action if the land-o (50 cu. yd.) triggers are not met and a City permit is not re administrator to schedule a meeting before the end of Ap
City of Burnsville	Modified Bluff Standard	The City of Burnsville does not desire to regulate these types of activities to the proposed standards of the LMRWD and does not feel that it should have to as it would be overly burdensome. We have a steep slope ordinance that we feel is adequate and wish to continue with upholding, but feel that monitoring even 1 square foot of new impervious surface into a bluff is too onerous for us to manage. Would you consider discussing what would be manageable for us to enforce as we are interested in not losing slopes to erosion similarly to the LMRWD?	The District welcomes the idea of having additional meeti standards. Please contact the District's administrator to s April.
City of Burnsville	Modified Bluff Standard	Regarding Variances vs Conditional Use Permits for activities that vary from the proposed standards: The City of Burnsville strongly recommends the LMRWD incorporate a Conditional Use Permit (CUP) process instead of, or in addition to, the proposed variance standards. Based on state statutes, a variance may be granted from the literal provisions of the ordinance in instances where their strict enforcement would cause "practical difficulties" in complying with the official control because of circumstances unique to the individual property under consideration, and to grant variances only when it is demonstrated that the variance will be in harmony with the general purposes and intent of the ordinance and the variances are consistent with the Comprehensive Plan.	an otherwise permitted use, structure, or activity. The engestablished to ensure responsible, safe, and sustainable uslopes. Because it is now permissive rather than restrictive

the Steep Slopes Standard and will no
ent of managing mapped and unmapped
e terms noted.
tained in Section 4.4 of Appendix K of the
ocal governments to issue variances
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pendix K for future development or
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Commenting entity/resident	Section and page number	Comment	Response
City of Burnsville	Section 2.3.2	4. Section 2.3.2. contains development standards for Public Facilities. In Burnsville the City, MnDOT, US Fish &	Appendix K does not included Section 2.3.2.
		Wildlife, Dakota County, DNR and other public entities have public infrastructure in place and planned to	
		service local and regional residents, businesses and utilities. There are rail lines located within shore and	
		perhaps bluff impact zones that will need to continue to operate, expand and be maintained. Some	
		infrastructure includes roads, bridges, sewer, water, boat launch, paved regional trails, parks, parking lots, etc.	
		Some of these facilities need to be located within shore impact zones because they provide direct access to	
		the river and facilities associated with the river.	
		The City, along with other partners plans to continue the trail system that was recently installed along Black	
		Dog Road, to the west, along the river to connect to existing and future trail systems planned by Dakota	
		County, Scott County and Metropolitan Council. This trail system also will connect to state trail systems to	
		Fort Snelling and beyond. The trails need to meet ADA requirements and there will also be trailheads, rest	
		areas, bathroom and other facilities for the people using the trail system. We do not want to eliminate the	
		ability to provide resources that have been planned for many years.	
City of Burnsville	Section 4.3.2. Page 4-16.	Some examples include: e) Consult with LGUs prior to initiating work.	Information regarding coordination with LGUs during pro
	Geomorphic Assessment		3.2, Strategy 1.1.1.
City of Burnsville	Section 7.2, Item A and Section	Describe the requirement for compensatory storage to be created to offset fill. We recommend that the	The District will consider the recommended language, and
	7.4 Standards, Item b	requirement be to have a registered professional engineer complete a No-Rise Certification based on a	requirements will be included as well.
		hydraulic analysis of the watercourse using the official model for the watercourse, HEC-RAS or other	
		acceptable modeling software.	
City of Burnsville	Strategy 2.2.4. Page 3-30. Water		The water quality restoration program and fund were ger
	Quality Restoration Program /	before and after projects are implemented. Long term water quality trends are often based on a wide range of	description of the program, including the evaluation and
	Section 4.3.5. Page 4-16. Water	factors, well beyond the incremental improvements made through a program such as this. This statement	will be posted on the District's website.
	Resources Restoration Fund	should be modified to acknowledge that trends may not show change within the 10-year term of the plan. In	
		addition, the number of projects implemented may or may not be a true measure of effectiveness. We	
		suggest proving some additional clarity in what is measured. For example, requiring an estimated load	
		reduction for each project as part of the grant agreement would provide a quantifiable measurement of the	
		benefits of the program.	
City of Burnsville	Strategy 8.3.1. Goal 8. Page 3-41.	Some examples include: c) Add a bullet to make sure local partners/LGUs are involved as the District begins	This project is underway.
	Funding for Dredge Material	this strategic planning process.	
	Management		
City of Burnsville	Table 3-2, Page 3-10. Goal 4 Line	Some examples include: a) Table 3-2, Page 3-10. Goal 4 Line. Please add a fourth bullet to contact LGUs/local	Information regarding coordination with LGUs during pro
		partners prior to initiating work on these unique natural resources. In Burnsville, for example, the City has	3.2, Strategy 1.1.1.
		valuable knowledge and insight relating to the Black Dog Fen and has been in contact with the Department of	
		Natural Resources and Trout Unlimited regarding trout streams within the city.	
City of Burnsville	Table 3-2, Page 3-10. Goal 7 Line	Some examples include: b) Is this item intended to address only work completed by LMRWD? It seems that	The effectiveness of the projects and programs completed
		knowing and understanding what each LGU/local partner has done or has planned would be helpful to	LGU will be measured by using the short- and long-term r
		demonstrate the extent of work done in the short and long term.	if metrics are uncovered during discussions with LGU, the
City of Burnsville	Table 4-2, Page 4-8	Some examples include: d) Add LGUs as a Coordination Partner (middle column) to the following	Table 4-2, Page 4-8 will be revised as requested.
		rows/strategies: Strategy 3.1.3 (note that the document does not include this number – 3.3.1?), Strategy	
		7.1.1, and Strategies 8.2.1, 8.2.2, 8.3.1	
City of Burnsville	Table 4-3. Page 4-18 to 4-19.	Some examples include: f) Involve LGUs and add them as partners in column 3.	LGUs were added to the Boundary Assessment Project, D
	Boundary Assessment Project.		Riley Creek Projects. The other projects included LGUs.
City of Burnsville	Table 4-3. Page 4-18 to 4-19.	Some examples include: h) This seems like a good effort although considering that LGUs will have completed	Noted.
	Minnesota River Corridor	their Comprehensive Plan updates in 2018, this item should reference those local visions as a starting point.	
	Management Project		
City of Burnsville	Table 4-3. Page 4-18 to 4-19.	Some examples include: g) What is the scope of this study? Sources within the district, sources outside the	The Minnesota Pollution Control Agency leads and facilita
,	Minnesota River Sediment	district, both? If it will impact the LGUs, add them as a partner.	discussions on strategies within and outside of the Distric
	Reduction Strategy		assussions on strategies within and outside of the Distric
City of Burnsville		The District includes a statement that the DNR submitted application be submitted to the District "for	The District reviews DNR appropriations permits and prov
City of Burnsville	K, Page 33, Line 7	review." We request deletion of "for review" as it implies that the District may have some regulatory authority	
	is, rage 33, Line /	over the DNR Permit Program.	
		lover the Dive Fermit Flogram.	1



Commenting entity/resident	Section and page number	Comment	Response
City of Burnsville		3. There is a definition for "Water Quality Impact Zone" which is land within the shore impact zone or within 50 feet of the boundary of the pubic water, wetland, or natural drainage way, whichever is greater. This is a completely new district and the City requests time to further investigate the implications, site and administrative issues of application of the new zone. Also not sure the source of the regulatory authority and if there will be takings issues etc., if use of the land is further restricted.	Appendix K does not include the term Water Quality Impa
City of Burnsville		At minimum, the plan should allow local units of government to process development applications through the Conditional Use Permit process as opposed to outright prohibitions, generalized land use restrictions or variance process. A fundamental issue with the variance process is that the applicant needs to show that there is a practical difficulty associated with the development that is not created by the applicant.	Some of the justifications for the standards proposed in the steep slope/bluff standards, suggest that there should be slopes greater than 18 percent. However, the District ackr standards, once reduced to official controls, will result in a structures, and parcels. To alleviate various concerns relate intends to better articulate the continuation and, under so development of nonconforming structures, lots, and parce balance by using conditions and performance standards to flexibility to allow uses after either an application for varia process.
City of Burnsville		Burnsville has barge related businesses along the river front (US Salt) and there are several utilities including the CenterPoint Dakota Station and Xcel Black Dog Electrical Generating Plant. Waste Management operates an active landfill and the Federal EPA is involved with the old Freeway Landfill site. Burnsville works with the Kraemer Quarry for drinking water. We need to make sure that all of these facilities can continue to function in addition to future redevelopment in the Minnesota River Quadrant area. It would be helpful to identify in the standards exemptions for facilities that operate subject to the MNPCA, DNR and Public Utility Commission	The District will work with the City of Burnsville to identify exemption.
City of Burnsville		Burnsville suggests the plan be modified to allow cities to continue to enforce local shoreland management ordinances that have been approved by the MN Department of Natural Resources and floodplain ordinances approved by FEMA as opposed to creating another layer of inconsistent regulations.	The District's standard is what the City noted in a previous mapped and locally modeled elevations. This standard is r areas.
City of Burnsville		Burnsville would like to see language included in the plan indicating that the no-rise certification process satisfies the District's floodplain standard.	The District will consider the recommended language, and requirements will be included as well.
City of Burnsville		Given the severity of the implications to the City, we are requesting the LMRWD modify the Floodplain Standards to encourage, but not require, compensatory storage for all fill within the flood fringe and require a no-rise certification by a registered engineer for all floodway fill.	Although already captured in Section 7.2, A., the District v stating that compensatory storage is only required if there elevation.
City of Burnsville		In Burnsville, the City has a separate policy for evaluating variances and there are very few variances granted due to the difficulty of meeting the practical difficulty standard. The Conditional Use Permit process allows all agencies the opportunity to review and comment on the project and apply performance standards to protect natural resources and other public health, safety and welfare considerations.	The standards allow municipalities to grant variances or contrained their already-established procedures. The language in Apper clear. As it pertains to the Steep Slopes Standard, the start permissive rather than restrictive. The standard only adds for certain land uses, structures, and activities.
City of Burnsville		Please clarify if these provisions apply only to mapped FEMA flood hazard zones. If the intent is to cover areas outside the FEMA mapped floodplain, then provide a distinction between what provisions apply to FEMA mapped area and what provisions apply outside of these areas. These provisions reference a state approved floodplain management ordinance which in Burnsville addresses only the FEMA mapped floodplain areas.	This provision applies to the 100-year elevation that inclu- zones.
City of Burnsville		Several provisions indicate an activity is to be avoided "unless no alternatives exist." This is a difficult finding to administer because it does not provide for "reasonable" alternatives. We suggest instead to allow for alternatives that meet the spirit and intent of the provision through a review process such as a conditional use permit or other public process. This allows a legitimate process for alternatives to be reviewed and considered. Many of the standards can remain but should be reworded to remove the "no alternatives" language.	"Unless no alternatives exist" cannot be found in the Draf where the proposed language would be difficult to impler consideration.
City of Burnsville		The compensatory storage requirement would greatly inhibit the ability to allow for current and planned future development within the flood fringe areas of the floodplain.	See Section 7.2, A: No filling is allowed within the 100-yea 100-year flood elevation without providing compensatory than the volume of fill.

npact Zone.

n the amendments, most specifically the be a prohibition on development on icknowledges that the proposed in a number of nonconforming lots, elated to nonconformities, the District er some circumstances, the expansion or arcels. The District believes it can find a ds that will give municipalities greater ariance or through a conditional use

tify and evaluate activities/operations for

ious comment and applies to both FEMAis required to address non-FEMA mapped

and if it is included, additional

ct will include additional information ere is a rise in 100-year water surface

or conditional use permits according to Appendix K will be modified to make this standard has been modified to make it dds a requirement for engineering review

cludes the mapped FEMA flood hazard

braft Plan. Please provide specific areas blement for District review and

year floodplain that causes a rise in the ory floodplain storage equal to or greater

Commenting entity/resident	Section and page number	Comment	Response
City of Burnsville		We do not believe the City should be penalized with more restrictive standards related to floodplain,	As discussed in the February and March 2017 Technical A
		shoreland steep slopes, grading and restoration management when our current regulations and practices	subsequent meetings with cities, the District recognizes th
		work.	implementing programs that necessitate varying approach
			effectively evaluate the City's request for exemption, the
			documentation for all official controls that propose to dev
City of Burnsville		We have been successful allowing development within steep slope areas greater than 12% via requiring the	As discussed in the February and March 2017 Technical Ad
ary of Burnsvine		projects to go through the Conditional Use Permit process and meet specific performance standards of our	subsequent meetings with cities, the District recognizes the
		ordinance.	implementing programs that necessitate varying approach
			effectively evaluate the City's request for exemption, the
			documentation for all official controls that propose to dev
City of Burnsville		We understand there are issues in some areas of the watershed however, the plan should address the specific	Noted.
		issues and areas of the watershed where there have been problems related to bluff impacts, erosion of steep	
		slopes etc., and then target those areas accordingly.	
City of Burnsville		With regard to grading Burnsville suggests that the plan be modified to remove references to 50 cubic yards of	The regulatory threshold of 5,000 square feet land disturk
, -		material and instead be consistent with existing Shoreland Rules and MPCA Permitting: In shoreland areas	applies only to HVRAs. If there is a stricter requirement in
		grading involving 10 or more cubic yards of material requires a grading permit. For other areas, grading	District expects the stricter standard will be applied.
		involving 90 or more cubic yards of material requires a grading permit.	
City of Carver	Appendix K . LMRWD Draft	Page 15: A High Value Resources Area (HVRA) Overlay District is defined and shown on Figure L2. For Carver,	Noted.
-	Standards	there are no areas identified in the HVRA Overlay District, and thus HVRA should not impact Carver.	
City of Carver	Appendix K . LMRWD Draft	Pages 20+: Erosion and Sediment Control standards are defined. These are largely consistent with the NPDES	Noted.
	Standards	Construction Stormwater Permit. They require weekly and rain event ESC inspections and documentation for	
		active construction sites, and the City of Carver has these requirements included in their MS4 Permit	
		Activities.	
City of Carver	Appendix K . LMRWD Draft	Pages 24+: Floodplain standards are defined. Freeboard is set at 2' above the 100-year HWL and 1' above the	The District will consider the requested expectation.
	Standards	emergency overflow, which is consistent with City requirements. They do call for compensatory storage for	
		any fill within the floodplain, and they define floodplain as the 100-year flood elevation of any wetland, public	
		water, or subwatershed (as opposed to only FEMA floodplains). This is a problem, as it restricts the City's	
		ability to adjust its stormwater ponding system (e.g., filling two smaller ponds and replacing them with a more	
		efficient regional pond may require compensatory storage that is unnecessary). We ask for an exception for	
		facilities within a planned and approved municipal stormwater system or otherwise regulated by local	
		controls.	
City of Carver	Appendix K . LMRWD Draft	Pages 30+: Shoreline and Streambank standards generally place some requirements on the use of riprap and	Noted.
	Standards	encourage bioengineered stabilization approaches. These are generally consistent with the City's philosophy.	
City of Carver	Appendix K . LMRWD Draft	5 11 1	Noted.
	Standards	and do not have any comments.	
City of Carver	Appendix K . LMRWD Draft Standards	Pages 33+: Water Crossing standards (e.g., stream crossings) are defined. No comment since the definition is not inconsistent with City standards.	Noted.
City of Carver	Appendix K . LMRWD Draft	Pages 4,5: The LMRWD expresses the desire that LGUs continue to act as the permitting authority for their	Noted.
	Standards	rules, with the standards incorporated into LSWMPs and/or local controls.	
City of Carver	Appendix K . LMRWD Draft	Rate Control calls for no increase from existing conditions for the 1- or 2-, 10-, and 100-year, 24- hour rain	Noted.
	Standards	events using Atlas 14 rainfall. The City's current standards require the use of TP-40 rainfall depths as well as	
		requiring a parallel analysis using Atlas 14 rainfall depths. The City will be updating their LSWMP to be	
		consistent with the Atlas 14 rainfall depth requirements of the LMRWD and the Carver County Watershed	
		Management Organization (CCWMO) as part of its next plan update.	
City of Carver	Appendix K . LMRWD Draft	Temperature Controls provide requirements for areas that discharge to trout streams. For Carver, there are	Noted.
	Standards	no designated trout streams and there is no area within the City that drains directly to a trout stream, so this	
		should have minimal to no impacts.	
City of Carver	Appendix K . LMRWD Draft	Volume Control calls for retaining 1" of runoff over impervious area on site, for projects that create one or	Noted.
	Standards	more acres of new impervious. The City has adopted CCWMO's water quality standards city-wide, which is	
		currently consistent with LMRWD proposed rule.	



Commenting entity/resident	Section and page number	Comment	Response
City of Carver	Appendix K . LMRWD Draft	Water Quality calls for no net increase from existing conditions for total phosphorus (TP) and total suspended	The District recognizes that there are different ways of implementing programs, which
	Standards	solids (TSS). The City has adopted CCWMO's water quality standards city-wide. Current CCWMO standards	necessitates varying approaches to the standards presented. The District requests
		require 90% removal of both Total Phosphorus (TP) and Total Suspended Solids (TSS). CCWMO also requires	equivalency/adequacy documentation for all official controls that proposes to deviate from the
		water quality treatment of 1.0 inches of rainfall from the new impervious surfaces. This is not necessarily	standards presented.
		equivalent to LMRWD's proposed rules, and may be more restrictive based on site conditions. We recommend	
		the LMRWD allow the City to continue to follow the current water quality standards being used by the	
		CCWMO since they may be more restrictive than the LMRWD's requirements based on site conditions.	
City of Carver	Appendix K. LMRWD Draft Standards	Pages 6, 18: Bluff and Bluff Impact Zone (BIZ) are defined and shown with a diagram. The BIZ is defined as the bluff plus any land within 20'. Figure L1.2 identify bluffs in Carver, which include along Spring Creek, Carver	The Bluff Standard has been modified. It will be called the Steep Slopes Standard, and it regulates slopes greater than or equal to 18 percent. References to bluffs will be removed.
	Standards	Creek, and a portion along the Minnesota River. Bluff standards are provided and include no grading or	However, the District recognizes that there are different ways of implementing programs, which
		clearing in the BIZ and a 40' setback for structures and stormwater ponds from the top of the bluff. The City	necessitates varying approaches to the standards presented. The District requests
		of Carver has been proactive in defining and protecting bluffs in both developing as well as existing areas as	equivalency/adequacy documentation for all official controls that proposes to deviate from the
		plats and permits come in for review and approval. The City has concerns with changing the City's current	standards presented.
		bluff definition and ordinance and how this may affect a property owner's use of their land. We recommend	
		the City be allowed to continue to use its current definition of a bluff and ordinance in areas of the LMRWD.	
City of Carver	Section 2. Issues and Problem	Page 2-27: The Plan references signed memoranda of understanding (MOUs) with local governmental units	Prior to the 2011 Approved Plan, the District's practice was to have signed Memoranda of
	Assessments	(LGUs). We recommend the LMRWD forward a copy for the City's files since City Staff have changed in the	Understanding (MOU) with LGUs. That is no longer the District's practice.
ev. ( e		last few years and the City's copy may not be readily available.	
City of Carver	Section 3. Goals, Policies, and	Page 3-29: Strategy 2.2.2 cites a number of practices that can be used to meet volume control requirements.	This District welcomes the opportunity to discuss this further with the City. Please contact the
	Management Strategies	The Minnesota Stormwater Manual is referenced for the amount of credit to be allocated to each practice.	District Administrator to have the meeting before the end of April 2018.
		Practices include: • Buffers, • Forest/prairie restoration, • Grassed channels, • Green roofs, • Natural area	
		conservation, • Permeable paver, • Stormwater reuse , • Rooftop disconnection, • Soil amendments. The City	
		will have the option whether to include all these or to limit them. We'll need to discuss, as part of an overall	
		discussion about regulating stormwater volume (see below).	
City of Carver	Section 3. Goals, Policies, and	Page 3-30: Strategy 2.2.4 discusses a Water Quality Restoration Program to provide funding assistance to	As requested, a copy of Appendix L will be forwarded.
	Management Strategies	LGUs to reduce urban nonpoint source pollution. It is stated that more information can be found in Appendix	
		L. Please forward a copy of Appendix L since this is not included in the plan amendment information.	
City of Carver	Section 3. Goals, Policies, and	Page 3-35: Strategy 5.1.1 continues to delegate Wetland Conservation Act authority to LGUs. Strategy 25.1.2	Noted.
	Management Strategies	requires LGUs to conduct wetland inventories and complete management plans. The City of Carver has	
		completed a wetland management plan.	
City of Carver	Section 4. Implementation Plan	Pages 4-3 and 4-18: Tables 4-1 and 4-3 provide the implementation program budget and describe various	Noted.
		capital improvement projects. The Carver projects listed are a Carver Creek Restoration Project (\$93,500) and	
		a Spring Creek Project (\$45,000). The Spring Creek Project has retrofit of storm sewer structures as part of the	
		2019 Capital Improvement Plan. The City would like to continue to have these projects included in the	
		implementation project, and will review other potential projects with the update to their Local Surface Water	
		Management Plan.	a marked a second state of the second state of
City of Carver	General Comments	1. Can the City construct trails in bluff areas under the proposed LMRWD plan amendment? 2. Does the	1. Trails and other public projects may be constructed with overlay district provided they do not
		LMRWD help with local surface water management plan updates to their plans to address the LMRWD plan	adversely impact adjacent or downstream properties or water bodies; destabilize slope
		amendments? 3. Confirming your next update be in 2027 and not sooner.	conditions; or degrade water quality due to erosion, sedimentation, flooding, and other
			damages. 2. The District provides technical support to cities during the local surface water
			management plan update process to make certain the updates are in line with the District's
			standards. 3. The next Plan update would be in 2027, although there may be amendments to
			the Implementation Program that will not require updates to local surface water management
			plans.
City of Chaska	Appendix K . LMRWD Draft	Pages 24+: Floodplain standards are defined. The standards call for compensatory storage for any fill within	The Floodplain and Drainage Alteration Standard states no filling is allowed within the 100-year
	Standards	the floodplain, and they define floodplain as the 100-year flood elevation of any wetland, public water, or	floodplain that causes a rise in the 100-year elevation without providing compensatory
		subwatershed (as opposed to only FEMA floodplains). Chaska would like to see an exception for facilities that	floodplain storage equal to or greater than the volume of fill. As presented, compensatory
		are within a planned and approved municipal stormwater system or otherwise regulated by local controls.	storage is only required if the 100-year elevation will be affected negatively as a result of the
		Requiring compensatory storage within the City's stormwater ponding system will greatly restrict the City's	proposed project(s). Note: the Floodplain and Drainage Alteration Standard language has been
		ability to effectively and efficiently manage its system.	in place since the 2011 Plan. Nevertheless, the District will consider the requested exception.
			1



Commenting entity/resident	Section and page number	Comment	Response
City of Chaska	Modified Bluff Standard	The City of Chaska request the removal of four man-made sloped areas from the Bluff and Steep Slopes Overlay District.	The District has reviewed the areas, and they will be remo
City of Chaska	Section 3. Goals, Policies, and Management Strategies	Page 3-30: Strategy 2.2.4 discusses a Water Quality Restoration Program to provide funding assistance to LGUs to reduce urban nonpoint source pollution. Can we get details on this program, including project criteria and proposed budget?	The water quality restoration program is funded though the as presented in the Table 4-1 and in Section 4.3.5. The pro- water quality restoration information in Appendix L. Addition metric and desired outcomes will be posted on the District
City of Chaska	Section 4. Implementation Plan	We previously submitted a number of Seminary Fen projects for partnering to the LMRWD in a 3/17/2017 email to Linda Loomis. Chaska would like the LMRWD to include these in the Plan Amendment for support and potential funding consideration. This would also indicate support to BWSR and the MnDNR in the event of future grant applications to those agencies. The 3/17/2017 email with the proposed projects is attached.	Collaboration with municipalities and other partners on w preservation, and protection projects is the cornerstone o philosophy. The projects submitted were reviewed and wi
City of Eden Prairie		b. The City of Eden Prairie as well as other members of the TAC have requested a Statement of Need and Reasonableness (SONAR) to accompany any newly proposed standards. During the TAC process, we were told that document would be provided. Releasing that document after the standards have been drafted and the public comment period has lapsed seems to devalue the usefulness of that document. Please comment on when the public will have access to that document.	A SONAR is not a Water Management Plan development r present the need for the proposed changes. Nevertheless, SONAR/Statement of Need and reasonableness report, en District's website.
City of Eden Prairie		b. Unlike some areas within the District's jurisdiction, Eden Prairie's bluff land is predominantly developed. Bluff side development issues in Eden Prairie relate less to new subdivisions and more to smaller property improvements that are customarily incidental to existing homes and reasonable home improvement projects. In numerous cases, the proposed standards will prohibit decks, patios, sheds and additions that would today be allowed and that the City views as fully reasonable, even in a bluff side context. While well intentioned, the proposed District standards do not adequately recognize and protect the property rights of landowners.	With modification of the Steep Slopes Standard, there is n bluff side development, as noted in this comment. Rather standard, will only require an engineering review and cert responsibly, and sustainably given the site conditions. This landowner's investment in the property.
City of Eden Prairie		c. The City remains committed to providing high quality customer service. Streamlining the permit process and reducing the duplication of authority is a priority. The City would prefer to limit the redundancy of review and reach out to the District only when technical assistance or clarification of standards is required. The City may also prefer that the District be the permitting agency if proper indemnification is not afforded by District to the City for rules that are likely to be legally challenged by property owners. This issue warrants further discussion between the City and District.	Unlike several other metropolitan watershed districts, the permitting redundancy by sticking to the clear requiremer 103B.235, which requires local governments to prepare a improvement program, and official controls as necessary to conformance with the watershed plan. The District welcon development of a standalone permitting program.
City of Eden Prairie		c. The District is proposing to significantly change the definition of "bluff". Among other changes, the slope threshold to qualify as a bluff has been reduced from 30% to 18%. While the District has provided a map of the area that meets the 18% definition, it has not provided a map of the area that meets the 30% definition. We believe the proposed 18% threshold significantly expands the reach of the standards, but without a map of the previous "bluff", we have no way to verify or to quantify the impact. Eden Prairie requests that the District prepare a map of the "bluff" using the current 30% definition, post it on their website and provide a shapefile to cities. Please also provide a combined comparison graphic that visually the depicts the two "bluff" designations overlaid on one another along with metadata that compares the impacted area by acre in each community for the existing and proposed standard.	Comparative maps showing the existing 30 percent and provided to the LGUs and the information posted on the I
City of Eden Prairie		d. Explain the reasoning for expanding the structure setback from 30' to 40'. Many of the existing homes that are setback the required 30' from top of bluff would be pushed into non-conforming status due to this change.	The Bluff Standard has been modified. It will be called the longer require setbacks. Figure 1 will be modified to reflect
City of Eden Prairie		d. The numbering in the revised plan is difficult to follow and finding references between the tables and text is difficult. This is partially a function of the additions and deletions for the plan amendment and should be checked prior to finalizing the plan.	Noted.
City of Eden Prairie		e. Clarification on how non-conformities will be addressed should be included the plan. Consider that RPBCWD and NMCWD both have slope and wetland buffer exemptions and/or separate rules for existing single family lots that are only triggered at the time of development. This greatly reduces the creation of non-conformities. More detail regarding review standards and exemptions for existing single family homes, gardens, lawns, and structures such as sheds, pools, etc. is needed.	The District will consider the recommendation and provid vegetation maintenance and structure definition.

moved as requested.

th the Water Resources Restoration Fund, program will be built on the existing dditionally, information including success trict's website.

n water and natural resources restoration, e of the District's implementation I will be added to the Plan.

nt requirement. The issues in Section 2 ess, the District completed a draft , emailed it to LGUs, and posted it on the

is no longer a prohibition or restriction on her, such development, if it triggers the certification that it can be done safely, This standard actually protects the

the LMRWD has chosen to eliminate ments of statutes such as Section e a local water management plan, capital my to bring local water management into lcomes discussion with the City regarding

d proposed 18 percent standards were e District's website.

the Steep Slopes Standard and will no flect the revised standard.

vide additional information regarding

Commenting entity/resident	Section and page number	Comment	Response
City of Eden Prairie	Appendix K Section 5 - Bluff	f. Clarification is needed on what type of vegetation alteration is allowed under the current proposed	The proposed standard includes the following exception:
	Standard	standard. A large amount of properties have mowed and maintained lawns and gardens that extend into the	vegetation or the selective clearing of noxious, exotic, or i
		proposed bluff and bluff impact zones.	trees or vegetation that are dead, diseased, or pose a pub
			exceptions will be included: maintenance of existing lawn
			of vegetation in emergency situations; right-of-way maint
			agricultural ad forestry activities.
City of Eden Prairie	Appendix K Section 8 -	a. The City has no comments regarding the proposed stormwater management standards as the proposed	Noted.
	Stormwater Management	standards are generally similar to or less stringent than our current ordinances and practices. However, since	
	Standard	the proposed standard references the MS4 and NPDES requirements, is this necessary outside of the HRV	
		areas?	
City of Eden Prairie	Appendix K Section 8 -	b. Section 8.3.2.3.1 states that "for new development projects, the decrease in TP and TSS shall be 60 percent	8.3.2.3.1 is intended to state, "from existing pre-project or
i la	Stormwater Management	and 80 percent from predevelopment conditions, respectively". Is this intended to be proposed development	
	Standard	conditions?	
City of Eden Prairie	Appendix K Section 8 -	c. The threshold for linear requirements is unclear. Please clarify.	We are unsure of what is unclear.
	Stormwater Management		
	Standard		
City of Eden Prairie	Section 3.3 - Surface Water	a. Policy 2.1 introduces the concept of High Value Resources (HVRA) Overlay Districts. More details on what is	The section will be modified to include more detail about
	Management	defined as a HVRA as well as reference to the relevant maps should be provided. Details on how HVRA areas	to the list.
		are newly identified should also be addressed to eliminate vagueness, confusion, and future disputes.	
City of Eden Prairie	Section 3.3 - Surface Water	b. Language in the needs to be modified (it states To Use of and should be For Use of)	Policy 2.1 will be modified as follows: Policy 2.1: Use of Hi
	Management		District to Management Water Resources.
City of Eden Prairie	Section 3.5 - Wetland	a. Strategy 5.1.2 requires development of a Comprehensive Management Plan. The City completed a	We are unsure of the question. The City's statement show
	Management, Strategy 5.1.2	Comprehensive Wetland Protection and Management Plan in November 1999 that included a database to	requirement.
		track the information (MnRAM and associated data) that was collected at that time. Since that time, the City	
		has merged that database with our stormwater pond inventory database to assist the city in determining	
		wetland buffer requirements. As development projects are submitted, the database is updated with current	
		information. In addition, the City does require the use of the most recent version of MnRAM for all	
		delineations. Please comment on the intent of this strategy and if the City's current management of the	
		management plan fits with the District's goals.	
City of Eden Prairie	Appendix K Section 2 –	a. In discussions with LMRWD administrative, engineering and attorney staff, it was explained that following	Section 5.1 and Appendix K, Section 4.5 will be updated to
	Relationship with Municipalities	adoption of the plan by the district, the Cities would have 18 months to amend their official controls to	implement the District's standards.
		regulate the proposed standards. There is no language in Section 6 or Appendix K to support or clarify this.	
		Timeline of implementation needs to be addressed in the plan.	
			A standard and the second standard standards to the second standard standards to the second standard st
City of Eden Prairie	Appendix K Section 2 –	b. In discussions at the TAC meeting and in meetings with City staff, the drafting of a model ordinance for the	Nodel ordinance will be developed for standards in the a
	Relationship with Municipalities	new standards was discussed. Appendix K or Section 5 should discuss the timing of this document and the	
		expectations for the usage of this model.	
City of Eden Prairie	Appendix K Section 2 –	c. This section discusses enforcement actions against an LGU for non-compliance with the proposed	As presented in Section 5.1.3, the District will complete sp
	Relationship with Municipalities	standards. This procedure (warnings, timeline, etc.) needs to be clearly defined in the plan.	approved by the City to confirm compliance with District
			notification, staff interviews, and project/program review
City of Eden Prairie	Appendix K Section 4 –	a. Section 4.2 is difficult to clearly decipher. Multiple bullets proceed section 4.2.1 "general" so it is not clear	of the Plan. The District will consider deleting Sections 4.1, 4.2, and 4.
City of Eden Prairie	Administrative Procedures	what activities or thresholds apply to the different standards. Consider deleting this section since the	applicable standards.
	Automistrative Procedures		applicable statiualus.
		exceptions appears to be repeated in the text of the individual standards they apply to.	
City of Eden Prairie	Appendix K Section 4 –	b. Section 4.2.2 should include a process for how new HVRAs and their corresponding overlay districts are	The process for modifying HVRA will be added to Strategy
	Administrative Procedures	established.	The process for mounting traine will be added to strategy
City of Eden Prairie	Appendix K Section 4 –	c. Similar to section 4.2, consider separating the exceptions from 4.3 into only the standard they apply to	The District will consider deleting Sections 4.1, 4.2, and 4.
	Administrative Procedures	rather than one large section.	applicable standards.
L	, anning a divertific duries	Transer man one raibe section.	

n: Plantings that enhance the natural r invasive vegetation or the pruning of ublic hazard. The following additional vns, landscaping, and gardens; removal ntenance for public facilities; and
condition."
ut HVRAs and how areas can be included
High Value Resource Area Overlay
ows it is complying with the District's
to reflect the 18-month requirement to
approved Plan.
spot checks on projects and programs t standards. The process, including w, will be formalized following approval
4.3 or modifying them to reflect
gy 2.1.1.
4.3 or modifying them to reflect

Commenting entity/resident	Section and page number	Comment	Response
City of Eden Prairie	Appendix K Section 4 – Administrative Procedures	d. Section 4.4 contains procedures for consideration of variances and the District's role in reviewing and granting variances. Conflicts of timing of variances between the City and Watershed would lead to development delays and uncertainty. The City also looks at variances through a wider lens and can further protect natural resources by granting variances in exchange for other benefits. To meet our customer service goals we strongly feel the City should maintain the primary variance authority.	The Board intends to revise the variance provisions conta draft plan amendment. The Board's intent is to allow loca pursuant to the variance processes and standards contair Additional consideration will be given to modifying Apper modification of lots or uses considered nonconforming by conditional uses with baseline performance standards that standards are addressed.
City of Eden Prairie	Appendix K Section 4 – Administrative Procedures	e. District staff has offered the variance process as a mechanism for landowners to find relief from the proposed standards. However, the variance process is expensive and time consuming for landowners and for the cities or watershed districts that must process those variances. The City of Eden Prairie requests that the District review the many scenarios that may result in variances that could be supported and then revise the proposed standards to allow those certain common circumstances that would not require a variance, and thereby reduce the number of variances that would be requested by land owners	With the substantial modification to the Steep Slopes Sta nonconformities or restrictions requiring variances. The B where such concerns might arise. It would be helpful if th scenarios it believes will be encountered so the District ca be made to the proposed standards or exemptions develo
City of Eden Prairie	Appendix K Section 4 – Administrative Procedures	f. The District proposes using an "undue hardship" variance finding that will result in little practical ability to issue variances. As proposed, a variance cannot be issued if the property in question can be put to a reasonable use without the variance. The Minnesota State Legislature recently amended the required variance findings for city-issued variances to replace the "undue hardship" test with the "practical difficulty" test. Many Minnesota cities, including Eden Prairie, amended their respective City Codes to conform to this standard. Eden Prairie requests that the District revise the required variance findings to match the findings set forth in State law and city codes. Conflicting legal standards will cause confusion and increase the potential for lawsuits.	The Board intends to revise the variance provisions conta draft plan amendment. The language will be changed to f be consistent with existing municipal variance standards. governments to issue variances pursuant to the variance its existing official controls. The Board may require some considering such variances to ensure the intent of the pro
City of Eden Prairie	Appendix K Section 4 – Administrative Procedures	g. Similar to previous comments, Section 4.5 needs to clearly lay out the process for enforcement including schedules for warnings and responses.	The District's variance and enforcement process, including reporting requirements, warnings and responses, will be a and posted on the District's new website (www.lowermn
City of Eden Prairie	Appendix K Section 4 – Administrative Procedures	h. Section 4.5, or elsewhere in the document, should reference how long the City has to implement these standards in their official controls. As discussed with LMRWD staff, the City was told they would have 18 months to adopt official controls to enforce these standards.	Section 5.1 and Appendix K, Section 4.5 will be updated to implement the District's standards.
City of Eden Prairie	Appendix K Section 4 – Administrative Procedures	i. The proposed standards are likely to trigger legal challenges from impacted landowners. The burden of defending against those challenges should fall on the District and not on individual cities that in many cases may not agree with the standards they are required to enforce. Any shifting of the burden to cities to enforce and legally defend the standards must come with a corresponding indemnification for cities from the District.	There is no shifting of burdens being imposed by the wate local government to adopt official controls necessary to b use in line with watershed district plan standards is impose Section 103B.235, subd. 1. It is the local government's ob and to defend those controls. Local government purchase Additionally, the standards, specifically the Steep Slopes S are no longer restrictive. Rather, these standards are perr engineering review to ensure the proposed activity can be the property.

ntained in Section 4.4 of Appendix K of the ocal governments to issue variances rained in its existing official controls. pendix K for future development or by the proposed standards to occur as that ensure the intents of the proposed

Standard, the standards no longer create e Board is reviewing other scenarios the City were to provide common t can evaluate whether adjustments may veloped.

ntained in Section 4.4 of Appendix K of the to follow the practical difficulties test to ds. The Board's intent is to allow local ce processes and standards contained in the additional performance standards in proposed standards is met.

ding the schedule for program audits, be developed in partnership with LGUs nnriverwd.org).

d to reflect the 18-month requirement to

ratershed district. Rather, the burden of o bring local water management and land posed by the legislature in statutes obligation to adopt defensible controls ases insurance for such purposes.

es Standard, have been modified so they ermissive in nature and only require an the responsibly and safely conducted on

Commenting entity/resident	Section and page number	Comment	Response
City of Eden Prairie	Appendix K Section 5 - Bluff	a. Given the level of anticipated impacts to existing property and developable land, please provide a	A SONAR is not a Water Management Plan development
	Standard	Statement Of Need And Reasonableness (SONAR) or a similar form of documentation that demonstrates the	present the need for the proposed changes. Nevertheless
		need to establish an 18 percent bluff threshold and the corresponding regulations. The TAC was told that the	SONAR/Statement of Need and reasonableness report, er
		standards were modeled after the MRCCA rules that recently went into effect. A great deal of consideration	District's website.
		was put into the definition with respect to the MRCCA rules that may not fit with the Lower Minnesota River	
		corridor. A thorough SONAR was completed for the MRCCA rules that spoke to many specifics that detailed	
		the need and process for developing the updated rules (as referenced on the following website).	
		http://files.dnr.state.mn.us/input/rules/rulemaking/mrcca/sonar.pdf Specifically, the original Executive Order	
		79-19 that regulates the MRCCA had already provided special protection for "bluffs with a slope greater than	
		18 percent", but did not specifically define a bluff. It did, however, define the bluffline as "a line delineating	
		the top of a slope connecting the points at which the slope becomes less than 18 percent". There was also a	
		40' structure setback already in place as part of the original executive order. With the recent MRCCA updates,	
		there was clarification of the existing bluff definition, but not a large departure from what was already in	
		place. From the MRCCA Sonar: "the 18 percent slope parameter was retained from Executive Order 79-19	
		because it was a standard widely adopted by local governments and accepted by environmental	
		organizations." In this case, the 18% slope and the additional 40' setback is a new addition to the standard	
		and is not currently widely adopted by the Local Governments. The development of the recent MRCCA rules	
		had a "dual goal of protecting sensitive bluff features while minimizing the creation of new nonconforming	
		structures within areas of significant existing development". There were many analytical iterations and field	
		verifications of the proposed MRCCA standard throughout the corridor before advancing the definition for	
		inclusion. The MRCCA SONAR included many photos	
		and examples of what was considered a bluff at different iterations of the rules. In addition to the creation of	
		additional non-conformities, a desktop analysis of properties impacted in Eden Prairie by the proposed	
		standard showed the creation of multiple undevelopable parcels and unbuildable platted lots.	
City of Eden Prairie	General Comment		The Board may consider whether additional notice or hea
		The proposed Bluff Standards alone will create significant restrictions on hundreds of properties within the	whether to accomplish such additional hearing on a region
		District. These property owners were mostly unaware of the conversation happening until a few days ago	comment contemplates a level of notice well in excess of
		when cities felt it incumbent upon themselves to mail them notice of the impending District action. Now	watershed district rules. Nevertheless, a continuation of t
		these property owners are feverishly calling cities to inquire how this discussion happened without them	granted by the managers. The public hearing opened Oct
		being notified, and how they can participate in the process. The City of Eden Prairie requests the District	2018. The District coordinated four community informati
		provide full mailed notice to these property owners, host an open house to explain the proposed standards,	throughout the District (including Bloomington), posted I
		provide a higher degree of information on the District's website concerning the proposed changes, and allow	District's website, and emailed information to all with em
		sufficient time for the public to review and provide written comment. Because these proposed standards	The board will have to weigh the burden of the notice rec
		represent a possible deprivation of protected interests there should be a higher level of due process afforded.	additional public comments it might receive. The preserv
			resources necessitate the threshold(s) set for projects pro
			Areas Overlay District.
City of Edon Proirie	Section 2.2 Organizational	a The section which discusses Delicy 1.2 and Delicy 1.2 needs to be revised as the numbering dass and line we	Section numbering will be reviewed and life second and
City of Eden Prairie	Section 3.2 – Organizational	a. The section which discusses Policy 1.2 and Policy 1.3 needs to be revised as the numbering does not line up.	Section numbering will be reviewed and (it necessary) fet
City of Eden Prairie	Management Section 4.2 – Coordination with	This section could be deleted entirely and merged with Sections 3.9 and 3.10. Table 4-2 appears to include a Strategy (1.2.1) that may have been deleted.	Noted.
City of Eden Prairie	Local, State and Federal	Table + 2 appears to metude a strategy (1.2.1) that may have been deleted.	
	Governments and Non-		
	Governments and NOII-		
	Government Organizations		
	Government Organizations		
City of Eden Prairie	-	A line item for the Minnesota River Study Area 3 Bluff Stabilization Project has been added to the CIP for 2022	Contact the District's managers to discuss funding concer
City of Eden Prairie	Section 4.4 Capital Improvement	A line item for the Minnesota River Study Area 3 Bluff Stabilization Project has been added to the CIP for 2022- 2023 for \$350,000. This in addition to the amount that the City has committed to the project is not sufficient	
City of Eden Prairie	-	2023 for \$350,000. This in addition to the amount that the City has committed to the project is not sufficient	bluff protection strategies to prevent future problems.
City of Eden Prairie	Section 4.4 Capital Improvement		bluff protection strategies to prevent future problems.

ent requirement. The issues in Section 2 less, the District completed a draft , emailed it to LGUs, and posted it on the nearing is necessary and will decide gional or community basis. The City's of statutory requirements even for of the public hearing was considered and October 25, 2017 and will close April 18, ational meetings at various locations d logistics about the meetings on the email addresses in the District's system. requirement against the value of ervation and protection of the high value proposed within the High Value Resource revised. cerns for stabilizing bluffs and the City's

Commenting entity/resident	Section and page number	Comment	Response
City of Eden Prairie	Section 5.0 – Impact of	a. The City adopted its most recent LWP on September 6, 2016 and it was approved by the LMRWD via	Upon completion and approval by BWSR of the District's I
	Implementation	resolution on September 21, 2016. The City submitted this LWP with minor amendments to its CIP to the Met	LWP and official controls to reflect updates. The timeline
		Council for comments regarding the requirements of the 2017-2018 local water management plan under	after approval of the Plan.
		Minnesota Rules Chapter 8410. The City received a letter of approval to include this LWP with our	
		comprehensive plan. Clarification on the expectations for future LWP amendments based on this plan	
		amendment are needed.	
City of Eden Prairie	Section 5.0 – Impact of	b. Section 5.1.3 Administration and Enforcement of LWPs includes standards for finding an LGU non-	As presented in Section 5.1.3, the District will complete sp
	Implementation	compliant with the assumption of permitting authority as the final step in ensuring compliance with the	approved by the City to confirm compliance with District
		District's Plan. More information on how a LWP could be considered non-compliant is requested.	notification, staff interviews, and project/program review
			of the Plan.
City of Eden Prairie	Section 5.0 – Impact of	c. In discussions with LMRWD administrative, engineering and attorney staff, it was explained that following	Section 5.1 and Appendix K, Section 4.5 will be updated to
	Implementation	adoption of the plan by the district, the LGU would have 18 months to amend their official controls to	implement the District's standards.
		regulate the proposed standards. There is no language in Section 5 to support or clarify this. Timeline of	
		implementation needs to be addressed in the plan.	
City of Eden Prairie	Section 6.0 – Administration	Section 6.1.1 includes provisions on determination of whether a proposed plan amendment would be	Minnesota Statute 103B.231, Subpart 11 reference in the
	(Section 6.1.1)	considered a minor amendment. The provisions include submittal of the proposed amendment to the review	by cities.
		thorities. The City would request that this include all cities that would potentially be impacted by the plan	
		amendment.	
City of Savage	Appendix K	The definition for fully reconstructs should be revised to be consistent with the definition proposed by the	The preservation and protection of high value resources (s
		Prior Lake Spring Lake Watershed District. The definition is as follows: Area where impervious surface is	highlighted in the SONAR/Statement of Need and Reason
	1	removed down to the underlying native soil and the underlying native soils, as distinguished from roadway	definition for fully reconstructs.
	1	subgrade material, is disturbed. The following are among those that do not constitute impervious surface	
		reconstruction: structure renovation, impervious surface mill, reclamation and overlay; and minor	
		maintenance activities such as catch basin and pipe repair/replacement with same hydraulic capacity.	
City of Savage	Appendix K - Stormwater	Currently, the City requires volume reduction equal to 0.5 inches of runoff from all newly created impervious	The preservation and protection of the high value resourc
, 0	Management Standard	surfaces for development from sites that exceed 5,000 square feet of new impervious and less than 1 acre of	projects proposed within the High Value Resource Areas C
	5	total project area. For sites that exceed 5,000 square feet of new impervious and 1 acre of total project area	
		the volume control criteria is 1.0 inch over the new impervious. The City believes their current standard is	
		appropriate for sites that are smaller in size and have less room to incorporate stormwater BMPs. The City	
		requests the LMRWD that for sites with less than 1 acre of new impervious and down to the City's permitting	
		threshold that the volume control be equal to 0.55 of inches for new or full reconstructed impervious surfaces	
		vs. 1.1 inches of runoff from the new and/or fully reconstructed impervious surfaces.	
City of Savage	Appendix K - Stormwater	The District (draft) volume reduction standard would include reconstructed streets and/or other public linear	The District will consider alternative sequencing options n
,0-	Management Standard	projects. Consideration for alternative sequencing options, such as giving credit for existing BMPs,	Manual on a case-by-case basis. Alternative sequencing of
		implementing a trading/banking policy, or factoring in the existing TSS/TP removal rates in the project area,	Manual will be accepted if all of the design specifications
		should be allowed or accommodated in the standards.	
City of Savage	Appendix K - Stormwater		The District welcomes the opportunity to partner with the
.,	Management Standard	volume standard as proposed by the rule. It is likely due to constraints within the HVRA that implementing	Stormwater Management Plan and has included it in its C
		volume standard as proposed by the rate. This needy due to constraints within the twick that implementing volume reduction BMPs will be infeasible. The City would like to partner with the LMRWD to develop an Eagle	-
		Creek Stormwater Management Plan that identifies BMPs that will maximize the potential for treatment in	
		lieu of providing treatment for each street reconstruction project.	
City of Savage	Modified Bluff Standard	The City requests an informational meeting be held in the City of Savage. The information meeting should	Noted. The City of Savage's informational meeting has been
,	Bian Standard	include an invite to all potentially impacted landowners within the City of Savage. The meeting should clearly	meeting, the District will explain how the proposed stands
	1	identify how this will impact existing homeowners. For instance, in reading the rule it appears any structure,	tall retaining wall proposed within the overlay district that
	1	such as retaining walls greater than 4 feet would require a geotechnical engineer to sign off on any design. Is	Standard would require compliance with the standard, as
	1	this the case? This may be cumbersome for a homeowner and for the City to implement.	istandara would require compliance with the standard, as
City of Savage	Modified Bluff Standard	The definition for steep slope is confusing. It appears when reading the definition it is tied to having to be	Noted. The District modified the definition of steep slopes
City OI Javage		above the ordinary high water level. Do items 1 and 2 need to be included in the definition. It seems as	feature having average slopes of 18 percent or greater that
	1		distance of 25 feet or more.
City of Source	Modified Dluff Standard	though they are repeating the previous statement.	
City of Savage	Modified Bluff Standard	The City requests three areas in the City formerly mined to be exempted from the requirements of the	The District has reviewed the areas, and they will be remo
		proposed rules. The areas are as follows: 1. Rose Hill, 2. Trout Run Preserve, and 3. Cherrywood Pointe of	
		Savage.	

s Plan, cities are required to update their
e for the modification will be 18 months
spot checks on projects and programs
ct standards. The process, including
ew, will be formalized following approval
,
to reflect the 18-month requirement to
a Dlan includes a requirement for review
ne Plan includes a requirement for review
s (such as Savage Fen and Eagle Creek) as
onableness report necessitate the
rces necessitate the threshold(s) set for
s Overlay District.
s not specified in the MPCA Stormwater
options from the MPCA Stormwater
-
ns are met.
ha City on doualaning on Fault Court
he City on developing an Eagle Creek
S CIP (Capital Improvement Projects).
been scheduled for April 3, 2018. At the
ndard might affect residents. A four-foot
hat triggers the Stormwater Management
as proposed.
es as follows: A natural topographic
hat is measured over a horizontal
noved as requested.
•

Commenting entity/resident	Section and page number	Comment	Response
City of Savage	Page 10, Lines 16 through 18	The definition for public project mentions obtaining a District permit. It is unclear what the permit and/or permitting process is for the District. The City requests definition of this process and it should be included in the District's plan.	Minnesota Department of Transportation projects are no requirements. For those projects and projects within unin program will be developed. Details of the program will be (www.lowermnriverwd.org).
City of Savage	Page 17, Lines 26 through 31	This section includes language regarding the proposed District auditing process. This is new to the plan and will impact the City's budget and operations. A better definition and understanding of the audit process is needed to understand what efforts are required of the City.	This use of audit language is not a change to the District's to Appendix K. Nevertheless, the schedule for program au and responses will be developed in partnership with LGUs website, www.lowermnriverwd.org.
City of Savage	Page 31, Lines 16 through 25	This section summarizes restrictions to rip rap use within the District boundaries. The District is proposing that limestone and dolomite shall not be used for shoreline or stream bank stabilization. It is our belief that this will greatly increase the cost of projects. Additionally, limestone rip rap is widely accepted and meets MNDOT and Corps of Engineers Standards. Finally, limestone is native to the area and is in-line with the character of the Minnesota River Valley.	The section does not prohibit riprap but requests use of b possible. Revisit Section 9.3.
City of Savage	Page 5, Lines 6 and 7	The language in this section refers to failure of implementation of the plan, "as determined solely by the District, the District may revoke the LWP approval" is too narrow and suggests that only the District will be involved. In 2018 the City will adopt a plan that will be in conformance with the District, and other regulatory bodies within the district. This language is vague and should not include the word 'solely'.	Minnesota Statute section 103B.235 requires local govern and regulatory responsibility for territory within the water management plan, capital improvement program, and off local water management into conformance with the water prescribed in the implementation program of the watersh prepare or cause to be prepared amendments to the local of its local water management plan, capital improvement above, each local unit must submit its water management organization for review for consistency with the watershe disapprove the local plan or parts of the plan. The organiz its review, provided, however, that the watershed manage review, take into account the comments submitted to it b entitled to comment on the local plan. While it is true tha by others, the other review is for different purposes (i.e., I consistency with the Council's plan, county review may be plans, etc.). The Watershed District possesses sole authori water management plan, capital improvement plan, and of Watershed Management Plan. The Watershed District's d Statute Chapters 103B and 103D.
City of Savage	Page 6, Line 13	"The bluff and land within 20 feet of the bluff." This should read, "The bluff and land within 20 feet of the bluffline/top of bluff".	The Bluff Standard has been modified. It will be called the regulate slopes greater than or equal to 18 percent. Refer
City of Savage	Page 6, Line 16	By definition sod would fall into the definition for buffer zone; we believe that is not the intent.	The language as presented in the plan is correct.
City of Savage	Page 6, Lines 1 through 9	The definition and graphic of a bluff is unclear and appears to be too restrictive, revising the bluff definition from 30% slopes to 18% slopes. This is a significant change to the plan and requires better definition. It is unclear if "where the slope begins below the ordinary high water level" also includes the area below the water level. The City requests the District provide additional material and justification for the change in moving to the 18% standards. The City has provided an exhibit that shows the impact to a parcel that is currently being proposed for development. The proposed change would potentially result in this parcel becoming undevelopable, which is inconsistent with the City's comprehensive plan.	The issues in Section 2 present the need for the proposed Management Plan development requirement. Neverthele SONAR/Statement of Need and reasonableness report, en District's website. In addition, a comparative map of the e proposed 18 percent standard was included in the SONAR
City of Savage	Page 7, Line 3	This definition should include both public and private improvement projects.	The definition will be revised to include private.
City of Savage	Page 9, Lines 11 through 22	The definition lists stormwater models accepted by the District. If there are other models used by the City, those should be noted and Submitted as a request to include.	We are unsure of the question or comment.
City of Savage	Page 9, Lines 8 through 10	The definition for natural vegetation, similar to buffer zone, would also include sod; we believe that is not the intent.	The language as presented in the plan is correct.

not required to comply with LGU project nincorporated areas, a permitting be on the District's new website

ct's current Plan. The language was moved audits, reporting requirements, warnings, GUs and posted on the District's new

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ernment units having land use planning atershed to prepare a local water official controls as necessary to bring atershed plan within the time period ershed plan and, as necessary, shall ocal comprehensive plan. Before adoption ent plan, and official controls as required ent plan to the watershed management shed. The organization shall approve or anization shall have 60 days to complete nagement organization shall, as part of its t by the Metropolitan Council or others hat the local plan must also be reviewed ., Metropolitan Council review is done for be for consistency with groundwater ority to determine whether the local nd official controls are consistent with its s decision is subject to appeal pursuant to

the Steep Slopes Standard and will ferences to bluffs will be removed.

sed changes. A SONAR is not a Water eless, the District completed a draft , emailed it to LGUs, and posted it on the ne existing 30 percent standard and the NAR and posted the District's website.

Commenting entity/resident	Section and page number	Comment	Response
City of Savage	Section 1 - Land and Water	Several of the figures in this section are from 2009 and may not represent the most current data. For example,	The updates to Section 1 requested will be addressed as p
	Resources inventory	Figure 1-10 shows a data set for impaired waters that is dated 2009. All figures and graphics in this section should be updated and/or verified that the most current dataset is presented in the plan.	project slated for 2020 and 2021.
City of Savage	Section 2-issues and Problems Assessments	I have no comments regarding the content of this section; however, it is worth noting that the District plan states that the City will continue to implement a water quality monitoring program that includes the Savage Fen and Eagle Creek. It is important to note that this activity is supported by the City of Savage, but is not being done by the City. The plan should be updated to properly reflect how this program is being implemented.	The Plan mentioned in Section 1.6.3 MCES and Scott SWC Eagle Creek in the City of Savage. It does not include any the monitoring activities.
City of Savage	Section 3 - Goals, Policies, and Management Strategies	Savage has a large area that is designated as a HVRA, primarily around the Savage Fen and Eagle Creek. The stormwater management standards in this area are more stringent than other areas of the City. The trigger for stormwater management is lower in these areas and volume reduction requirements are higher. Considering this, along with the District's change in the definition of a bluff and bluffsetback requirements, this could significantly impact future development in the City in these areas. Volume reduction standards for the District are higher than what the City currently has in your plan. Currently the City requires volume reduction equal to 0.5 inches of runoff from all newly created impervious surfaces for development from site that are exceed 5,000 square feet of new impervious and less than 1 acre of total project area. For site that exceed 5,000 square feet of new impervious and 1 acres of total project area the volume control criteria is 1.0 inches over the new impervious.	
City of Savage	Section 3 - Goals, Policies, and Management Strategies	The City believes their current standard is appropriate for sites that are smaller in size and have less room to incorporate stormwater BMPs. The City request the LMRWD evaluate if there is a need to adjust the permitting thresholds on smaller sites (sites less than 1 acre) and leave the permitting to the local authority. In addition, the District (draft) volume reduction standard would include reconstructed streets and/or other public linear projects. Consideration for alternative sequencing options, such as giving credit for existing BMPs, implementing a trading/banking policy, or factoring in the existing TSS/TP removal rates in the project area, should be allowed or accommodated in the standards. We request further discussion on this topic.	This District welcomes the opportunity to discuss this furt District Administrator to have the meeting before the end
City of Savage	Section 4 - Implementation Program	The City supports providing a list for the district to be included in the District's Capital Improvement Project (CIP) list. The City can supply the proposed CIP projects annually to the LMRWD.	Noted. Thank you for your continued partnership and sup
City of Savage	Section 5 - Impact of Implementation	As this section outlines, the City is required to develop a local water plan with a System for managing the watershed that is consistent with the District's plan. The City will be preparing an updated watershed management plan in 2018. The plan will cover the years 2018 through 2027 and will need to be consistent with the District's plan.	Section 5, paragraph 1 will be modified to require LWP co Plan has been approved by BWSR.
City of Savage	Section 5 - Impact of Implementation - 5.1.3 Program Audits	The City would like further understanding and discussion on what program audits will look like. Will it be an audit that is regulatory in nature and require program improvements or more of a collaboration to discuss potential areas that could be improved or where the two agencies could support each other's objectives towards water resources management?	The audit, although being revised, will be a collaborative
City of Savage	Section 6 - Administration	The City the supports the District's statement that says regulations are more properly performed at the local level.	Noted. Thank you for your continued partnership and sup
City of Shakopee	Appendix K – LMRWD Draft Standards	The definition for natural vegetation, similar to buffer zone, would also include sod. The City does not believe that is the intent.	The language as presented in the plan is correct.
City of Shakopee	Appendix K – LMRWD Draft Standards	The definition lists stormwater models accepted by the District. The City of Shakopee has a large area that is modeled using XPSWMM and requests adding to the list of accepted models. Additionally, we would request that accepted water quality models be included.	We are unsure of the question or comment.



Commenting entity/resident	Section and page number	Comment	Response
City of Shakopee	Appendix K – LMRWD Draft Standards - Page 31, Lines 16 through 25	This section summarizes restrictions to rip rap use within the District boundaries. The District is proposing that limestone and dolomite shall not be used for shoreline or stream bank stabilization. It is our belief that this will greatly increase the cost of projects. Additionally, limestone rip rap is widely accepted and meets MNDOT and Corps of Engineers standards. Finally, limestone is native to the Shakopee area and in line with the character of the Minnesota River Valley.	The section does not prohibit riprap but requests use of b possible. Revisit Section 9.3.
City of Shakopee	Appendix K – LMRWD Draft Standards - Page 5, Lines 6 and 7	The language in this section refers to failure of implementation of the plan, "as determined solely by the District, the District may revoke the LWP approval" is too narrow and suggests that only the District will be involved. In 2018 the City will adopt a plan that will be in conformance with the District and with other regulatory bodies within the district. This language is vague and should not include the word 'solely'.	Minnesota Statute section 103B.235 requires local govern and regulatory responsibility for territory within the wate management plan, capital improvement program, and of local water management into conformance with the wate prescribed in the implementation program of the watersh prepare or cause to be prepared amendments to the loca of its local water management plan, capital improvement above, each local unit must submit its water managemen organization for review for consistency with the watershe disapprove the local plan or parts of the plan. The organiz its review, provided, however, that the watershed manag review, take into account the comments submitted to it to entitled to comment on the local plan. While it is true that by others, the other review is for different purposes (i.e., consistency with the Council's plan, county review may be plans, etc.). The Watershed District possesses sole author water management plan, capital improvement plan, and Watershed Management Plan. The Watershed District's d Statute Chapters 103B and 103D.
City of Shakopee	Appendix K – LMRWD Draft Standards - Page 6, Lines 1 through 9	The definition and graphic of a bluff is unclear and appears to be too restrictive, revising the bluff definition from 30% slopes to 18% slopes. This is a significant change to the plan and requires better definition. It is unclear if "where the slope begins below the ordinary high water level" also includes the area below the water level. The City would like to discuss or receive additional material from the District regarding bluffs in Shakopee.	A SONAR is not a Water Management Plan development present the need for the proposed changes. Nevertheless SONAR/Statement of Need and reasonableness report, er District's website. In addition, a comparative map of the 18% standard was included in the SONAR and posted the
City of Shakopee	Appendix K – LMRWD Draft Standards (con't): Page 10, Lines 16 through 18	The definition for public project mentions obtaining a District permit. It is unclear what the permit and/or permitting process is for the District. The city needs further definition of this process and it should be included in the District's plan.	Minnesota Department of Transportation projects are no requirements. For those projects and projects within unir program will be developed. Details of the program will be (www.lowermnriverwd.org).
City of Shakopee	Appendix K – LMRWD Draft Standards (con't): Page 17, Lines 26 through 31	This section includes language regarding the proposed District auditing process. This is new to the plan and will impact the City's budget and operations. A better definition and understanding of the audit process is needed to understand what efforts are required of the City.	This use of audit language is not a change to the District's to Appendix K. Nevertheless, the schedule for program at and responses will be developed in partnership with LGUs website (www.lowermnriverwd.org).
City of Shakopee	Appendix K – LMRWD Draft Standards (con't): Page 21, Lines 9 through 21		Section 6.3 will remain as proposed. The standard as press stormwater permit. The revised/ more strict standards re- preservation and protection of the high value resources n projects proposed within the High Value Resource Areas (
City of Shakopee	Appendix K – LMRWD Draft Standards (con't): Page 6, Line 13	"The bluff and land within 20 feet of the bluff." This should read, "The bluff and land within 20 feet of the bluffline/top of bluff".	The Bluff Standard has been modified. It will be called the bluffs will be removed.
City of Shakopee	Appendix K – LMRWD Draft Standards (con't): Page 6, Line 16	By definition, sod would fall into the definition for buffer zone and the City does not believe that is the intent.	The language as presented in the plan is correct.
City of Shakopee	Appendix K – LMRWD Draft Standards (con't): Page 7, Line 3	This definition should include both public and private improvement projects.	The definition will be revised to include private.

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ernment units having land use planning atershed to prepare a local water official controls as necessary to bring atershed plan within the time period ershed plan and, as necessary, shall ocal comprehensive plan. Before adoption ent plan, and official controls as required ent plan to the watershed management shed. The organization shall approve or anization shall have 60 days to complete nagement organization shall, as part of its it by the Metropolitan Council or others that the local plan must also be reviewed e., Metropolitan Council review is done for y be for consistency with groundwater nority to determine whether the local nd official controls are consistent with its s decision is subject to appeal pursuant to

nt requirement. The issues in Section 2 ess, the District completed a , emailed it to LGUs and posted it on the ne existing 30% standard and the proposed he District's website.

not required to comply with LGU project nincorporated areas, a permitting be on the District's new website

ct's current Plan. The language was moved n audits, reporting requirements, warnings GUs and posted on the District's new

resented is the NPDES construction refer to High Value Resources Areas. The is necessitate the threshold(s) set for as Overlay District.

the Steep Slopes Standard. References to

City of Shakopee	Appendix K – LMRWD Draft Standards, Page 4, Lines 32	The City would like a definition for under what circumstances the District will be approving a project or issuing	This use of audit language is not a change to the District's
	Standards, Page 4 Lines 32		
		a permit. In addition, the City needs a better understanding of the auditing process that the district is adding	to Appendix K. Nevertheless, the schedule for program au
	through 34	to their plan. This is a change to the existing plan and the City needs to factor this into budgeting and overall	and responses will be developed in partnership with LGUs
a. (a)		operations.	website, www.lowermnriverwd.com.
City of Shakopee	Page 27 of Appendix K	Linear projects on sites without restrictions that create 10,000 square feet or greater of new and/or fully	The preservation and protection of the high value resource
		reconstructed impervious surfaces, shall capture and retainetc". The City of Shakopee adamantly opposes	projects proposed within the High Value Resource Areas C
		that the watershed is considering a "fully reconstructed impervious surface" to be considered new impervious	
		and must meet full treatment requirements. This is neither feasible nor reasonable. If I am interpreting	
i		something incorrectly, please let me know. Otherwise, this is a strong objection. It is the City's position that	
		"fully reconstructed impervious surfaces" should be struck in its entirety.	
City of Shakopee	Section 1 – Land and Water	Several of the figures in this section are from 2009 and may not represent the most current data. For example,	The updates to Section 1 requested will be addressed as p
i	Resources Inventory	Figure 1-10 shows a data set for impaired waters that is dated 2009. All figures and graphics in this section	project slated for 2020 and 2021.
		should be updated and/or verified that the most current dataset is presented in the plan.	
City of Shakopee	Section 2 – Issues and Problem	We have no comments regarding the content of this section. It is worth mentioning that the City intends to	Noted. Thank you for your continued partnership and sup
i	Assessments	continue to work towards improving the water quality of Dean Lake and will include management strategies	
		for this lake in the next watershed management plan for the City.	
City of Shakopee	Section 3 – Goals, Policies, and		Noted.
1	Management Strategies	to this section are the addition of the long-term metric of protection and preservation of the Minnesota River	
		Bluff and also the addition of High Value Resources Area Overlay District (HVRA).	
City of Shakopee	Section 4 – Implementation		Noted. The District welcomes the opportunity to partner v
i	Program	projects in the Water Quality Restoration Program. The City often has projects that may fall into this program	mission. Please contact the District Administrator after the
i		and it would benefit both the City and the District to coordinate efforts, whether it is with project initiation or	a meeting to discuss.
		long-term monitoring.	
City of Shakopee	Section 4 – Implementation	2. Re-routing of Amazon Distribution Center Discharge. The proposed project would re-direct the majority or	The District has reviewed the projects submitted, and the
i	Program	all of the discharge from the Amazon Distribution Center site away from sensitive cultural resources in the	they will not be added to the CIP list.
1		area. The discharge from the subject land has historically drained to this area. With the development of the	
1		Amazon Distribution Center, due to proximity to bedrock, volume reduction was not possible and filtration	
1		was the method implemented for managing runoff from the developed site. The peak discharge rates from	
1		the site meets the stormwater requirements outlined in the city's CSWMP; however, the resulting increased	
1		runoff volume from the site has the potential to impact sensitive cultural resources directly in the path of the	
1		runoff. The total project cost is estimated at \$500,000. The requested cost participation from the LMRWD is \$100,000.	
		\$100,000.	
City of Shakopee	Section 4 – Implementation	The City has two projects that should be incorporated into the District's Capital Improvement Project (CIP) list.	The District has reviewed the projects submitted, and the
i	Program	They are: 1. Segment 5 Realignment of Prior Lake Outlet Channel. The proposed project would realign the	
1		channel in this location to meander more naturally and improve function and value of existing adjacent	
1		monolithic Type 2 wetlands and increase wetland diversity and complexity for improved habitat. The project	
i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i		will reduce flow velocities, reduce TSS, reduce TP and provide increased storage upstream of the impaired	
i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i		Deans Lake and the	
i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i		Lower Minnesota River. The total project cost is estimated at \$350,000. The requested cost participation from	
		the LMRWD is \$100,000.	
City of Shakopee	Section 5 – Impact of	As this section outlines, the City is required to develop a local water plan with a system for managing the	Section 5, paragraph 1 will be modified to require LWP co
1	Implementation		Plan has been approved by BWSR.
		management plan in 2018. The plan will cover the years 2018 through 2027 and is expected to be consistent	
City of Chakana-	Continue C. Administration	with the District's plan.	Neted These you for your ocationed sectors which and
City of Shakopee	Section 6 – Administration		Noted. Thank you for your continued partnership and sup
(		District in the future, focusing on improving and protecting water resources within the City of Shakopee. The	
		City agrees with the District's statement that says regulations are more properly performed at the local level.	

t's current Plan. The language was moved audits, reporting requirements, warnings, Us and posted on the District's new
urces necessitate the threshold(s) set for s Overlay District.
s part of District's Corridor Management
upport.
er with cities on projects that further its the Plan has been approved to schedule
hey will be added to the Plan, though

they will be added to the Plan, though they

completion within 18-month after the

support.

Commenting entity/resident	Section and page number	Comment	Response
City of Shakopee		On behalf of the City of Shakopee, please accept this request for a continuance of the October 25, 2017 public	A continuation of the public hearing was considered and
		hearing for the Major Watershed Management Plan Amendment. We would like you to consider the following	hearing opened October 25, 2017 and will close April 18,
		when deciding to grant a continuance: • The Response to Comments document provided by the Watershed	community informational meetings at various locations t
		was received on October 15, 2017 and includes 59 pages of comments and responses – this is an extremely	Bloomington), posted logistics about the meetings on th
		significant amount of comments and responses. City staff have not had adequate time to fully review and	information to all with email addresses in the District's s
		understand the responses and comments. • The Watershed's responses to some comments are not clear	Stormwater Management Standard are specific to the Hi
		and/or are not fully answered or understood, warranting follow-up with the Watershed. • The Watershed's	noted. Areas outside of HVRA that do not drain to fens, t
		proposed new requirements for linear projects (reconstruction projects) are not fully understood and could	required to comply with the general requirement, which
		seemingly result in city rehabilitation projects being postponed due to the new storm water requirements	Stormwater Permit requirements. These more strict requ
		being too onerous. We feel there is enough vagueness in the responses and feel several items were not	high value resources and are necessary and reasonable f
		adequately addressed where acting on the proposed plan amendment would be inappropriate. For these	these unique resources. Within the City of Shakopee, two
		reasons, we are asking the Board of Managers to delay any decision on the proposed plan amendment to	changes: the first area is east of Stagecoach Road and Co
		allow more time for inclusive and direct discussions between the Watershed and its member cities. We must	the portion of the City of Shakopee within the floodplain
		ensure all plan updates and proposed rule changes are understood and feasible with an inclusive partnership-	the City of Shakopee's municipal boundary with the City
		type relationship to ensure successful and responsible implementation by all.	within the City of Shakopee, the District needs more info
			proposed in those areas and why their respective timelin

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nd granted by the managers. The public .8, 2018. The District coordinated four s throughout the District (including the District's website, and emailed system. The changes proposed to the High Value Resource Areas (HVRA), as , trout lakes, and trout streams are ch are primarily the NPDES Construction quirements are specific to impact areas of e for the protection and preservation of wo areas are affected by the proposed County Road 18, and the second area is in adjacent to the Minnesota River and ty of Chaska. Given the areas affected formation on the rehabilitation projects lines will be affected.



Commenting entity/resident	Section and page number	Comment	Response
Scott County		Thank you for including the Dredge Site Restoration Project. We would like to talk with the District about the possibility of working together to include this effort as part of a larger "Port" improvement project and federal grant opportunity. Someone from the county will Call Administrator Loomis and/or Manager Hartman later this week.	Noted. The District Administrator and Manager Hart call.
Scott County	Page 6 lines 1 through 12	2. Page 6 lines 1 through 12 the Scott WMO definition for bluff is 30% or greater, with our experience over the last 10 years operating a similar standard we do not agree with the need to go down to 18%.	Noted. The District presents the need for the revision SONAR (Statement of Need and Reasonableness) rep
Scott County	Page 10 lines 22 through 24	3. Page 10 lines 22 through 24 Definition of Redevelopment with reference to 5,000 sf is inconsistent with references to redevelopment and 10,000 sf in later portions of the Standards - please clarify.	The definition for redevelopment is in Section 3. In S redevelopment projects where the new impervious s sf would trigger the stormwater management standa resource areas.
Scott County	Page 13 line 31	4. Page 13 line 31 policy of "Promote and encourage a reductions in infiltration, and groundwater recharge" conflicts with the next three policies covered on lines 33 through 37 of encouraging infiltration, maximizing groundwater recharge and protecting and maintaining groundwater flow, and promoting groundwater discharge. We suspect this is not what you meant to say.	The District will consider deleting Sections 4.1, 4.2, a section as correctly presented in Section 8.1 will stat encourage a reduction in runoff rates, encourage inf groundwater recharge."
Scott County	Page 14 line 20	5. Page 14 line 20 states policy to "review" appropriation requests, but Standard presented later calls for permitting. Please clarify.	The District is considering deleting Sections 4.1, 4.2, Section 10, for projects requiring a DNR water appro District will review the application and submit comm
Scott County	Page 15 line 1	6. Page 15 line 1 Please clarify the extent of areas covered for the 100-year flood elevation activity regulated. As written it says "any wetland, public water or Subwatershed shall be" We have the same issue with the Scott WMO standards and are hoping to add clarifying language that focuses this on either larger drainage areas or Flood Insurance Program covered areas where there is greater risk, rather than "any area.	The District intends to cover FEMA regulated water a Nevertheless, a representative for the District will co Scott WMO has encountered.
Scott County	Page 15 line 7	7. Page 15 line 7. National Flood Insurance and State programs require 1 foot above the 100-year flood elevation. Please provide the need for requiring 2 feet? Is there documentation of flood damages increasing in the District over time?	This requirement has been in place since the Technic consideration of the standards and implementation
Scott County	Page 15 line 12	8. Page 15 line 12 there is no definition of floodway in the definitions section, and confirm that this only applies to flood Zones where a regulatory floodway has been determined.	The following floodway definition will be included to Floodway" is the channel of a river or other waterco areas that must be reserved in order to discharge the cumulatively increasing the water surface elevation of height. The District is considering deleting sections 4 will be modified to reflect regulatory floodway instead
Scott County	Page 15 line 13-15	9. Page 15 lines 13 through 15. Activities below the OHW are already regulated by the DNR. Scott County does not believe operating duplicative permitting efforts is good public policy, and its confusing to the public.	The District works in conjunction with the DNR to pro This requirement does not duplicate the DNR's effor District is considering deleting sections 4.1, 4.2, and
Scott County	Page 15 lines 16 & 17	10. Page 15 lines 16 and 17, same as comment 8 above.	See response above.
Scott County	Page 15 lines 18-20	11. Page 15 lines 18 through 20, same as comment 8 above.	See response above.
Scott County	Page 15 lines 25 & 26	12. Page 15 lines 25 and 26 these appropriations are already regulated by DNR. Scott County does not believe operating duplicative permitting efforts is good public policy, and its confusing to the public.	The District works in conjunction with the DNR to pro This requirement does not duplicate the DNR's effor District is considering deleting sections 4.1, 4.2, and

artman look forward to the	
ion in the Plan and the Draft report.	
n Section 8, for Is surface generated is 10,000 ndard within high value	
2, and 4.3. The highlighted tate, "Promote and infiltration, and promote	
2, and 4.3. As noted in propriations permit, the nments to the DNR.	
er and other public waters. contact you to discuss issues	
nical Advisory Commission's on of the Plan in 2011.	
to Section 3: "Regulatory course and the adjacent land the base flood without on more than a designated s 4.1, 4.2, and 4.3. Section 7 tead of floodway.	
provide additional review. fort but supports it. The nd 4.3.	
provide additional review. fort but supports it. The nd 4.3.	

Commenting entity/resident	Section and page number	Comment	Response
Scott County	Page 15 lines 34 & 35	13. Page 15 lines 34 and 35 has the District completed an analysis showing the need to regulate appropriations less than 10,000 gallons per day? We suspect that this would not make much difference. The larger appropriations already regulated by DNR are where most of this risk for cumulative drawdown impacts is located. We think the District would be better served by reviewing and commenting on Local Water Supply Master Plans as they are drafted over the next year than by starting a permitting program for small appropriations. Additionally, a deminimus threshold does need to be set here in order to focus efforts on where there is the most risk. How far down does the regulation go? 1, 100 or 1,000 gallons? Finally, well level monitoring in Scott County does not show any kind of systematic decline in ground water levels in recent years.	in Dakota County fens. The District works in conj provide additional review around the cumulative
Scott County	Page 24 lines 16-29	14. Page 24 lines 16 through 29 clarify where the standard will apply similar to comment 5 above. There should be some mechanism to focus efforts.	The District will consider deleting Sections 4.1, 4.2, a section as correctly presented in Section 8.1 will state encourage a reduction in runoff rates, encourage inf groundwater recharge."
Scott County	Page 25 lines 1-4	Page 25 lines 1 through 4 same as comment 6 above.	See response above.
Scott County	Page 25 line 5	Page 25 line 5 please clarify whether a bridge is a drainage conveyance structure.	Bridges are drainage conveyance structures.
Scott County	Page 25 line 1 and 23	Page 25 line 1 and 23 conflict.	The conflict mentioned is not obvious. Additional inf
Scott County	Page 25 lines 25-28	ge 25 lines 25-28 Page 25 lines 25 through 28. This is impractical as written. Please provide a threshold or deminimus to focus efforts where risk warrants the permitting effort. Some actions by landowners affecting their neighbors are private civil issues. If there is no public purpose government does not need to be involved. We do not have the resources to permit everything, nor do landowners want us to.	
Scott County	Page 26 & 27	Page 26 lines 26 and 27. The definition of redevelopment page 10 lines 22 through 24 conflicts with the threshold presented here - please clarify.	See response above.
Scott County	Page 26 & 27 (Rate Control)	Pages 26 and 27 section on Rate Control, much of the Cities of Savage and Shakopee, and Scott County developed in recent years using standards for rate control that exceeded the Standard proposed here (not exceed existing runoff rates) can we take credit for these past efforts with redevelopment or road projects if documentation is provided?	This concept will be considered and, if the managers request, the Plan will be updated to reflect it.
Scott County	Page 27 lines 10 & 11	Page 27 lines 10 and 11 this requirement is not possible where the existing condition is a relatively undisturbed condition such as forest. Nor would this be appropriate where the receiving waters are not impaired (i.e., meets applicable water quality standards), or where a TMDL with waste load allocations has been completed.	Proactive stormwater management, the foundation required to preserve water resource quality and ecos
Scott County	Page 27 lines 20, 23, and 27	Page 27 lines 20, 23, and 27 please clarify what "without restrictions' means.	Restriction is where attainment of the performance g
Scott County	nty Page 27 lines 27-31 Page 27 lines 27 through 31 please provide evidence that this is cost effective, and reasonable.		See the MPCA's Enhancing Stormwater Management documents the development of MIDS (minimal impa https://www.pca.state.mn.us/water/enhancing-stor minnesota
Scott County	Page 28 lines 28-30	Page 28 lines 28 through 30 see comment 22 above.	See response above.
Scott County	Page 20 line 11	25. Page 30 line 11 capitalize "Recorded."	Revised as requested.
Scott County	Page 30 line 4, Section 8.3.4	26. Page 30 line 4 section 8.3.4. Maintenance and Easement line 4 through 14 consider allowing 5th list item which would be to allow public entity to accept maintenance responsibilities with the acceptance/platting of Drainage and Utility Easements instead of having to create a document with each development/project.	The District will consider adding this option.

ry dewatering activities lining groundwater levels onjunction with the DNR to ive effect of permanent in fens. The District is taking in of these rare, high value te the DNR's effort but is sections 4.1, 4.2, and 4.3.	
, and 4.3. The highlighted	
ate, "Promote and nfiltration, and promote	
information is required.	
ne Scott WMO to fully	
ers are amendable to the	
on of this requirement, is cosystem health.	
e goal is not feasible.	
ent in Minnesota, which	
pact design standards):	
ormwater-management-	

Commenting	Section and page number	Comment	Response	
entity/resident Scott County	Page 30 line 31; Page 32 lines 1- 5	27. Page 30 line 31 and lines 1 through 5 page 32. See comment 8 above.	See response above.	
Scott County	Page 33 lines 1-14	28. Page 33 lines 1 through 14 see comment 12 above.	See response above.	
Scott County	Page 33 lines 8-10	Page 33 lines 8, 9 and 10 how does ISTS management fits with a Water Appropriation Standard or the Regulated Activity described in line 28 through 32 on page 32 or lines 1 and 2 page 33 - please clarify?	Appendix K, Section 10.3.1 b will be removed.	
Scott County	Page 33 lines 8-10	Page 33 lines 8 through 10. We apologize if the District previously routed this as a preliminary draft Standard, if so we missed it. That said we have significant concerns with what is drafted for the following reasons and ask that we meet to discuss. a. ISTS regulation is specifically named by the legislature as a county and MPCA function in MN Statues 115.55, and Rules Chapters 7080 through 7083 also give permitting authority to counties and the MPCA. b. Scott County, and we suspect other counties overlapping with LMRWD have developed and already have in place ordinances to address ISTS systems including non-compliant Systems. c. Scott County ordinances are worded differently than what is proposed by the LMRWD here, and we believe that county staff has expertise on this issue and our ordinance and approach is working to reduce non-compliant systems. Nonconforming systems in high Susceptibility groundwater areas are required to be replaced in 3 years. In addition, state code requires septic systems in Wellhead protection areas have three feet of separation to pass a compliance inspection. We also have a low interest loan program to assist property owners replace Systems. d. Local communities have completed Wellhead protection plans as well as updates and County ISTS staff review those plans, and to date none of the communities have asked for special consideration. We respectfully suggest that the LMRWD leave this issue to the local communities who are drafting the Wellhead plans and the Counties who administer the ISTS programs. If the LMRWD has evidence that more effort is needed, provide it to us and we will act accordingly. The District needs to ask itself whether it will or can take over local ISTS program, access to trained and licensed professionals, an inspection effort, databases and staffing to track system maintenance and compliance inspections. Staff will need to be available on a moment's notice to help applicants and answer questions.		



Commenting entity/resident	Section and page number	Comment	Response
Upper Mississippi Waterway Association - Taylor Luke, President	page 2-16, Section 2.2.9 Issue 9, paragraph 3	pay for commercial navigation maintenance." (Draft Watershed Mgt Plan, page 2-16, Section	The District understands and will honor its currer a navigable 9-foot channel benefits the entire sta historically have solely financed the acquisition a District's desire to secure permanent State fundin
Upper Mississippi Waterway Association - Taylor Luke, President	General	The State of Minnesota appropriated \$240,000 for each 2017 and 2018 to perform capital improvement projects and on-going O&M projects with a caveat that those funds cannot be used to finance the 9-foot channel fund; they can only be used to manage the dredge placement site. Conversation with District officials revealed that with new State money the deficit in the fund will not continue, and that revenue from the storage of private dredge material and the sale of main channel dredge material can now all be used to reduce the fund's deficit. We learned that there is also \$80,000 in the 2018 budget for the 9-foot channel fund. What will these funds be used for?	The preliminary draft 2018 budget allocated \$80 the amount was revised down to \$50,000. In 201 District to maintain the Nine Foot Channel. Expe identified in the workplan for the Dredge Site Re
Upper Mississippi Waterway Association - Taylor Luke, President		Will State recognition of economic value be reflected in future funding?	Yes. The Implementation Program contains the S Board of Water and Soil Resources.
Upper Mississippi Waterway Association - Taylor Luke, President		We understand your Board of Managers want to maintain the presence of the District at the capital after 2018 and 2019 funding to allow the District to continue to work with others in the Minnesota River Basin to reduce sediment of upstream flows. Since upstream erosion has been and continues to be an issue, what programs will be established?	As recommended by the legislature, the District i Minnesota River Sediment Reduction Strategy du Section 4, budgets \$25,000 per year to contribute Reduction Strategy.
Upper Mississippi Waterway Association - Taylor Luke, President	9-foot Channel	A narrow view of the beneficiaries of the 9-foot channel argues that non-commercial taxpayers do not benefit from the project and that it is therefore unfair to expect them to be the only ones to pay to support navigation. But they are not the only ones: The District's FY 2015 annual report covering the Nine Foot Channel Fund indicated that property taxes (commercial terminals included) and dredge site income generated just over \$94 thousand while expenses charged against that fund amounted to over \$40 thousand, resulting in a positive revenue flow of \$54 thousand. Stated another way, by this matrix alone, the fund is self-supporting and is made negative by expenses charged against it which may or may not be appropriate as navigation was one of the primary initiatives driving the establishment of the District in 1960.	more complex system. Note that some of the rev
Upper Mississippi Waterway Association - Taylor Luke, President		The 332-mile long Minnesota river, draining over16,000 square miles in Iowa, South Dakota and Minnesota, through urban and rural landscapes deposits its sediment load in the last 14.7 mile navigable channel maintained by the District's Nine Foot Channel Fund. According to Corps records, sediment flows have increased over the last two decades and wildly fluctuating annual events continue causes UMWA to expect demands in dredging to be at least at the current level of 40-50 thousand cubic yards per year. Given a correlation between river shipments and dredging, our expectation is supported by Clay Todd's statements that going forward, research suggest that declines in grain shipments from the Minnesota River are unlikely (page 38).	Noted.

rent obligation to maintain the 9-foot channel for navigation. However, state of Minnesota and not just the residents within the District, who n and maintenance for the dredge site. As discussed in the Plan, it is the ding for operation and maintenance of the 9-foot channel.

580,000 to the 9-foot Channel Fund. During the Board's Budget hearing, 2018, the District has a \$50,000 budget for all costs incurred by the epenses assigned to the 9-foot Channel Fund do not include the activities Restoration project and operation and maintenance activities.

e State's appropriation as a grant that is facilitated by the Minnesota

ct intends to work with the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency on the during fiscal years 2018 and 2019. The Implementation Program, in bute to the analysis and evaluation of the Minnesota River Sediment

ble to have positive revenue in FY 2015 have not always existed. To a self-supporting purely off the FY2015 information over simplifies a revenue received in FY 2015 was actually income that should have been of negotiations for the sale of the main channel dredge material for Y 2015. Additionally, the structure of the agreement for sale of the main the last half of the stockpile upfront. The District will endeavor to find

Commenting entity/resident	Section and page number	Comment	Response
Upper Mississippi Waterway Association - Taylor Luke, President	Dredge Site Probable Cost Analysis	This February 2017 analysis (LMRWD ProForma under Private CIP) contains a negative \$1,648,721 under year 2017 which seems to never be totally offset by Private/COE Revenues. What is the explanation for this?	As explained in the Estimate of Probable Cost, Ca \$1,648,721 under year 2017 represents capital ir reconfiguring the site and for upgrading Vernon was not part of the analysis.
Upper Mississippi Waterway Association - Taylor Luke, President		We reserve the right to make changes to our comments to reflect outcome of public hearings.	These comments and modifications to them will closes the public hearing April 18, 2018, to subm closes.

# Final Dratt

, Cargill East River (MN-14.2 RMP) Dredge Material Site Tech Memo, the improvement costs to be paid for by private dredge users for on Avenue. How this cost is funded is up to the private dredge users and

vill be a part of the Plan amendment record. UMWA has until the District bmit comments. Comments will not be accepted after the public hearing



Commenting entity/resident	If resident, resident's address	Comment	Response
Adam Buenz	No address provided	Just a quick question. We farm part of the land that this is slated for after reading through the documentation provided on the plan web site. It looks to say we can't affect vegetation, which I suppose obviously means we have to shut down our farm?	Farms/agricultural practices will not be affected by the proposed st upcoming revision to the proposed standard.
Andrew Carlson, Representative	No address provided	At the request of several Bloomington residents, I'm contacting you regarding the Lower Minnesota River Watershed District's draft Watershed Management Plan. I am aware that the comment period for the draft document expired on September 20th and that the next step is to hold a public hearing. My constituents' concern is that the hearing is intended to be held in Chaska, MN. However, I was unable to find any information about the public hearing on the website: http://www.watersheddistrict.org/index.html The City estimates that over 600 properties in Bloomington would be impacted by the new regulations proposed in the plan. A hearing in Bloomington would likely increase the number of Bloomington residents able to attend. Thank you for your consideration and I look forward to your response regarding the possibility of hosting a public hearing in the City of Bloomington.	A continuation of the public hearing was considered and granted by 25, 2017 and will close April 18, 2018. The District coordinated four locations throughout the District (including Bloomington), posted lo and emailed information to all with email addresses in the District's
Belinda Caspari	10785 Hopkins Circle, Bloomington, MN	It would be nice to have a hearing or informational meeting in Bloomington where we all live so we can understand the impact and what we can do about it.	A continuation of the public hearing was considered and granted by 25, 2017 and will close April 18, 2018. The District coordinated four locations throughout the District (including Bloomington), posted lo and emailed information to all with email addresses in the District's
Belinda Caspari	10785 Hopkins Circle, Bloomington, MN	When I look at the map my house is in the yellow and light blue lined areas along with my neighbors. How will this affect my house and my neighbors? I looked very briefly at the over 1000 page proposal and would like a quick summery in layman's terms how we are affected by this.	Thank you for your continued partnership and support.
Belinda Caspari	10785 Hopkins Circle, Bloomington, MN	How will this affect my property and its value?	The intent of the proposed Steep Slopes Standard is to protect prop speculate on the impact the standards may have on the value of a p structures made nonconforming by the proposed standards may co circumstances be improved or expanded, it is unlikely there will be
Belinda Caspari	10785 Hopkins Circle, Bloomington, MN	I know I have asked the city in the past if I can remove the buckthorn and other invasive species of plants and the dead trees that could fall down at anytime and they have said NO. And they were not willing to do this work since it costs too much and it takes too much time. So, with this new amendment how are you going to clean the area up and deal with the maintenance of it?	The proposed standard includes the following exception: Plantings clearing of noxious, exotic, or invasive vegetation or the pruning of public hazard. The following additional exceptions will be included: gardens; removal of vegetation in emergency situations; right-of-wa forestry activities. The District does not conduct vegetation remova Share Program that may be applied to invasive vegetation removal.
Belinda Caspari	10785 Hopkins Circle, Bloomington, MN	As for my house and remodeling, updating, and fixing my house and property, How will I be limited in doing this? For example I have a shed that is in that area and it needs to probably be completely redone, will this affect my ability to do this? Or if I have to rebuild up my retaining wall how will this be affected? Or just basic erosion/foundation issues? Or if something happened with an accident/fire damage/tornado/storm/etc. to my house will I be able to rebuild? What if I just want to do basic landscaping to make my house and property look better or to help with water drainage? I'm not sure what other things I could possibly need to do to my house and how will this affect my ability to do what is needed or helpful to it?	
Belinda Caspari	10785 Hopkins Circle, Bloomington, MN		The proposed standard will contain an exemption for maintenance accomplished under certain performance standards.

d standard. An exception will be incorporated in
d by the managers. The public hearing opened October
our community informational meetings at various
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property and property values. The District cannot
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be a decrease in value.
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of trees or vegetation that are dead, diseased, or pose a
led: maintenance of existing lawns, landscaping, and
f-way maintenance for public facilities; and agricultural ad
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nce or replacement of existing structures so long as
nce or replacement of existing structures so long as

Commenting	If resident, resident's address	Comment	Response
entity/resident			
Bob Schmit	11001 Girard Curve, Bloomington, MN	I read (or tried to read) the proposed standards, but despite being a practicing lawyer for almost 48 years, found the Watershed Management Plan to be nearly incomprehensible. Nevertheless, I am a long time supporter of land management which brings me to my current dilemma. When we purchased our home some 14 years ago, we found that a steep meadow at the rear of our lot appeared to be weed choked and eroding. As a consequence, we hired Prairie Restorations Inc. in Princeton to convert the meadow to a prairie garden. The garden was successful almost immediately, but prairie gardens need a periodic controlled burn to be successful long term,. Prairie Restorations was able to do one early controlled burn, but unfortunately Bloomington City Code now has an inflexible prohibition of such burns if there is any structure within 200 yards of the burn site. In our case, there are three such properties, but despite the written consent of each, proposed burns have been denied by the Bloomington fire marshal. I am confident that a prairie garden would further your plan, but without being able to do a burn, our meadow is returning to weeds and erosion. My plea to you is to work with Bloomington to amend the Code provision to at least allow such exceptions to the Code that the Bloomington fire marshall may approve, subject to any conditions he may require. I know this is a minor issue in your overall plan, but thank you for anything you can do.	The proposed standard includes the following exception: Plantings clearing of noxious, exotic, or invasive vegetation or the pruning of public hazard. The following additional exceptions will be included gardens; removal of vegetation in emergency situations; right-of-w forestry activities.
Bob VanCleave, PhD	8920 River Ridge Rd., Bloomington, MN 55425	I am concerned, but also do understand that certain controls are needed as I have witnessed one of my neighbors take a buzz saw to the trees in their backyard to get their "view." Really terrible what they did.	The District shares your concern, and it is one of the reasons we ha
Brian and Kristen Dueber	Bloomington, MN	Second, that you hold a public hearing in Bloomington near to the people impacted.	A continuation of the public hearing was considered and granted b 25, 2017 and will close April 18, 2018. The District coordinated four locations throughout the District (including Bloomington), posted I and emailed information to all with email addresses in the District'
Brian and Kristen Dueber	Bloomington, MN	First: Has your committee provided any type of lot level assessments to help residents determine impacts to specific properties?	Lot level assessments have not been completed for properties.
Brian and Kristen Dueber	Bloomington, MN	We would like to request the following steps. First, that you describe the impact of these proposed changes at an individual property level.	Please attend the District's public hearing and/or contact the Distri improvement may be affected by the proposed Bluff Standard.
Brian and Kristen Dueber	Bloomington, MN	Can I add a firepit inside the proposed 40' buffer?	The Bluff Standard has been modified. It will be called the Steep Sl or a structure setback. Fire pits are allowed within the overlay dist
Brian and Kristen Dueber	Bloomington, MN	In our opinion, the new plan's restrictions, to the best of our understanding, are unfair and unnecessary. We respectfully request the amendment be rejected.	The mission and the purpose of the Lower Minnesota River Waters River, lakes, streams, wetlands, and groundwater within its jurisdic to address steep slope erosion, protect downstream water resourc slope erosion, and promote public safety by limiting land-disturbing
Brian and Kristen Dueber	Bloomington, MN	Can I remove invasive species (buckthorn, garlic mustard, Chinese elm) inside the proposed 40' buffer? Can I add/modify any landscaping inside the proposed 40' buffer?	The proposed standard includes the following exception: Plantings clearing of noxious, exotic, or invasive vegetation or the pruning of public hazard. The following additional exceptions will be included gardens; removal of vegetation in emergency situations; right-of-w forestry activities.
Brian and Kristen Dueber	Bloomington, MN	Can I replace an existing patio inside the proposed 40' buffer?	The proposed standard will contain an exemption for maintenance is accomplished under certain performance standards. The
Brian and Kristen Dueber	Bloomington, MN	Can I make modifications or improvements to my home located inside the proposed 40' buffer?	The proposed standard will contain an exemption for maintenance is accomplished under certain performance standards. The existing proposed standards may continue, be maintained, and under some
Brian and Kristen Dueber	Bloomington, MN	If my home is damaged in a storm, can I rebuild it on the existing footprint?	The proposed standard will contain an exemption for maintenance is accomplished under certain performance standards. The existing proposed standards may continue, be maintained, and under some

ngs that enhance the natural vegetation or the selective
of trees or vegetation that are dead, diseased, or pose a
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Slopes Standard and no longer incorporates structures
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diction. The proposed Steep Slopes Standard is intended
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Commenting entity/resident	If resident, resident's address	Comment	Response
Brian and Kristen Dueber	Bloomington, MN	Second, we have reviewed the proposed amendment. To the best of my understanding, I will not be able to install so much as a small fire pit within 40' of the bluff edge. Restrictions include fire pits, patios, retaining walls, rain barrels, gazebos, tents, or other structures. Am I allowed to replace the patio presently under the deck in my back yard? What about adding a small retaining wall? It appears we cannot even remove buckthorn ('any removal of vegetation').	The proposed standard will contain an exemption for maintenance is accomplished under certain performance standards. The intent of property and property values. The District cannot speculate on the in particular property. Because existing uses and structures made non- be maintained, and under some circumstances be improved or expar- The proposed standard includes the following exception: Plantings of clearing of noxious, exotic, or invasive vegetation or the pruning of public hazard. The following additional exceptions will be included: gardens; removal of vegetation in emergency situations; right-of-wat and forestry activities.
Brian and Kristen Dueber	Bloomington, MN	The proposed regulations are unnecessary and unfair. They will negatively impact the enjoyment we have from living in the area and our ability to perform basic maintenance and upkeep on our property, let alone making simple improvements, such as adding a fire pit or retaining wall. We have regularly removed invasive species from our property. The new regulations appear to forbid event that simple (and responsible) project.	The proposed standard will contain an exemption for maintenance is accomplished under certain performance standards. The intent of property and property values. The District cannot speculate on the in particular property. Because existing uses and structures made non- be maintained, and under some circumstances be improved or expar- The proposed standard includes the following exception: Plantings to clearing of noxious, exotic, or invasive vegetation or the pruning of public hazard. The following additional exceptions will be included: gardens; removal of vegetation in emergency situations; right-of-wa and forestry activities.
Chris Fuller	8901 River Ridge Circle, Bloomington, MN 55425	My city, Bloomington, recently made me aware of the new Water Management Plan for the Minnesota River Bluff. I have reviewed Appendix K, but do not see any pages with strike-through text as indicated on the web page. Would you please direct me to the currently in-force standard and a document which includes all changes, including deletions and additions?	The standards presented in Appendix K were removed from Section are in Section 3 of the Plan.
Chris Knutson	575 Lakota Lane, Chanhassen, MN 55318	Although I support the mission of the Lower Minnesota River Watershed District I urge you to avoid changing the definitions surrounding 'bluffs'. Specifically - the expansion of bluff zones to include areas that	References to bluffs will be removed.
Chris Sanden	10428 5th Ave. Circle		The mission and the purpose of the Lower Minnesota River Watersh River, lakes, streams, wetlands, and groundwater within its jurisdict to address steep slope erosion, protect downstream water resource slope erosion, and promote public safety by limiting land-disturbing
Christi Duffy	No address provided	I am very concerned about the proposed changes for bluff properties in Bloomington. I have been the proud owner of one of these properties for a bit over two years. We consider this our forever home and bought it in anticipation of a lifetime of enjoyment of the property and the beautiful surrounding area. We enjoy seeing abundant wildlife in our yard and enjoying the many trails in the area. The environment is an important part of the quality of life in this area. (Your restrictions aren't needed.) This proposal cannot be fully understood in such a short period of time. Today, for the first time, I saw a map that outlines the impacted areas. And, our comments are also due today. That does not seem reasonable. Not only will this negatively impact all of the bluff homeowners, it will also negatively impact our neighbors. Frequently the bluff homes have higher values than the other houses on the street. If the bluff homes cannot be improved with additions, remodeling, landscaping, decks, etc., their value will decrease and so will all properties near them. Please reconsider your plans for my HOME.	



nded, it is unlikely there will be a decrease in value.

Commenting entity/resident	If resident, resident's address	Comment	Response
Craig Diederichs	9551 Riverview Road, Eden Prairie, MN 55347	I contacted Linda Loomis to discuss the mailing that was sent out on the public hearing notice that is scheduled for October 25th in Chaska. All the previous information I received did not explain the grandfather clause as Linda explained to me. That certainly helps land owners with structures on their property. My understanding is that I can still rebuild if the property is damaged or needs replacing for some reason. She also mentioned this goes with the property, not the owner, so as long as the property is fully developed, the current landowner should not see a reduction in value of the property. For others that still have undeveloped lots, the new proposals would take affect. This would drastically reduce the value of that property. I understand the desire to improve the water and local environment to the water, but I don't understand how anyone could justify reducing somebody else's property without some kind of compensation.	The standard will not prevent the safe and responsible use of proper of property. Rather, the standard, once reduced to municipal contr on such use and development to ensure that each occurs responsib concerns related to bluffs and steep slopes. Such standards, munici of property.
Dan Zwiers, Trustee	220 Flying Cloud Drive, Chanhassen, MN	Based upon the proposed bluff limits, a substantial portion of the developable land within this parcel will be eliminated. This will result in a substantial diminution in the value of the property with no corresponding benefit. No waterway abuts the property so while there are steep grades on the property, the stated purposes behind the proposed limitations should not apply. We ask that you remove our property from the restricted areas.	The standard will not prevent the safe and responsible use of property of property. Rather, the standard, once reduced to municipal contron such use and development to ensure that each occurs responsible concerns related to bluffs and steep slopes. Such standards, municipal of property.
David Dikken	3701 Overlook Drive, Bloomington, MN 55431	I have been made aware of your actions regarding the Water Shed District's plan that will likely affect my property. Please consider withdrawing the new plan and taking a more serious effort at determining the individual impact to affected persons. My wife and I have taken seriously being good stewards of our property and have removed invasive species, and worked diligently to be conscientious. I have the specific following concerns: 1. The regulations are overly excessive. Please advise me on how I can give input and what actions you may be taking to serve the concerns listed above. Also please clarify what are the new proposed changes.2. Input from impacted individuals has not been adequately sought. (only one available meeting in one location??)	A continuation of the public hearing was considered and granted b 25, 2017 and will close April 18, 2018. The District coordinated four locations throughout the District (including Bloomington), posted lo and emailed information to all with email addresses in the District'
David Dikken	3701 Overlook Drive, Bloomington, MN 55431	3. No impact study has been made regarding the effects on individuals, the intent is simply one sided and indicative of statist (we know best).	The District watershed management plan provides justification for Minnesota Rules and Statutes, the District drafted a SONAR for the District's website and notification of its availability emailed to indiv
Don Stiles	Auto Club Road, Bloomington, MN	I am writing you because I received a letter from the City of Bloomington indicating that the Watershed District is proposing a Management Plan Amendment. My wife Leslie and I built on the bluff 20 years ago because we love this location and the animals. We have spent much time and treasure caring for the environment, the trees, and the bluff through managing the prairie and wildflowers, including removing buckthorn and performing periodic prairie burns that are managed appropriately. We want the bluff to continue to flourish and be a safe and inviting place to live and visit for both humans and the wealth of animal life. We cannot grow much or create flower beds because the animals eat just about everything, but that is just fine with us. Nature has a way of doing the right thing, like when too many rabbits appear, so do the hawks, and then the hawks move on and the rabbits re-appear. I looked at the website and the extensive language which is very confusing. I am writing you today to ask that the Watershed continue to properly manage the bluff areas, but not to the extent it prevents homeowners who also care about the environment to manage their individual portions of this magnificent bluff. We do not plan to build any more than currently exists the only change we made to our property in the last 20 years was to restructure the deck and supporting hill in order to minimize erosion of the bluff. A 40-foot ban from the bluff seems extensive to me because it may take a retaining wall closer than that in order to prevent further natural erosion. Buckthorn removal and control is an ongoing process. We removed and burned the extensive buckthorn some 15 years ago, but seeds carried by birds and roots that continue to sprout require us to be vigilant and continue to remove this damaging plant that is not indigenous to Minnesota. In fact, I organized all the neighbors around us to join in that effort, and almost everyone did, so continuing maintenance has been controllable. Those are my thoughts, so I hope whateve	The proposed standard includes the following exception: Plantings clearing of noxious, exotic, or invasive vegetation or the pruning of public hazard. The following additional exceptions will be included: gardens; removal of vegetation in emergency situations; right-of-w forestry activities. It is also important to note that the proposed star replacement of existing structures so long as such is accomplished to the structure of the start of th



Commenting	If resident, resident's address	Comment	Response
entity/resident Doug Alleman	18971 Vogel Farm Trail, Eden Prairie, MN	I live at 18971 Vogel Farm Trail and received a notice of public hearing. We moved here in 2016 and the home was built in 2002. I think I am back about 30ft from the bluff. Can you tell me how what is being proposed would impact me?	Without a clear presentation of planned projects on your property, changes proposed may have on your property. A continuation of th managers. The public hearing opened October 25, 2017 and will clo community informational meetings at various locations throughout about the meetings on the District's website, and emailed informat
Duane Marcotte	10233 10th Ave Circle S, Bloomington, MN 55420	The only way I heard about this program was that Bloomington sent out a notice this month addressing this issue. Why didn't the LMRWD inform us of this plan months ago?	The District is following the requirements of Statute Chapters 103B part 8410. The District is providing notices as required in statute an amendments occurred over the course of 12 months and involved r technical organizations within the District. The intention was that the interests of both their communities and residents. A continuation of the managers. The public hearing opened October 25, 2017 and will community informational meetings at various locations throughout the District's website, and emailed information to all with email additional meetings.
Duane Marcotte	10233 10th Ave Circle S, Bloomington, MN 55420	I looked up some info on the internet but that is all a bunch of legalize junk. Do you have a document detailing in simple terms what my rights and legal status are under the circumstances I have listed above? I believe old established residential areas be exempt from this program and only new development required to be in compliance.	The District is proceeding with the amendments and considering re- changes. It is incumbent on residents within the District to review the relevance to the individual property or interest. The proposed stand property will retain existing use privileges if made nonconforming b
Elizabeth Vogel	No address provided	Phillippi Parcel	Landowners and other interested stakeholders can provide comment A continuation of the public hearing was considered and granted by 25, 2017 and will close April 18, 2018.
Harold Duane Saunders	9901 Riverview Road, Eden Prairie, MN 55347	I just found out from the city of Eden Prairie about the plan to establish new standards for land near the Minnesota River Bluff. I find it odd that I had to hear about it from the city rather than the LMRWD itself. That aside, I would like to have someone explain to me how this will effect the property I own on the bluff. I own two lots that presently have houses on them and two lots that have not been developed. I purchased these properties assuming that they were valuable and would someday become a good investment for my family. Although I don't understand the proposals fully, I am afraid that they may make one or more of these properties more or less worthless. That's what I need to know and I think it is reasonable to ask that someone from the LMRWD help me understand these proposals.	The District is proceeding with the amendments and considering re- changes. It is incumbent on residents within the District to review t relevance to the individual property or interest. The proposed stand
Jack and Beverly Miles	171 Spring Valley Drive, Bloomington, MN 55420	We respectfully request you hold informational and comment meetings in ALL cities for residents that will be impacted. Why are you quietly holding one meeting, far from the residents of Bloomington where the majority of the property owners subject to your restrictions live?	The District is following the requirements of Statute Chapters 103B part 8410. The District is providing notices as required in statute an amendments occurred over the course of 12 months and involved r technical organizations within the District. The intention was that to interests of both their communities and residents. A continuation o the managers. The public hearing opened October 25, 2017 and will community informational meetings at various locations throughout the District's website, and emailed information to all with email additional meetings.
Jack and Beverly Miles	171 Spring Valley Drive, Bloomington, MN 55420	Another informal request was made to reguide Outlot A. A rezoning was no longer necessary since under the existing zoning a single family detached dwelling with accessary structures is a permitted use. Again Mr. Phillippi was rebuffed this time due to the proposed change to the Bluff Standards being considered by the LMRWD. If the proposed Bluff Standards are adopted no economically viable use of Outlot A will remain.	The District is proceeding with the amendments and considering re- changes. It is incumbent on residents within the District to review the relevance to the individual property or interest. The proposed stand property will retain existing use privileges if made nonconforming be hearing was considered and granted by the managers. The public he 18, 2018. The District coordinated four community informational me (including Bloomington), posted logistics about the meetings on the with email addresses in the District's system.
Jack and Beverly Miles	171 Spring Valley Drive, Bloomington, MN 55420	Our City of Bloomington has done a very good job over the years balancing bluff conservation, use and property owner's rights. Why is the Lower MN River Watershed District getting involved now? They weren't concerned when we were spending our own money to protect and improve the bluff but they feel it necessary to impose unfair restrictions?	The mission and the purpose of the Lower Minnesota River Watersh River, lakes, streams, wetlands, and groundwater within its jurisdict to address steep slope erosion, protect downstream water resource slope erosion, and promote public safety by limiting land-disturbing

ty, the District cannot speculate on the effects the f the public hearing was considered and granted by the close April 18, 2018. The District coordinated four out the District (including Bloomington), posted logistics nation to all with email addresses in the District's system.

3B and 103D as well as Minnesota Administrative Rules and rule. The planning process related to the proposed ed representatives of the various cities, counties, and at the participants in this process would represent the n of the public hearing was considered and granted by will close April 18, 2018. The District coordinated four out the District, posted logistics about the meetings on addresses in the District's system.

revisions and does not intend to provide a summary of v the proposed amendments and determine their andards will apply to all property. Existing developed g by the proposed change.

ments up to and during the public hearing on October 25. I by the managers. The public hearing opened October

revisions and does not intend to provide a summary of v the proposed amendments and determine their andards will apply to all property. Existing developed g by the proposed change.

3B and 103D as well as Minnesota Administrative Rules and rule. The planning process related to the proposed ed representatives of the various cities, counties, and at the participants in this process would represent the n of the public hearing was considered and granted by will close April 18, 2018. The District coordinated four out the District, posted logistics about the meetings on addresses in the District's system.

revisions and does not intend to provide a summary of w the proposed amendments and determine their andards will apply to all property. Existing developed g by the proposed change. A continuation of the public c hearing opened October 25, 2017 and will close April I meetings at various locations throughout the District the District's website, and emailed information to all

ershed District is to manage and protect the Minnesota diction. The proposed Steep Slopes Standard is intended urces from the effects of sediment transport from steep ping activities and other land alteration on steep slopes.
Commenting	If resident, resident's address	Comment	Response
entity/resident	,		
Jack and Beverly Miles	171 Spring Valley Drive, Bloomington, MN 55420	property owners have the right to upgrade their property, if needed? Who/what will make this determination?	The proposed standard includes the following exception: Plantings that enhance the natural vegetation or the selective clearing of noxious, exotic, or invasive vegetation or the pruning of trees or vegetation that are dead, diseased, or pose a public hazard. The following additional exceptions will be included: maintenance of existing lawns, landscaping, and gardens; removal of vegetation in emergency situations; right-of-way maintenance for public facilities; and agricultural ad forestry activities. The proposed standard will contain an exemption for maintenance or replacement of existing structures so long as such is accomplished under certain performance standards. The existing uses and structures made nonconforming by the proposed standards may continue, be maintained, and under some circumstances be improved or expanded.
	171 Spring Valley Drive, Bloomington, MN 55420		The watershed District is not imposing an unfunded mandate on local governments or residents. Rather, the obligations as articulated by the legislature.
Jeff Cowan (15-year Eden Prairie resident)	No address provided	would only seem to intrude on our rights as land owners and prove to be counter- productive over the long	Noted. The District presents the need for the revision in the Plan and the Draft SONAR.
Jeff Cowan (15-year Eden Prairie resident)	No address provided		The District respectfully disagrees. The District is required by law to conduct a resource inventory; develop water and resource management issues resulting from that inventory; develop policies, goals, and objectives to address those resource management issues; and consolidate all of those components into a watershed management plan. A component of the plan is the development of standards for resource management that must be incorporated into official controls by local governments within the District. This plan amendment is the culmination of the District's most recent inventory and planning process. The standards being proposed are, in the Board's judgment, appropriately targeted to address the concerns revealed in the most recent resource inventory.
Jeff Cowan (15-year Eden Prairie resident)	No address provided	certainly devalue the land in areas affected.	The intent of the proposed Steep Slopes Standard is to protect property and property values. The District cannot speculate on the impact the standards may have on the value of a particular property. Because existing uses and structures made nonconforming by the proposed standards may continue, be maintained, and under some circumstances be improved or expanded, it is unlikely there will be a decrease in value.
Jeff Cowan (15-year Eden Prairie resident)	No address provided	to be a direct result of the on-going tiling of farm land in greater Minnesota. The water they are capturing from rain runoff was handled perfectly by the centuries old natural pond system. It is now being dumped	The mission and purpose of the Lower Minnesota River Watershed District is to manage and protect the Minnesota River, lakes, streams, wetlands, and groundwater within its jurisdiction in addition to addressing the potential conditions that may cause steep slope erosion and affect public safety. The District also goes to the legislature annually to request funds and funds projects outside of its jurisdiction that addresses the issues mentioned.
Jeff Cowan (15-year Eden Prairie resident)	No address provided	implement changes to definitions and descriptions would only allow it to be overrun with buckthorn, honey suckle and the other invasive plants and would cause more damage than the careful management most of this ground is experiencing today. The people that have chosen to own land and live along the Minnesota did so because we have a love and respect for this land. We know this comes with	The proposed standard includes the following exception: Plantings that enhance the natural vegetation or the selective clearing of noxious, exotic, or invasive vegetation or the pruning of trees or vegetation that are dead, diseased, or pose a public hazard. The following additional exceptions will be included: maintenance of existing lawns, landscaping, and gardens; removal of vegetation in emergency situations; right-of-way maintenance for public facilities; and agricultural ad forestry activities. It is also important to note that the proposed standard will contain an exemption for maintenance or replacement of existing structures so long as such is accomplished under certain performance standards.
Jim Rohde, Dell EMC	12473 Riverview Rd.	Will the proposed changes grandfather properties that are non-compliant by the new standards (Appendix k) if they are adopted?	Existing developed property will retain existing use privileges if made nonconforming by the proposed change.

Commenting entity/resident	If resident, resident's address	Comment	Response
John Svenkeson / Lisa Greenslit	3721 Overlook Drive, Bloomington, MN	Is the bluff standard 5.4 in the appendix a new addition to the Management Plan? How were these goals arrived at? It seems entirely too overreaching, restrictive , and unnecessary. It places restrictions on private property that on some lots along the bluffs would effect the majority of the acreage contained of those lots. Taking away the rights of those property owners (ourselves included) to use their land as they see fit. There is more than adequate natural buffer zone and public property between these bluffs and the river to ensure adequate filtration of run off. I spend a considerable amount of time hiking, kayaking, and fishing, in the affected areas and see little or no evidence of land abuse or erosion from such. The south side of the valley is industrial, with shipping ports, quarries, and landfills.	The Bluff Standard (now Steep Slopes Standard) in Appendix K is no management since the 2011 approved Plan and before then. The n Watershed District is to manage and protect the Minnesota River, I jurisdiction. The proposed Steep Slopes Standard is intended to add resources from the effects of sediment transport from steep slope of disturbing activities and other land alteration on bluffs. The Steep S creates use restrictions or nonconformities. Rather, the current sta an otherwise permitted use, structure, or activity. The engineering responsible, safe, and sustainable uses, structures, and activities or than restrictive, neither variances nor conditional uses are required
John Svenkeson / Lisa Greenslit	3721 Overlook Drive, Bloomington, MN	The mission and the purpose of the Lower Minnesota River Watershed District is to manage and protect the Minnesota River, lakes, streams, wetlands and groundwater within its jurisdiction. The proposed Steep Slopes standard is intended to address steep slope erosion, protect downstream water resources from the effects of sediment transport from steep slope erosion, and to promote public safety by limiting land disturbing activities and other land alteration on steep slopes.	The mission and the purpose of the Lower Minnesota River Waters River, lakes, streams, wetlands, and groundwater within its jurisdic to address steep slope erosion, protect downstream water resource slope erosion, and promote public safety by limiting land-disturbing
Karen Hohertz-Jacobs	11018 Glen Wilding Lane, Bloomington, MN	c) I cannot make the scheduled public hearing and don't understand why there isn't one in Bloomington prior to this being finalized. I very respectfully request that the District withdraw the current proposal and begin the next phase of revision with resident input. A majority of the people that live along the Bluff absolutely love it and are willing to make changes as long as we have a voice and understand them.	A continuation of the public hearing was considered and granted b 25, 2017 and will close April 18, 2018. The District coordinated four locations throughout the District (including Bloomington), posted b and emailed information to all with email addresses in the District'
Karen Hohertz-Jacobs	11018 Glen Wilding Lane, Bloomington, MN	b) I don't feel there is a clear description of the changes that would be required to existing lots if these regulations were in effect. I currently have a fire pit. What happens to that?	The Bluff Standard has been modified. It will be called the Steep Slo or a structure setback.
Karen Hohertz-Jacobs	11018 Glen Wilding Lane, Bloomington, MN	I care VERY much about bluff erosion and the watershed district. I understand the need and intent to protect these areas. My comments / concerns are: a) I work very hard to manage invasive species of plants along the area of my lot that I believe is in the bluff protection zone. I plant and promote native species and try to remove buckthorn and other noxious weeds. It would be an excessive burden for me to have to have pay for a survey of my property and/or have inspections and approvals prior to removing these types of weeds. The wording in the Appendix K leads me to believe that this would be required.	gardens; removal of vegetation in emergency situations; right-of-ward forestry activities.
Katherine Mullen	Glen Wilding Lane, Bloomington, MN	what does the proposed plan specifically mean to us residents here?	Without a clear presentation of planned projects on your property, changes proposed may have on your property. A continuation of th managers. The public hearing opened October 25, 2017 and will clo community informational meetings at various locations throughout about the meetings on the District's website, and emailed informat
Katherine Mullen	Glen Wilding Lane, Bloomington, MN	The two below sections in particular raise concerns (Strategy 4.3.1 and 5.4.1 General Bluff Standard). Looking at Figure L1, it looks like Glen Wilding Lane is in the orange area (i.e. the bluffs). As a resident living on Glen Wilding Lane, are we considered "part of an approved local water plan" and not subject to the new bluff standards under 5.4.1, including the 40 foot set back? My husband and I want to continue living here in peace with our natural surroundings.	
Kurt and Heidi Scheppmann	40 Settlers Court, Chanhassen, MN 55317	We've reviewed some of the materials online, but it's still not clear to us whether this would impact us, and whether we should be concerned about it. Can you please tell us what, if any, impact this would have on us?	Without a clear presentation of planned projects on your property, changes proposed may have on your property. A continuation of th managers. The public hearing opened October 25, 2017 and will clo community informational meetings at various locations throughout about the meetings on the District's website, and emailed informat

not new. A bluff standard has been a part of the District e mission and purpose of the Lower Minnesota River er, lakes, streams, wetlands, and groundwater, within its address steep slopes erosion, protect downstream water be erosion, and promote public safety by limiting landep Slopes Standard, as currently modified, no longer standard only adds an engineering review requirement to ng review requirement is established to ensure on steep slopes. Because it is now permissive rather red.

ershed District is to manage and protect the Minnesota diction. The proposed Steep Slopes Standard is intended arces from the effects of sediment transport from steep bing activities and other land alteration on steep slopes.

d by the managers. The public hearing opened October our community informational meetings at various d logistics about the meetings on the District's website, ct's system.

Slopes Standard and no longer incorporates structures

ss that enhance the natural vegetation or the selective of trees or vegetation that are dead, diseased, or pose a ed: maintenance of existing lawns, landscaping, and way maintenance for public facilities; and agricultural ad

ty, the District cannot speculate on the effects the f the public hearing was considered and granted by the close April 18, 2018. The District coordinated four out the District (including Bloomington), posted logistics nation to all with email addresses in the District's system.

, it may identify certain areas in the LMRWD's proposed getation removal, development, and redevelopment are

ty, the District cannot speculate on the effects the f the public hearing was considered and granted by the close April 18, 2018. The District coordinated four out the District (including Bloomington), posted logistics nation to all with email addresses in the District's system.

Commenting	If resident, resident's address	Comment	Response
entity/resident			
Larkin Hoffman (for	8300 Norman Center Drive, Suite	We represent Greg and Kelli Hueler and Hueler Properties, LLC, (together, the "Huelers"), the owners of	The District has already undertaken revisions to the proposed stand
Gregory and Kelli Hueler)	1000, Minneapolis, MN 55437	residential properties located in the City of Eden Prairie with respect to the draft watershed management plan standards ("Draft Plan") promulgated by the Lower Minnesota River Watershed District (LMRWD or "District"). The Huelers own two parcels comprising approximately 20.5 acres in Eden Prairie within the District, including an approximately 4.5-acre parcel addressed as 12300 Riverview Road (the "Residence") and a 16.08-acre property (the "Vacant Prope1iy") immediately west of the Residence (together, the "Hueler Property"). The revised Plan shows nearly the entirety of the Vacant Prope1iy and the southwest portion of the Residence as being located in the Bluff Overlay District. As property owners, the Huelers object to the inclusion of the Hueler Property in the Bluff Overlay District, and object to several proposed standards in the Draft Plan, including the following: 1. Section 5 .4.1.a. Section 5 .4.1.a increases the setback for all new structures from the top of a bluff from 30 feet to 40 feet. The increased setback will cause a significant po1iion of the Hueler Property to be precluded from future development, potentially limiting all use of the Hueler Property. This is an unacceptable increase in regulation that will cause substantial decrease in market value of the Property. 2. Section 6.4.1.2.1. Section 6.4.1.2.1 establishes a new requirement for routine inspections at least once every 7 days and within 24 hours of significant rain fall. We object to the inclusion of this language as it is burdensome and unnecessarily prescriptive.	permissive and allows development and redevelopment with condi The standard will not prevent the safe and responsible use of proper of property. Rather, the standard, once reduced to municipal contro on such use and development to ensure that each occurs responsib concerns related to steep slopes. Such standards, municipal contro property.
Larkin Hoffman (for Gregory and Kelli Hueler)	8300 Norman Center Drive, Suite 1000, Minneapolis, MN 55437	3. Section 8.3.1.2. Section 8.3.1.2 of the Draft increases the requirement for the amount of post- construction stormwater runoff that must be retained onsite from a 0.5 inch rainfall to 1-inch of runoff. This standard should remain 0.5 inches. 4. Section 8.3.1.3. Section 8.3.1.3 of the Draft establishes a new requirement that projects shall have no net increase from existing conditions in total phosphorus and total suspended solids to receiving waterbodies. We object to this standard as it is too broad and does not allow for individualized conditions. The above standards impose unnecessary and excessive constraints on properties in the District, including the Hueler Property, for a purported public purpose. The Minnesota Constitution requires that "[p ]private property shall not be taken, destroyed or damaged for public use without just compensation therefor, first paid or secured." Minn. Const. Art. 1, Sec. 13. The Minnesota Supreme Court has held that where such land use regulations are imposed "there must be compensation to landowners whose property has suffered a substantial and measurable decline in market value as a result of the regulations." McShane v. Faribault, 292 N.W.2d 253, 258 (Minn. 1980). The additional regulations imposed by the Draft Plan, particularly the Bluff Impact Overlay District and the proposed setbacks, threaten to restrict or outright preclude development in the District, including development on the Hueler Property. The restrictions on reasonable development will cause a substantial and measurable decline in property value as a direct result of the proposed regulations. Accordingly, we strongly request that the District revise the Draft Plan to eliminate the above-referenced regulations.	The District has already undertaken revisions to the proposed stand the District is the detrimental impact of stormwater discharge from stormwater management to the face of steep slopes. The District h resulting in significant public and private expense to correct environ unreasonable to expect property owners to use or develop their pro proposed standard as revised will ensure such use and developmer landowners. The standard will not prevent the safe and responsible development of property. Rather, the standard, once reduced to m place conditions on such use and development to ensure that each the resource concerns related to steep slopes. Such standards, mur taking of property.
Larry & Janet Butler	11600 Palmer Road, Bloomington, MN	4. Finally, we respectfully request that public hearings with resident and owner input be held at the City of Bloomington with respect to properties in Bloomington that will be affected by any future Lower Minnesota River Watershed District – Proposed Standards and Water Management Plans.	A continuation of the public hearing was considered and granted b 25, 2017 and will close April 18, 2018. The District coordinated four locations throughout the District (including Bloomington), posted lo and emailed information to all with email addresses in the District's
Larry & Janet Butler	11600 Palmer Road, Bloomington, MN	3a. a. What was the criteria for how and why the Proposed Impact Map was drawn the way it is, and more specifically what are the definitions for the Proposed Impact Setback Area, the Proposed Impact Area, Structures Within the Proposed Impact Setback Area, and Parcels Within Proposed Impact Areas? The proposed impact map appears to have inconsistencies as to equal treatment of all properties? These definitions and impacts need to be discussed in public with resident and owner input.	The Bluff Standard has been modified. It will be called the Steep Slo structures or a structure setback.
Larry & Janet Butler	11600 Palmer Road, Bloomington, MN	3. With respect to the "Proposed Bluff Standards and Proposed Impact Location Map": The elements of these maps are not defined. We respectfully submit that the LMR Watershed District must be able to describe and define in understandable terms the impact of the changes at the individual property owner's level before moving ahead with any approvals.	The "Proposed Bluff Standards and Proposed Impact Location Map does, however, have an overlay district overview map that highligh continuation of the public hearing was considered and granted by t 2017 and will close April 18, 2018.



Commenting entity/resident	If resident, resident's address	Comment	Response
Larry & Janet Butler	11600 Palmer Road, Bloomington, MN	1. Why the need for Bluff Standards now after all these years, that would in turn create devastating restrictions on the enjoyment and use of our homes including all other existing structures on our lot and the surrounding lot area itself?	The Bluff Standard (now Steep Slopes Standard) in Appendix K is no management since the 2011-approved Plan and before then. The m Watershed District is to manage and protect the Minnesota River, I jurisdiction. The proposed Steep Slopes Standard is intended to add water resources from the effects of sediment transport from bluff/s limiting land-disturbing activities and other land alteration on steep
Larry & Janet Butler	11600 Palmer Road, Bloomington, MN	2. We respectfully request that the Lower Minnesota River Watershed District withdraw the Proposed Bluff Standards and any Proposed Amendments to the Water Management Plan(s), and then start the planning process over with resident and property owner's direct input.	The District is following the requirements of Statute Chapters 103B part 8410. The District is providing notices as required in statute an amendments occurred over the course of 12 months and involved technical organizations within the District. The intention was that t interests of both their communities and residents. A continuation of the managers. The public hearing opened October 25, 2017 and wi community informational meetings at various locations throughout the District's website, and emailed information to all with email ad
Lisa Mikhail	Bloomington homeowner - No address provided	I am concerned what will happen to our property value, what if any changes will need to be made, and what if any future changes we will be able to do. The information we were referred to was stated in a language that was way above my head so I would like to know specifically in lay mans terms how it effects us. It would also be nice to understand why you are trying to enact these restrictions since myself and my fellow neighbors are very environmentally responsible. I've actually heard rumors that we could not even landscape our own backyards. I may be old school but I was taught that planting trees, bushes, shrubs, flowers etc is good for the environment and the animals that live there in. Also if a tree is leaning and giving the impression it is likely to blow down and cause damage then I, as a homeowner, would want to be able to cut it down. That brings another question, If we have to now have surveyors give approval who will pay for the surveyors? Replacing a grand fathered in structure would also be a question I have. If our home burns down or is destroyed by a storm what would happen? I am very confused and very anxious about these proposals. Please slow down and have the courtesy to specifically notify each and every homeowner how they will be impacted before going forward.	The intent of the proposed Steep Slopes Standard is to protect prop speculate on the impact the standards may have on the value of a structures made nonconforming by the proposed standards may co- circumstances be improved or expanded, it is unlikely there will be the Lower Minnesota River Watershed District is to manage and pro- and groundwater within its jurisdiction. The proposed Steep Slopes erosion, protect downstream water resources from the effects of se promote public safety by limiting land-disturbing activities and other includes the following exception: Plantings that enhance the natura exotic, or invasive vegetation or the pruning of trees or vegetation if following additional exceptions will be included: maintenance of ex- vegetation in emergency situations; right-of-way maintenance for p The District does not conduct vegetation removal activities. Howev may be applied to invasive vegetation removal. The proposed standards replacement of existing structures so long as accomplished under c structures made nonconforming by the proposed standards may co- circumstances be improved or expanded.
Michelle Monahan	8857 River Ridge Circle, Bloomington, MN	I was alarmed to recently find out that our property may be affected by the new bluff standards. We just recently moved in and have a lot of plans for landscaping and ways to enjoy our new backyard including a patio. We can sit at night, when the owls (they are a pair) are in our trees, and enjoy the view and wildlife of the refuge. I would like to be involved in all decisions regarding my land, as I know my bluff neighbors would to. Therefore, I want to highly recommend working with us to create new standards, ones that do not limit the usage of our property. I respect the wildlife refuge and the bluffs as I know my neighbors do to. However, my land is outside of that restricted area and should remain free from excessive restrictions as it has for decades.	A continuation of the public hearing was considered and granted b 25, 2017 and will close April 18, 2018. The District coordinated four locations throughout the District (including Bloomington), posted lu and emailed information to all with email addresses in the District's
Mike and Janice Olmstead	8910 River Ridge Road Bloomington, MN 55425	Prior to any changes being made that have such dramatic impact on how owners are able to use our properties, it seems we should be able to speak to the matter in an accessible public forum. There also should be clear justification for sweeping restrictions proposed to be applied to neighborhoods that have been established for nearly 70 years. Please do not adopt any standards or regulations without further discussion/debate. We are unable to attend the meeting on September 20, 2017 due to conflicting responsibilities.	A continuation of the public hearing was considered and granted b 25, 2017 and will close April 18, 2018. The District coordinated four locations throughout the District (including Bloomington), posted lo and emailed information to all with email addresses in the District's

not new. A bluff standard has been a part of the District e mission and the purpose of the Lower Minnesota River rr, lakes, streams, wetlands, and groundwater within its address bluff/steep slope erosion, protect downstream ff/steep slope erosion, and promote public safety by eep slopes.

33B and 103D as well as Minnesota Administrative Rules and rule. The planning process related to the proposed ed representatives of the various cities, counties, and at the participants in this process would represent the on of the public hearing was considered and granted by will close April 18, 2018. The District coordinated four nout the District, posted logistics about the meetings on addresses in the District's system.

roperty and property values. The District cannot f a particular property. Because existing uses and continue, be maintained, and under some be a decrease in value. The mission and the purpose of protect the Minnesota River, lakes, streams, wetlands, pes Standard is intended to address bluff/steep slope sediment transport from bluff/steep slope erosion, and ther land alteration on bluffs. The proposed standard ural vegetation or the selective clearing of noxious, on that are dead, diseased, or pose a public hazard. The existing lawns, landscaping, and gardens; removal of r public facilities; and agricultural ad forestry activities. ever, the District does have a Cost Share Program that andard will contain an exemption for maintenance or r certain performance standards. The existing uses and continue, be maintained, and under some

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Commenting	If resident, resident's address	Comment	Response
entity/resident			
Mike Paradis	10421 Bluff Circle, Chaska, MN	I'm one of the property owners in the Hess Farm development and had a question about why my property is included in the proposed amendment. More specifically, my land does not have an 18 degree slope on the bluff. Is there some other existing standard which requires the inclusion of my property at 10421 Bluff Circle Chaska, MN now that it's not limited to Shore Land Area? Regardless of my property being classified in this classification area, is there any guidance as to how this regulation might have an effect on me. Specific concerns would be changes related to my septic, well or structures.	According to county records your property is not a part of the Distr (existing or proposed).
Millard Neymark	9347 Cedar Cir Bloomington, MN 55425	We have a couple of existing structures that would fall in violation of the new restrictions. There is a "playhouse" that existed on the property when we purchased it and our new chicken coop that the City of Bloomington recommended we construct where it is, a place in the proposed restricted area. Based on their recommendation, it appears to me that the City of Bloomington doesn't seem to agree with you that the bluff needs to be restricted as you propose. In fact, it seems to me that the City of Bloomington has done a very good job of protecting the bluff over the years, which also makes this new proposal unnecessary.	The Bluff Standard has been modified. It will be called the Steep Slo or a structure setback. Fire pits, playhouses, and so on are allowed
Millard Neymark	9347 Cedar Cir Bloomington, MN 55425	Lastly, the proposed new restrictions will certainly decrease the value of our property. Who will pay current market value for a property that they would be so restricted? The new owner wouldn't be able to put in a garden, change the location of the deck, or even cut down some of the brush creeping into the lawn area. The current proposal is bad and way out of line with what is needed for bluff conservation. The impact and restrictions on the current residents is excessive and unfair. It is my opinion that the managers need to scrap this proposal and start a new beginning with resident input describing what they think is needed in a new proposal and how it will impact their property values.	The intent of the proposed Steep Slopes Standard is to protect prop speculate on the impact the standards may have on the value of a structures made nonconforming by the proposed standards may co circumstances be improved or expanded, it is unlikely there will be
Millard Neymark	9347 Cedar Cir Bloomington, MN 55425	Additionally, we are stewards of the land. We would like to remove the invasive buckthorn that grows on our property, and plant some new trees to replace some of the aging trees that are nearing the end of their growth cycle so the property isn't "naked" when these older trees are gone. We like to have a bigger garden, but with these new restrictions, we can't even put a garden in our backyard, even though it would replace an area of lawn. What other residents can't remove their grass to put in a garden? That is unreasonable.	The proposed standard includes the following exception: Plantings clearing of noxious, exotic, or invasive vegetation or the pruning of public hazard. The following additional exceptions will be included: gardens; removal of vegetation in emergency situations; right-of-ward forestry activities.
Millard Neymark	9347 Cedar Cir Bloomington, MN 55425	we cherish our bluff property and the surrounding environment and to impress that we want to conserve the bluff. While we are totally in favor of preserving the bluff, but the restrictions of this new proposal are far too restrictive, unjust, unfair, and unnecessary. These new restrictions impact our property in a way that is NOT in step with the restrictions by which other property owners must abide. We have spent some money on this and have arranged financing to make our dream become a reality. With the new proposal, however, we would be prevented from doing most, if not all, of our plan because our house, deck, and garage addition all fall within the bluff restrictions outlined on your published map. This is incredibly unfair because this kind of restriction is not normally put on any other homeowner in our city.	proposed standards may continue, be maintained, and under some
Melissa Wiklund, Senator	No address provided	I am getting in touch with you to see if I can find out a little more about how the process was set up and whether there is any opportunity for an additional meeting to be held in Bloomington where so many residents will be affected by the draft plan. From what I have learned, it seems like there will be a significant impact on Bloomington bluff residents and therefore communication to them and opportunities for feedback are important. I'd appreciate information on: what is the timeline for receiving feedback, processing it and then responding to requests for modifications to the draft plan?	The District recessed the October 25, 2017 public hearing and will or until the hearing closed, which is scheduled for April 18, 2018. In the of the 60-day comment period on September 20 and during the pu received are evaluated, and modifications to the Plan will be propo the information will be shared with the District's technical advisory and emailed to individuals in District's database.
Melissa Wiklund, Senator	No address provided	What type of feedback from LMRWD will be available to the public responding to their concerns and input on the plan?	The District maintains a comment/response log of all comments re- identify themes, and address the concerns through modifications to exceptions, and other appropriate means.
Melissa Wiklund, Senator	No address provided	Is there a possibility of having a public comment meeting in Bloomington?	A continuation of the public hearing was considered and granted by 25, 2017 and will close April 18, 2018. The District coordinated four locations throughout the District (including Bloomington), posted lo and emailed information to all with email addresses in the District's
Melissa Wiklund, Senator	No address provided	Is there a website where the process for drafting and finalizing the watershed plan is located? I have the draft plan document, but would be interested in knowing where the public can go to find out more information along with the draft plan.	This District has two websites: www.watersheddistrict.org (the old (the new one).

strict and would not be subject to District requirements
Slopes Standard and no longer incorporates structures ed within the overlay district.
roperty and property values. The District cannot
a particular property. Because existing uses and
continue, be maintained, and under some be a decrease in value.
gs that enhance the natural vegetation or the selective of trees or vegetation that are dead, diseased, or pose a ed: maintenance of existing lawns, landscaping, and
-way maintenance for public facilities; and agricultural ad
nce or replacement of existing structures so long as such
ing uses and structures made nonconforming by the me circumstances be improved or expanded.
ill continue taking comments on the proposal changes the interim, comments received since the official close
public hearing are being logged. All of the comments
posed to the managers. Once approved by the Board, ory committee (TAC), posted on the District's website,
received. It will also evaluate all of the comments,
s to the standards, presentation of the SONAR report,
by the managers. The public hearing opened October
our community informational meetings at various d logistics about the meetings on the District's website, at's system
ct's system.
old one being phased out) and www.lowermnriverwd.org

Commenting entity/resident	If resident, resident's address	Comment	Response
Ruth Robinson, Chemistry Professor		[Ruth included a revised bluff map.] The impacted area doesn't just come up to our home, it includes much of our home and nearly all of our backyard and some structures already in place! If this new standard takes affect, my understanding would be that we can't even replace our the deck on the back of our home (which needs replacing). We also would likely not be able to put the addition on the back of our garage that we had been planning. These are unreasonable restrictions on our property (and puts undue hardship on residents, such as us).	is accomplished under certain performance standards. The existing proposed standards may continue, be maintained, and under some
Ryan Johnson	11216 Bloomington Ferry Rd, Bloomington, MN 55438	(from Ryan J.) - I have a few questions. Please call me at 612-801-6004	Please attend the District's public hearing and/or contact the Distric
	Ave. S, Suite 1300, Minneapolis, MN 55401	Our office represents Wendell A. Phillippi and Anita Phillippi and Geophysical Research Society, LLC, the owners of two parcels of land in the City of Eden Prairie that will be adversely impacted by the Bluff Standard being proposed for adoption by the Lower Minnesota River Watershed District ("LMRWD"). The Phillippi parcel is Outlot A, Bell Oaks Estates 7th Addition (PIO# 36-116-22-32-0027). The Geophysical parce is legally described on Exhibit A attached (PIO# 36-116- 22-43-0003). Both the Phillippi parcel and the Geophysical parcel are consumed by the proposed bluff map delineation. A brief history of each parcel is set forth below. Phillippi Parcel. Mr. Phillippi was one of four partners who developed Bell Oaks and Bell Oaks Estates. In 1998, Mr. Phillippi received Outlot A as development property from the partnership. Mr. Phillippi intended to subdivide into as many as three additional single family home sites. Mr. Phillippi also owned the property immediately to the east of Outlot A and before selling the neighboring property he reserved utility and other easement across the neighboring property to aid with the development of Outlot A. Outlot A is currently zoned Rural but is guided as Park/Open Space on the City's 2030 Guide Plan Map. When Mr. Phillippi approached the City about the possibility of a rezoning and Guide Plan change to permit the subdivision, it was met with resistance. Mr. Phillippi then revamped his plans and identified a single building pad on Outlot A. An ecological review of the proposed building pad was completed in December 2016 and refutes certain of the objections initially raised by City staff.	
	MN 55401	Another informal request was made to reguide Outlot A. A rezoning was no longer necessary since under the existing zoning a single family detached dwelling with accessary structures is a permitted use. Again Mr. Phillippi was rebuffed this time due to the proposed change to the Bluff Standards being considered by the LMRWD. If the proposed Bluff Standards are adopted no economically viable use of Outlot A will remain. Geophysical Parcel. Mr. Phillippi is the sole owner of Geophysical. He purchased the Geophysical parcel in September 2007 with the intent of demolishing the existing structures because of their inferior condition and selling the parcel as an estate homesite with outbuildings and a guest house. The property has been listed for sale with an asking price of \$2,500,000. The Geophysical parcel is subject to a conservation easement in favor of the Minnesota Land Trust. The conservation easement restricts construction of buildings to a limited area. Mr. Phillippi negotiated an area within the permitted area for the construction of new homes. A depiction of the permitted area is attached. After purchasing the property, Geophysical completed the largest private land restoration projects in Eden Prairie history, spending in excess of \$300,000 repairing the erosion along the creek bottom and removing buckthorn and other noxious plants. The property is properly guided to permit the intended use. A rezoning to Low Density Residential zoning classification from Rural may be needed to bring the zoning in conformance with the guide plan. The proposed change to the Bluff Standards, however, eliminates the permitted area in its entirety.	

ce or replacement of existing structures so long as such ng uses and structures made nonconforming by the me circumstances be improved or expanded.
trict's Administrator.
response.
rict has not created any moratorium on municipal rd is inappropriate and misplaced. However, when and if cial controls of the City. In response to this and similar roposed revised standard will not prevent the safe and development of property. Rather, the standard, once place conditions on such use and development to ensure resource concerns related to bluffs and steep slopes. in the taking of property. The Steep Slopes Standard, as pormities. Rather, the current standard only adds an structure or activity. The engineering review requirement tructures, and activities on steep slopes. Because it is ditional uses are required.

Commenting	If resident, resident's address	Comment	Response
entity/resident			
Siegel Brill PA (Wendell A.	Siegel Brill PA, 100 Washington	Because of the conservation easement, if the proposed Bluff Standard is adopted no economically viable	The District has already undertaken revisions to the proposed stand
Phillippi and Anita	Ave. S, Suite 1300, Minneapolis,	use can be made of the Geophysical parcel. Proposed LMRWD Bluff Standards. The Philippi's and	standard will not prevent the safe and responsible use of property,
Phillippi and Geophysical	MN 55401	Geophysical have been advised that the LMRWD is amending its Watershed Management Plan which	property. Rather, the standard, once reduced to municipal controls
Research Society, LLC, the		would expand the current state definition of a bluff to, among other things, lower the minimum average	such use and development to ensure that each occurs responsibly a
owners of two parcels of		slope threshold of a bluff area from 30% to 18% and increase the bluff structure setback from 30 feet to 40	related to bluffs and steep slopes. Such standards, municipal control
land in the City of Eden		feet. Under the Bluff Standard, all grading, clear cutting, removal of vegetation and/or other land	property. The Steep Slopes Standard, as currently modified, no long
Prairie )		disturbing activities will be prohibited on the bluff and/or the bluff impact zone. In addition, land	the current standard only adds an engineering review requirement
		disturbing activities that involve the alteration or removal of 5,000 square feet or more of surface area or	The engineering review requirement is established to ensure respon
		vegetation, or the excavation of 50 cubic yards or more of earth within a High Value Resources Area	activities on steep slopes. Because it is now permissive rather than i
		Overlay District will be prohibited. As stated above, if the proposed Bluff Standards are adopted by the	required.
		LMRWD, no economically viable use of the Philippi's' and Geophysical property will remain. The Proposed	
		Bluff Standards Effect a Regulatory Taking. There are three separate regulatory takings analyses which	
		could apply to the Philippi's' and Geophysical property. The first analysis is under Lucas v. South Carolina	
		Coastal Council, 112 S. Ct. 2886 (1992), in which the United States Supreme Court reaffirmed that "when	
		the owner of real property has been called upon to sacrifice all economically beneficial uses in the name of	
		the common good, that is, to leave his property economically idle, he has suffered a taking." Id. at 2895.	
		Similar to the Bluff Standards, the regulation in Lucas restricted construction from close proximity to the	
		dune area in order to "prevent a great public harm." Id. at 2896.	
Siegel Brill PA (Wendell A.	Siegel Brill PA, 100 Washington	The Supreme Court found noteworthy the fact that a particular use had long been engaged in by similarly	The District has already undertaken revisions to the proposed stand
Phillippi and Anita	Ave. S, Suite 1300, Minneapolis,	situated owners and that such similarly situated land owners were permitted to continue the use denied to	
Phillippi and Geophysical	MN 55401	the claimant. Id. at 2901. As in Lucas, many owners of property within the Bluff Impact Zone have built	property. Rather, the standard, once reduced to municipal controls
Research Society, LLC, the		single family residences and those uses will be permitted to continue. The second analysis is under	such use and development to ensure that each occurs responsibly a
owners of two parcels of		Wensmann Realty, Inc. v. City of Eagan, 734 N.W.2d 623 (Minn. 2007), in which the Minnesota Supreme	related to bluffs and steep slopes. Such standards, municipal control
land in the City of Eden		Court held that a taking occurs when a regulation "leaves the property owner with[out] any reasonable use	
Prairie )		of the property." Id. at 641. As in Wensmann, the burden of the Bluff Standard "falls disproportionately on	the current standard only adds an engineering review requirement
		the property owner [and] the benefits of [an undisturbed bluff] are widely shared through the community	The engineering review requirement is established to ensure respon
		but the costs are focused solely on the property owner." Id. at 640-41. The Minnesota Supreme Court in	activities on steep slopes. Because it is now permissive rather than
		Wensmann applied the three factor test adopted by the United States Supreme Court in Penn Central	required.
		Transportation Co. v. New York City, 98 S. Ct. 2646 (1978): The economic impact of the regulation on the	required.
		claimant, the extent to which the regulation has interfered with distinct investment-backed expectations	
		and a character of the governmental action. Id. at 2646. Without question, the economic impact of the	
		Bluff Standard on the Philippi's' and Geophysical property is severe, having deprived them of all	
		economically viable use. As explained above, both Phillippis and Geophysical had distinct investment-	
		backed expectations that the property could be used to construct single-family residences.	
		bucked expectations that the property could be used to construct single-failing residences.	
L		1	

andard to address this concern. The proposed revised ty, nor will it limit safe and responsible development of rols with performance standards, will place conditions on ly and in a manner that addresses the resource concerns ntrols, and conditions do not result in the taking of onger creates use restrictions or nonconformities. Rather, ent to an otherwise permitted use, structure or activity. ponsible, safe, and sustainable uses, structures, and an restrictive, neither variances nor conditional uses are

andard to address this concern. The proposed revised ty, nor will it limit safe and responsible development of ols with performance standards, will place conditions on ly and in a manner that addresses the resource concerns atrols, and conditions do not result in the taking of onger creates use restrictions or nonconformities. Rather, int to an otherwise permitted use, structure or activity. ponsible, safe, and sustainable uses, structures, and an restrictive, neither variances nor conditional uses are

Commenting entity/resident	If resident, resident's address	Comment	Response
Siegel Brill PA (Wendell A. Phillippi and Anita	Siegel Brill PA, 100 Washington Ave. S, Suite 1300, Minneapolis, MN 55401	The character of the governmental action is such that the burden of the Bluff Standard "falls disproportionately on relatively few property owners." 734 N.W.2d at 639. The final analysis is under Interstate Companies, Inc. v. City of Bloomington, 790 N.W.2d 409 (Minn. Ct. App. 2010) in which the Minnesota Court of Appeals, after noting that the Minnesota Constitution provides broader protection to property owners than the Federal Constitution, held that when a regulation "benefits a specific public or governmental enterprise, a property owner who suffers a substantial and measurable decline in market value as a result of the regulations must be compensated." Id. at 413 (citation omitted). Interstate Companies applied the same three factor Penn Central analysis as in Wensmann and explained the broader protection afforded by the Minnesota Constitution, i.e., the property owner can establish a regulatory taking claim with a lower diminution in the value of the property than a property owner seeking compensation for a taking under the Federal Constitution. The Phillippis and Geophysical can establish a regulatory taking under any of the three cases above if the proposed amendments to the Bluff Standard are enacted. The LMRWD would be required to compensate them for the difference in value between the property if single family residences can be constructed and property of which no economically viable use can be made. We estimate this difference to be more than three million dollars. The U.S. Supreme Court in Lucas noted that the State of South Carolina "may elect to rescind its regulation and thereby avoid having to pay compensation for a permanent deprivation." 112 S. Ct. at n. 17. The LMRWD can avoid compensating the Phillippis and Geophysical by simply not enacting the proposed amendments. This is, of course, the LMRWD's choice, but it must do one or the other.	
Simon and Gillian Barrow	No address provided	Outlot A is currently zoned Rural but is guided as Park/Open Space on the City's 2030 Guide Plan Map. When Mr. Phillippi approached the City about the possibility of a rezoning and Guide Plan change to permit the subdivision, it was met with resistance.	A continuation of the public hearing was considered and granted b 25, 2017 and will close April 18, 2018. The District coordinated fou locations throughout the District (including Bloomington), posted I and emailed information to all with email addresses in the District
Simon and Gillian Barrow	No address provided	received Outlot A as development property from the partnership. Mr. Phillippi intended to subdivide into	The District is proceeding with the amendments and considering re changes. It is incumbent on residents within the District to review t relevance to the individual property or interest.
Simon and Gillian Barrow	No address provided	Mr. Phillippi then revamped his plans and identified a single building pad on Outlot A. An ecological review of the proposed building pad was completed in December 2016 and refutes certain of the objections initially raised by City staff.	The mission and the purpose of the Lower Minnesota River Waters River, lakes, streams, wetlands, and groundwater within its jurisdic to address steep slope erosion, protect downstream water resource slope erosion, and promote public safety by limiting land-disturbin slopes. The District is following the requirements of Minnesota Star Administrative Rules part 8410. The District is providing notices as related to the proposed amendments occurred over the course of cities, counties, and technical organizations within the District. The process would represent the interests of both their communities an
Steve Peterson, Kalli Bennett	11036 Glen Wilding Ln, Bloomington, MN 55431	I would also like to request that a hearing on the Plan be held in Bloomington. I was told by Linda Loomis that the hearing must be held inside of the District, and there was no suitable location in Bloomington for a hearing. Olson Elementary School, Olson Middle School, Jefferson High School, Nativity of Mary Church, Transfiguration Church, and Bethany Global University are all located within the District and have facilities adequate for a hearing.	A continuation of the public hearing was considered and granted b 25, 2017 and will close April 18, 2018. The District coordinated fou locations throughout the District (including Bloomington), posted I and emailed information to all with email addresses in the District'
Steve Peterson, Kalli Bennett	11036 Glen Wilding Ln, Bloomington, MN 55431	The survey requirement for common uses on the bluff is costly and unneeded.	The Bluff Standard has been modified. It will be called the Steep Sl
Steve Peterson, Kalli Bennett	11036 Glen Wilding Ln, Bloomington, MN 55431	The Plan fails to identify how inconsistencies in official controls negatively impact water quality.	Additional information is required to adequately address the comn
Steve Peterson, Kalli Bennett	11036 Glen Wilding Ln, Bloomington, MN 55431	Section 4 of Appendix K is unclear.	Additional information is required to adequately address the comn

are treated equally based on the specific and
nt to steep slope areas. As previously mentioned, the
rd to address the takings concern. The proposed revised
ty, nor will it limit safe and responsible development of
ols with performance standards, will place conditions on
ly and in a manner that addresses the resource concerns
conditions do not result in the taking of property.

d by the managers. The public hearing opened October four community informational meetings at various ed logistics about the meetings on the District's website, ict's system.

g revisions and does not intend to provide a summary of w the proposed amendments and determine their

ershed District is to manage and protect the Minnesota diction. The proposed Steep Slopes Standard is intended urces from the effects of sediment transport from steep bing activities and other land alteration on steep Statute Chapters 103B and 103D as well as Minnesota as required in statute and rule. The planning process of 12 months and involved representatives of the various The intention was that that the participants in this s and residents.

d by the managers. The public hearing opened October four community informational meetings at various ed logistics about the meetings on the District's website, ict's system.

Slopes Standard and no longer requires a survey.

mment.

mment.

Commenting entity/resident	If resident, resident's address	Comment	Response
Steve Peterson, Kalli Bennett	11036 Glen Wilding Ln, Bloomington, MN 55431	The exceptions to the Bluff Standard under an approved LWP are unclear.	Additional information is required to adequately address the comment.
Steve Peterson, Kalli Bennett	11036 Glen Wilding Ln, Bloomington, MN 55431	The Plan imposes disproportionate costs for pollution mitigation on District property owners.	Additional information is required to adequately address the comment.
Steve Peterson, Kalli Bennett	11036 Glen Wilding Ln, Bloomington, MN 55431	Policies in the Plan exceed the purposes listed in the enabling legislation.	It is unclear as to what enabling legislation this comment refers. The Dist 103D. Section 103D.201 lists the purposes of watershed districts general state by land use planning, flood control, and other conservation project protection of the public health and welfare and the provident use of the lists specific purposes: to control or alleviate soil erosion and siltation of enhance the water quality in watercourses or water basins; and to regul the beds, banks, and shores of lakes, streams, and wetlands for preserva standards are consistent with these purposes. Moreover, the District is r develop water and resource management issues resulting from that inve address those resource management issues; and consolidate all of those plan. A component of the plan is the development of standards for resource official controls by local government within the District. This plan amend recent inventory and planning process. The standards being proposed ar targeted to address the concerns revealed in the most recent resource in
Steve Peterson, Kalli Bennett	11036 Glen Wilding Ln, Bloomington, MN 55431	Finally, I would respectfully ask that the Managers wait to adopt a plan until all positions on the board are filled. I don't believe the Legislature intended for two people to be able to adopt regulations that impact so many homes.	
Steve Peterson, Kalli Bennett	11036 Glen Wilding Ln, Bloomington, MN 55431		The District has already undertaken revisions to the proposed standard to the District is the detrimental impact of stormwater discharge from incre- stormwater management to the face of steep slopes. The District has do resulting in significant public and private expense to correct environment unreasonable to expect property owners to use or develop their propert proposed standard as revised will ensure such use and development and landowners.
Steve Peterson, Kalli Bennett	11036 Glen Wildin <mark>g Ln</mark> , Bloomington, MN 55431	The Plan fails to address sources of sediment directly under the District's control.	The District disagrees.
Steve Peterson, Kalli Bennett	11036 Glen Wilding Ln, Bloomington, MN 55431	Appendix K of the Plan, however, places significant burdens on Bloomington residents along the bluff without a corresponding water quality improvement. In many cases, it prohibits any modification to existing property, without regard to whether it has an actual impact on water quality. The plan should not be adopted without major modifications to Appendix K.	The mission and the purpose of the Lower Minnesota River Watershed D River, lakes, streams, wetlands, and groundwater within its jurisdiction. to address steep slope erosion, protect downstream water resources fro slope erosion, and promote public safety by limiting land-disturbing acti
Suzanne R. Hoppe	11028 Glen Wilding Ln, Bloomington, MN 55431	In addition to serious restrictions of the use of residents' land, what about fun time? Can I have a campfire with my kids? Am I able to rebuild my deck? If not, I am not able to use my house for the purpose for which it was built and the City might be dealing with an undue process takings clause issue of constitutional magnitude.	The standard will not prevent the safe and responsible use of property, not property. Rather, the standard, once reduced to municipal controls we on such use and development to ensure that each occurs responsibly an concerns related to bluffs and steep slopes. Such standards, municipal controls of property.
Suzanne R. Hoppe	11028 Glen Wilding Ln, Bloomington, MN 55431	There are many issues at stake raised in this proposal by the Watershed District. I have only had a short period of time to study them, but I hope that there will be much further discussion and consideration of them before they are enacted. Restriction of long-time residents' reasonable, respectful to the environment use of their homes should not one day be considered "ok" and the next day a "violation" - without due process, compensation, lot level assessments and/or much more community discussion, awareness and debate.	A continuation of the public hearing was considered and granted by the 25, 2017 and will close April 18, 2018. The District coordinated four com

The District's enabling legislation is Statute Chapter s generally as: To conserve the natural resources of the n projects by using sound scientific principles for the se of the natural resources. Section 103D.201, subd. 2 tation of watercourses or water basins; to protect or to regulate improvements by riparian property owners of preservation and beneficial public use. The proposed strict is required by law to conduct a resource inventory; that inventory; develop policies, goals, and objectives to of those components into a watershed management for resource management that must be incorporated into n amendment is the culmination of the District's most posed are, in the Board's judgment, appropriately source inventory.

counties have failed to do so or that residents have failed ry obligations to perform its duties.

andard to address this concern. Of primary concern to rom increased impervious surfaces or irresponsible t has documented numerous instances of slope failure, ironmental and infrastructure damage. It is not property in a safe and responsible manner. The nent and appropriately place responsibility on

ershed District is to manage and protect the Minnesota diction. The proposed Steep Slopes Standard is intended urces from the effects of sediment transport from steep bing activities and other land alteration on steep slopes.

operty, nor will it limit safe and responsible development ntrols with performance standards, will place conditions nsibly and in a manner that addresses the resource nicipal controls, and conditions do not result in the taking

d by the managers. The public hearing opened October our community informational meetings at various ed logistics about the meetings on the District's website, ict's system.

Commenting	If resident, resident's address	Comment	Response
entity/resident Suzanne R. Hoppe	11028 Glen Wilding Ln, Bloomington, MN 55431	Environmental protections should be reasonably and pragmatically balanced against the rights of long-time (and recent) property owners of long-standing residential buildings to freely enjoy their property. The proposal appears to restrict my right to clear my property of buckthorn (something that the City has previously recommended clearing). The proposal appears to restrict my ability to conduct composting or add a rain barrel to my property (environmentally protective actions previously encouraged by the City). In addition, the proposal appears to restrict my ability to build/add-on to my house so that my terminally ill mother could live with me. I am troubled by these overly-broad restrictions on the use and enjoyment of my private property. Is there really a connection between use of a rain barrel and erosion of soil on the bluff?	The proposed standard includes the following exception: Plantings clearing of noxious, exotic, or invasive vegetation or the pruning of public hazard. The following additional exceptions will be included: gardens; removal of vegetation in emergency situations; right-of-wa forestry activities. The proposed standard will contain an exemption structures so long as such is accomplished under certain performan
Thomas & Linda Hulting	6717 Auto Club Road, Bloomington, MN 55438	Please know that as a 30-year resident of the MN River Bluffs in Bloomington, I am adamantly opposed to your proposed Amendment. Having lived in Bloomington most of my life, and having been a City Councilman, I am very familiar with the laws and practices of Bloomington. Your UNFOUNDED punishment of my neighbors and me is entirely unwarranted! Bloomington has NEVER experienced problems of the type you are appearing to either anticipate or unilaterally use as an UNWARRANTED PUNISHMENT for ALL of us who have so personally protected our properties!	The mission and the purpose of the Lower Minnesota River Watersl River, lakes, streams, wetlands, and groundwater within its jurisdict to address steep slope erosion, protect downstream water resource slope erosion, and promote public safety by limiting land-disturbing
Todd K. Johnson	10020 Dell Road, Eden Prairie, MN 55347	Could you provide me with additional detail of just how these revisions will affect my property? I have an existing structure, of course, but I would like to know hos this would affect future uses of the property, etc.	The District is proceeding with the amendments and considering re changes. It is incumbent on residents within the District to review t relevance to the individual property or interest. The proposed stand property will retain existing use privileges if made nonconforming b
Todd K. Johnson	10020 Dell Road, Eden Prairie, MN 55347	There are other, more formal legal terms for your action, but in my vernacular it is simple theft. Do you intend to compensate every existing owner for the destruction in values that will entail your actions? I sincerely doubt that. Where is your due process? It is beyond discouraging that common citizens and landowners need to be continuously vigilant in order to fend off groups like yours. Until I received notification of this action, (and not, I note, from your organization), I had only a vague idea that you even existed, let alone could claim that extent of rights and powers that you now want over my property and others. Please reverse your course and abandon this proposal. This unilateral and nefarious action should, instead, have been properly offered in an open and fair court of opinion. I believe that if it had been so presented to the owners of property involved, it would have been rejected utterly.	The standard will not prevent the safe and responsible use of prope of property. Rather, the standard, once reduced to municipal contr on such use and development to ensure that each occurs responsib concerns related to bluffs and steep slopes. Such standards, munici of property.
Tom Nelson (Eden Prairie homeowner)	No address provided	What impact does this letter have if the retaining wall in our back yard needs work in the future and what it any impact will this have on the value of our residence?	The existing uses and structures made nonconforming by the propo- under some circumstances be improved or expanded. The intent of property and property values. The District cannot speculate on the particular property. Because existing uses and structures made non be maintained, and under some circumstances be improved or exp
Tom Roberts, BOEHA President	11015 Bell Oaks Estate Road, Eden Prairie, MN 55347	Regarding the intention of the Lower Minnesota River Watershed District to install new rules that will impact our homes in the Bell Oaks Estate Homeowners Association (BOEHA), the BOEHA has a concern. Our properties are currently subject to the city of Eden Prairie's conservation easement. We would hope that the Watershed's proposed boundaries neither conflict with nor override those currently established by the city; doing so would present challenges of appropriate jurisdiction as well as initiate confusion on the part of the homeowner.	The District will continue to work with the City of Eden Prairie to ad
Tom Schmidt (Eden Prairie homeowner)	No address provided	I am a home owner on a bluff lot in Eden Prairie. The development was built about ten years ago. Two questions, What impact does this letter have if the retaining wall in our back yard needs work in the future and what if any impact will this have on the value of our residence?	The proposed standard will contain an exemption for maintenance accomplished under certain performance standards. The intent of t property values. The District cannot speculate on the impact the sta property. Because existing uses and structures made nonconformin maintained, and under some circumstances be improved or expand

gs that enhance the natural vegetation or the selective of trees or vegetation that are dead, diseased, or pose a ed: maintenance of existing lawns, landscaping, and -way maintenance for public facilities; and agricultural ad tion for maintenance or replacement of existing nance standards.				
ershed District is to manage and protect the Minnesota diction. The proposed Steep Slopes Standard is intended arces from the effects of sediment transport from steep bing activities and other land alteration on steep slopes.				
g revisions and does not intend to provide a summary of w the proposed amendments and determine their andards will apply to all property. Existing developed g by the proposed change.				
operty, nor will it limit safe and responsible development ntrols with performance standards, will place conditions isibly and in a manner that addresses the resource nicipal controls, and conditions do not result in the taking				
oposed standards may continue, be maintained, and t of the proposed Steep Slopes Standard is to protect he impact the standards may have on the value of a nonconforming by the proposed standards may continue, expanded, it is unlikely there will be a decrease in value.				
address potential conflicts with existing requirements.				

nce or replacement of existing structures so long as of the proposed standard is to protect property and e standards may have on the value of a particular ming by the proposed standards may continue, be anded, it is unlikely there will be a decrease in value.

Commenting	If resident, resident's address	Comment	Response
entity/resident Tony & Audrey Thomas	10437 5th Ave. Circle, Bloomington, MN 55420	I've tried to read your Draft Standards document no doubt written by lawyers, for lawyers. My questions and comments below center around current and future maintenance of my property. Nearly all my property lies within the "bluff zone" (my home, garage, driveway) so naturally I'm concerned about my existing structures of our home and lot. Why the changes in restrictions now? Has there been an event of series of events that have precipitated these new standards?	Existing developed property will retain existing use privileges if mad District is considering this change in large part because of landslides Since then, the District has received calls from residents and local go property from slope failures. A continuation of the public hearing w public hearing opened October 25, 2017 and will close April 18, 201 informational meetings at various locations throughout the District, website, and emailed information to all with email addresses in the
Tony & Audrey Thomas	10437 5th Ave. Circle, Bloomington, MN 55420	How will simple future maintenance and repair of my property be effected, e.g.; repair of my house, garage, driveway, etc.? When my deck needs repair or replacement, will I need an impact study to do this? What if a tree dies on my property, do I need the state's permission to remove it? In general, will these restrictions make simple maintenance of my property cost prohibitive in the future? I'm not building any roads, culverts, bridges or the like. You know the types of simple home maintenance you do on your own property; how will these kinds of projects affect me in the coming years? Will I now have to get permission, survey's, environmental impact studies, etc. just to enjoy my home in the future?	See previous responses. The proposed standard includes the following vegetation or the selective clearing of noxious, exotic, or invasive ver- dead, diseased, or pose a public hazard. The following additional ex- lawns, landscaping, and gardens; removal of vegetation in emergen facilities; and agricultural ad forestry activities. The proposed change years.
Tony & Audrey Thomas	10437 5th Ave. Circle, Bloomington, MN 55420	How long have the draft restrictions been in place and why not include comments and concerns from the thousands impacted by them before you make this law?	The Draft Plan went out for 60-day review in July. Note: the plannin occurred over the course of 12 months and involved representative organizations within the District. The intention was that the particip both their communities and residents. A continuation of the public The public hearing opened October 25, 2017 and will close April 18, informational meetings at various locations throughout the District meetings on the District's website, and emailed information to all w
Tony Phillippi (via Helen McDonnell)	No address provided	As a significant land owner in Eden Prairie (over 60 acres), the Lower Minnesota Watershed's proposal rules will have a major negative ecological impact on the management and preservation of these properties. The premise of these proposed rules to eliminate development will have a most negative effect. I can attest that these lands require extensive, consistent maintenance. There is no mechanism for this maintenance in the public sector; nor is there likely to be one in the foreseeable future. The only viable way, presently, is to attract careful, well-engineered, limited development by private owners who will in their own self-interest care for these magnificent lands. I implore each of you to review the potential economic and environment devastation these rules will create.	River, lakes, streams, wetlands, and groundwater within its jurisdict to address steep slope erosion, protect downstream water resource slope erosion, and promote public safety by limiting land-disturbing
Tracy Trembley	5701 Auto Club Road, Bloomington, MN 55437	Prior to the letter we received from the City of Bloomington a couple weeks ago, I had never heard of the Watershed District Board. I suspect this is true of many of my neighbors, as well. I would ask that the LMR Watershed District Board recognize the value of ensuring that impacted residents fully understand these proposed standards and that the board be respectful of the related implications on our most valued asset, our homes. Please consider providing further education (clarifying and answering open questions), taking additional feedback from impacted homeowners, and seeking appropriate middle ground as you seek to gain buy-in and before you finalize the LMR – Proposed Bluff Standards. Our world is currently extremely divided on many topics, including the environment. My neighborhood is purple in a world of red and blue. If we consider the broader goals and objected for clean water, clean air and fighting global warming, the last thing we need is to further polarize views against these causes.	A continuation of the public hearing was considered and granted by 25, 2017 and will close April 18, 2018. The District coordinated four locations throughout the District (including Bloomington), posted lo and emailed information to all with email addresses in the District's
Unknown resident	Bloomington	However, consideration to the actual homeowner seems to have been a missed opportunity. Appendix K of the Plan, however, places significant burdens on Bloomington residents along the bluff without a corresponding water quality improvement. In many cases, it prohibits any modification to existing property, without regard to whether it has an actual impact on water quality. The plan should not be adopted without major modifications to Appendix K. 1. Many activities that have no water impact are prohibited by the Bluff Standard. The image below, provided by the City of Bloomington, shows the estimated location of the Bluff Impact Zone at my home. (see word doc). As you can see, except for a small area in the front of my home, my entire lot lies in the Overlay District, meaning it is subject to the proposed Bluff Standard. The Standard prohibits any "land-disturbing activity" in the District.	of property. Rather, the standard, once reduced to municipal contro on such use and development to ensure that each occurs responsib concerns related to steep slopes. Such standards, municipal control property. All bluff and steep slope properties within the District are documented concerns resulting from development on or adjacent t

hade nonconforming by the proposed change. The des/slope failures experienced in the District in 2014. If government units requesting funds to help protect g was considered and granted by the managers. The 2018. The District coordinated four community rict, posted logistics about the meetings on the District's the District's system.

owing exception: Plantings that enhance the natural e vegetation or the pruning of trees or vegetation that are exceptions will be included: maintenance of existing gency situations; right-of-way maintenance for public anges, if approved, will not take effect for about two

ning process related to the proposed amendments ives of the various cities, counties, and technical icipants in this process would represent the interests of lic hearing was considered and granted by the managers. 18, 2018. The District coordinated four community ict (including Bloomington), posted logistics about the II with email addresses in the District's system.

rshed District is to manage and protect the Minnesota liction. The proposed Steep Slopes Standard is intended rces from the effects of sediment transport from steep ing activities and other land alteration on steep slopes.

I by the managers. The public hearing opened October our community informational meetings at various d logistics about the meetings on the District's website, ct's system.

operty, nor will it limit safe and responsible development ntrols with performance standards, will place conditions sibly and in a manner that addresses the resource rols, and conditions do not result in the taking of are treated equally based on the specific and nt to steep slope areas.

Commenting	If resident, resident's address	Comment	Response
entity/resident			
Tim Erhart		Can you tell me what is meant by Minnesota River Corridor Critical Area? Does this proposed change only affect that area? If so is there a map of that area available? How do you define a bluff? Does a 3 ft. elevation change constitute a bluff? Does 30 ft. elevation change? Point being this must be defined to apply a slope and set back standard otherwise it has no meaning.	The Mississippi River Corridor Critical Area (MRCCA) is a joint state, planning and management for the 72-mile stretch of the Mississipp and 54,000 acres of surrounding land across 30 local jurisdictions. T MRCCA rule, affect the steep slopes areas within the Minnesota Riv
Michael Schley	5019 Overlook Circle, Bloomington, MN	Please add me to your notice list related to this, or any replacement/substitute, plan.	Noted.
Andrew & Cindy Costigan	9980 Dell Road, Eden Prairie, MN	We are residents at 9980 Dell Rd in Eden Prairie and are wondering how this new "amendment" of the watershed management plan will effect us as home owners living on a designated bluff area.	Without a clear presentation of planned projects on your property, changes proposed may have on your property. A continuation of the managers. The public hearing opened October 25, 2017 and will clo community informational meetings at various locations throughout about the meetings on the District's website, and emailed information
Jessica Frey		I understand the need to preserve the river and the surrounding bluffs and as a resident who resides in this area I appreciate the effort you are trying to put in place. However, consideration to the actual homeowner seems to have been a missed opportunity. Appendix K of the Plan, however, places significant burdens on Bloomington residents along the bluff without a corresponding water quality improvement. In many cases, it prohibits any modification to existing property, without regard to whether it has an actual impact on water quality. The plan should not be adopted without major modifications to Appendix K. 1. Many activities that have no water impact are prohibited by the Bluff Standard The image below, provided by the City of Bloomington, shows the estimated location of the Bluff Impact Zone at my home. (map shown) As you can see, except for a small area in the front of my home, my entire lot lies in the Overlay District, meaning it is subject to the proposed Bluff Standard. The Standard prohibits any "land-disturbing activity" in the District. The proposed definition of "land-disturbing activity" is: Land-Disturbing Activity: Any change of the land surface to include removing vegetative cover, excavation, fill, grading, stockpiling soil, and the construction of any structure that may cause or contribute to erosion or the movement of sediment into water bodies. The use of land for new and continuing agricultural activities shall not constitute a land-disturbing activity under these standards.	of property. Rather, the standard, once reduced to municipal control

te, regional, and local program that provides coordinated ppi River through the seven-county metropolitan area s. The proposed changes, initially modeled after the River Valley.

ty, the District cannot speculate on the effects the the public hearing was considered and granted by the close April 18, 2018. The District coordinated four put the District (including Bloomington), posted logistics nation to all with email addresses in the District's system.

operty, nor will it limit safe and responsible development introls with performance standards, will place conditions sibly and in a manner that addresses the resource nicipal controls, and conditions do not result in the taking ated equally based on the specific and documented is steep slope areas. The District has already undertaken f primary concern to the District is the detrimental aces or irresponsible stormwater management to the face is of slope failure resulting in significant public and hage. It is not unreasonable to expect property owners to The proposed standard as revised will ensure such use owners.



Commenting entity/resident	If resident, resident's address	Comment	Response
City of Bloomington	Mayor Gene Winstead	The city of Bloomington has always supported bluff protection. They have very strong standards in place. The proposed rules create some problems and are taking some property rights and are not reasonable or acceptable as drafted. There needs to be more of a balance between environmental protection and property rights. Bloomington asked the board to not adopt the proposed standards without a full board of 5 members. He also asked for improvements to language and definitions in the Draft Plan and was glad to hear the SONAR ( <i>statement of needs and reasonableness</i> ) report is being developed.	The District agrees that the City of Bloomington has strong stand of concern in all instances. Additionally, the District must look at inconsistent standards between municipalities. The proposed st set a base standard across the District. The District has already u concern. Of primary concern to the District is the detrimental im irresponsible stormwater management to the face of steep slop resulting in significant public and private expense to correct env property owners to use or develop their property in a safe and r and development and appropriately place responsibility on land property, nor will it limit safe and responsible development of p performance standards, will place conditions on such use and de addresses the resource concerns related to steep slopes. Such st property.
City of Bloomington	Glen Markegard	There are 795 impacted properties within the city of Bloomington and the standard goes beyond the river bluff. Bloomington has had sufficient standards to protect the bluff. The bluff standard as written would place a big burden on cities. The definition for structure is extremely expansive and could be interpreted as anything. Do not adopt the standard. Provide more information and consider additional public input.	The City of Bloomington has more than 20 plans and policies it n protection area. It is possible that the City can gain an exemption existing controls. The District agrees that certain definitions mus its original intent. The District has already undertaken revisions four informational meetings and continued the public hearing fr throughout.
City of Eden Prairie	Dave Modrow	The city of Eden Prairie already has ordinances in place to protect bluffs. Determining bluff per the current definition isn't easy to decipher and is done on a case-by-case basis. Glad to see a sonar is going to be provided and looks forward to reviewing the maps to clarify impacts.	The District agrees that the City of Eden Prairie has strong stand- of concern in all instances. Additionally, the District must look at inconsistent standards between municipalities. The proposed sta- standard across the District. The District has already undertaken primary concern to the District is the detrimental impact of storr stormwater management to the face of bluffs and steep slopes. resulting in significant public and private expense to correct env property owners to use or develop their property in a safe and re and development and appropriately place responsibility on land property. Also, the District's intent is to eliminate the guesswork providing a uniform standard with technical predictability for de
Nora Beall	2915 Over Drive, Bloomington	1. How was the bluff impact zone calculated, given the irregularity of slopes on the property? 2. Where is bedrock? 3. Interested in learning more about how this would impact her property.	1. The bluff impact zone (BIZ) was determined using the Minness system). The DNR tool and GIS uses state/county furnished LIDA the form of a pulsed laser to measure ranges to the Earth). How Slopes Standard and regulate slopes greater than or equal to 18 under a loose, softer material. The depth and location of bedroc considered and granted by the managers. The public hearing op coordinated four community informational meetings at various about the meetings on the District's website, and emailed inform
Todd Johnson	10020 Dell Road, Eden Prairie	Constructed 16 years ago on his property, his home was conforming. Suddenly and unilaterally from what he has heard so far, without substantiation for need or objective scientific evidence, or any evaluation of the economic impact to private property owners, the District has gone ahead and proposed a standard that will make his property non-conforming.	The District is required by law to conduct a resource inventory; of inventory; develop policies, goals, and objectives to address those into a watershed management plan. A component of the plan is incorporated into official controls by local government within the recent inventory and planning process. The standards being pro- concerns revealed in the most recent resource inventory. The sta- limit safe and responsible development of property. Rather, the standards, will place conditions on such use and development to resource concerns related to steep slopes.

andards. However, those standards have not served to protect the resources k at all resources within its boundary and reconcile various and often d standards, as intended in Minnesota Statute section 103B.235, are meant to ly undertaken revisions to the proposed standard to address property rights l impact of stormwater discharge from increased impervious surfaces or lopes. The District has documented numerous instances of slope failures, environmental and infrastructure damage. It is not unreasonable to expect d responsible manner. The proposed standard as revised will ensure such use andowners. The standard will not prevent the safe and responsible use of of property. Rather, the standard, once reduced to municipal controls with d development to ensure that each occurs responsibly and in a manner that h standards, municipal controls, and conditions do not result in the taking of

it must navigate for property use and development within its designated bluff tion if it can demonstrate an existing equivalent standard or sufficiency of its nust be clarified to eliminate ambiguity and return the proposed standard to ns to the proposed standard to address this concern. Also, the District hosted g from October 25, 2017 to April 18, 2018, allowing additional input

ndards. However, those standards have not served to protect the resources at all resources within its boundary and reconcile various and often standards, as intended in Statute Section 103B.235, are meant to set a base en revisions to the proposed standard to address property rights concern. Of ormwater discharge from increased impervious surfaces or irresponsible es. The District has documented numerous instances of slope failures, invironmental and infrastructure damage. It is not unreasonable to expect d responsible manner. The proposed standard as revised will ensure such use indowners. The standard will not prevent the safe and responsible use of ork involved in determining what is or is not a bluff or steep slope by determining steep slope areas covered by the standard.

nesota Department of Natural Resources tool for GIS (geographic information DAR (light detection and ranging, a remote sensing method that uses light in powever, the Bluff Standard has been modified. It will be called the Steep 18 percent. References to bluffs will be removed. 2. Bedrock is rock that lies rock varies geographically. A continuation of the public hearing was opened October 25, 2017 and will close April 18, 2018. The District us locations throughout the District (including Bloomington), posted logistics ormation to all with email addresses in the District's system.

y; develop water and resource management issues resulting from that hose resource management issues; and consolidate all of those components is the development of standards for resource management that must be the District. This plan amendment is the culmination of the District's most proposed are, in the Board's judgment, appropriately targeted to address the e standard will not prevent the safe and responsible use of property, nor will it the standard, once reduced to municipal controls with performance t to ensure that each occurs responsibly and in a manner that addresses the

Commenting entity/resident	If resident, resident's address	Comment	Response
Greg Porter	11601 Palmer Road, Bloomington,	The property will become non-conforming and will affect the value of his property. What improvements will he be allowed to make in the future? What will happen to the proposed DNR trail along the river? How might the proposed DNR project be allowed but adding a patio to his property would not be allowed?	ithout a clear presentation of planned projects on your propert have on your property. A continuation of the public hearing wa October 25, 2017 and will close April 18, 2018. The District coor throughout the District (including Bloomington), posted logistic all with email addresses in the District's system.
Ron Nelson	-	He doesn't understand the objective of the new standard. Who wanted this standard and would it become law? Who has the District talked to about the proposed standard? The property is steep and is prone to erosion and needs to be preserved, protected and in some cases, restored. Who should be responsible for that? If the District has money to distribute to the neighbors so they could build a conforming retaining walls or a creek with a waterfall, then let's pursue this, he is all for it. At this moment it seems to be an overreach. He has 200 feet of land from his back door to the end of his property line and if he wanted to put a fence around his property to protect his family from coyotes would that be a problem?	Some of the standard needs flexibility and better balance. The l address this concern. Of primary concern to the District is the d surfaces or irresponsible stormwater management to the face of failures, resulting in significant public and private expense to co expect property owners to use or develop their property in a sa such use and development and appropriately place responsibili use of property, nor will it limit safe and responsible developm- with performance standards, will place conditions on such use a that addresses the resource concerns related to steep slopes.
Tom Roberts	11015 Bell Oaks Estate Road, Eden Prairie,	<ol> <li>Where does the watershed district fits into government process? 2. The mayor (of Bloomington) stated that there should be five people and there are only two on the board. Will it just be two people making the decision? 3. The City of Eden Prairie has already have rules and regulations and Eden Prairie has a watershed district person already; what is your purpose as an entity, that doesn't have enough people, on your board, which people have chosen not to be on, that we think we need to make a big change. 4. Is my state legislator allowed to say he wants to slow it down?</li> <li>Is the LMRWD is transferring all the enforcement to the cities?</li> </ol>	1. The watershed district is a special purpose unit of government Resources (BWSR), a state agency, oversees the District and all Board, three serving members and two vacancies. According to agrees that the City of Eden has strong standards. However, the instances. Additionally, the District must look at all resources w between municipalities. The proposed standards, as intended in District. The District has already undertaken revisions to the pro- the District is the detrimental impact of stormwater discharge f management to the face of steep slopes. The District has docur and private expense to correct environmental and infrastructur develop their property in a safe and responsible manner. The p appropriately place responsibility on landowners. The standard District's intent is to eliminate the guesswork involved in deter- technical predictability for determining steep slope areas cover (and other water management organizations) what to do or dic legislation that would change its authorities, its purposes, and t inventory; develop water and resource management issues res address those resource management issues; and consolidate al the plan is the development of standards for resource manager within the District. This plan amendment is the culmination of t being proposed are, in the Board's judgment, appropriately targ inventory.
Duane Saunders	Prairie	Owns 4 properties on the bluff - a 10-acre lot is where the house is, 6 acre lot where there is a small house where his caretaker lives and undeveloped 6-acre and 12-acre lots. As far as he can tell from the somewhat limited specific information he has received, it appears the undeveloped lots will become worthless and there will be substantial limits of what can be done to the two lots with houses on them. This is worse than eminent domain, where at least there would be some payment for taking his property.	The District has already undertaken revisions to the proposed s detrimental impact of stormwater discharge from increased im steep slopes. The District has documented numerous instances correct environmental and infrastructure damage. It is not unre safe and responsible manner. The proposed standard as revised responsibility on landowners. The standard will not prevent the development of property. Rather, the standard, once reduced t such use and development to ensure that each occurs responsi slopes. Such standards, municipal controls, and conditions do n
Michael Heckman	City of Shakopee	Requested a continuance of the public hearing to allow staff adequate time to review the document ( <i>response to comment log</i> ). He asked for time to work through the comments with staff and said some of the responses are open-ended and vague enough that they don't really address the comment.	A continuation of the public hearing was considered and grante close April 18, 2018. The District coordinated four community in logistics about the meetings on the District's website, and emai

erty, the District cannot speculate on the effects the changes proposed may was considered and granted by the managers. The public hearing opened pordinated four community informational meetings at various locations stics about the meetings on the District's website, and emailed information to

The District has already undertaken revisions to the proposed standard to be detrimental impact of stormwater discharge from increased impervious the of steep slopes. The District has documented numerous instances of slope of correct environmental and infrastructure damage. It is not unreasonable to safe and responsible manner. The proposed standard as revised will ensure bility on landowners. The standard will not prevent the safe and responsible ment of property. Rather, the standard, once reduced to municipal controls are and development to ensure that each occurs responsibly and in a manner

nent created by the legislature. The Minnesota Board of Water and Soil all other water management organizations. 2. There are five total seats on the to the bylaws, two members are required for a quorum. 3. The District those standards have not served to protect the resources of concern in all within its boundary and reconcile various and often inconsistent standards d in Statute Section 103B.235, are meant to set a base standard across the proposed standard to address property rights concern. Of primary concern to e from increased impervious surfaces or irresponsible stormwater cumented numerous instances of slope failures, resulting in significant public ture damage. It is not unreasonable to expect property owners to use or e proposed standard as revised will ensure such use and development and ard will not prevent the safe and responsible use of property. Also, the ermining what is or is not a steep slope by providing a uniform standard with vered by the standard. 4. Members of the legislature cannot tell the District dictate its agenda or implementation strategies, except by introducing d the reason it exists. 5. The District is required by law to conduct a resource esulting from that inventory; develop policies, goals, and objectives to all of those components into a watershed management plan. A component of gement that must be incorporated into official controls by local government of the District's most recent inventory and planning process. The standards argeted to address the concerns revealed in the most recent resource

d standard to address this concern. Of primary concern to the District is the impervious surfaces or irresponsible stormwater management to the face of tes of slope failures, resulting in significant public and private expense to nreasonable to expect property owners to use or develop their property in a sed will ensure such use and development and appropriately place the safe and responsible use of property, nor will it limit safe and responsible d to municipal controls with performance standards, will place conditions on nsibly and in a manner that addresses the resource concerns related to steep to not result in the taking of property.

nted by the managers. The public hearing opened October 25, 2017 and will y informational meetings at various locations throughout the District, posted nailed information to all with email addresses in the District's system.

Commenting entity/resident	If resident, resident's address	Comment	Response
Daniel Miller	1875 Meadow View Road, Bloomington	One of the main issues is the significant negative impact this could have on his properties. He said his property is almost 4 acres and the majority is down the bluff and down the river valley. If these proposed amendment changes, especially to the definition of the bluff impact zone and setback area, are adopted his entire backyard and portions of his house would be in the bluff impact zone or setback area and he would have a legally nonconforming property. He can't even begin to predict what would happen to his property if and when he decides to sell his property and he has to disclose the property is legally non-conforming. The negative financial impact this would have on his property is unpredictable. He can't do anything with 90% of his lot and he is adamantly opposed to any change that, quite frankly he doesn't understand what the purpose of it is. Why does it have to be changed? He questioned the standard for undue hardship and proving undue hardship is almost impossible.	The District is required by law to conduct a resource inventory; inventory; develop policies, goals, and objectives to address tho into a watershed management plan. A component of the plan is incorporated into official controls by local government within the recent inventory and planning process. The standards being proconcerns revealed in the most recent resource inventory. The st limit safe and responsible development of property. Rather, the standards, will place conditions on such use and development to resource concerns related to steep slopes.
David Shervey	1901 Meadow View Road, Bloomington,	David Shervey appreciative of all the city officials that made comments. He noted he has been at the address for 18 years. He was told the back would be a wildlife refuge and he doesn't understand how a park was built on a wildlife refuge. He stated his concern is with his 90-foot drop. He said he was told nothing would be done with the property and now the district is looking to take away more property. There is no proven track on record and the committee doesn't have the experience, background or no scientific data has been shown. Mr. Shervey said there are a lot of commercial properties in Bloomington that would also be in the outlawed area. He questioned why his property would be impacted and not others that are further down the river bluff area.	The proposed standard would apply to all properties lying withi responsible use of property, nor will it limit safe and responsible municipal controls with performance standards, will place cond and in a manner that addresses the resource concerns related to
Adam Buenz	10100 Eden Prairie Road	Adam Buenz said they have a tree farm they are economically dependent on and asked how this works and if they would have to shut down the farm. He noted there are no structures in place.	Farms/agricultural practices will not be affected by the proposed proposed standard.
Tom Moehn	5025 Overlook Circle, Bloomington	Tom Moehn said they moved in 3 years ago. He questioned who the governing agency is. He commented on the plain language rules and said he would leave the document. He questioned the working session that was had the other day and asked why the public wasn't notified. Mr. Moehn talked about the open meeting law. He said not once were the citizens with the impacted area were informed. His distance from his house to the river is half a mile and questioned how far is too far. Mr. Moehn talked about the terminology in the policy statement and pointed out require is only mentioned once in the policy statement. There is conflicting information in the document. Mr. Moehn said when he moved in to Bloomington they live over a ½ acre and the forested area to the east had a lot of buckthorn and according to the new standard he can't remove it. He stated there are 1,000 of homes in the affected area and said this should be public information and a mass mailing should be done to inform all. He talked about the properties decreasing. He questioned if he has to get permission to paint his house or remodel the inside. Mr. Moehn talked about "Dan's Law". He commented on the 100-year flood and said it should be a 500-1,000 plan. He said to consider this is a publicly funded board and there might be offense. He stated there are a lot of impacts that will affect people.	The Minnesota BWSR oversees the District and all other water n posted on the District's website. The District has already underta concerns. The commenter is mistaken regarding the removal of buckthorn, with no requirement to revegetate or stabilize a stee not prevent the safe and responsible use of property, nor will it once reduced to municipal controls with performance standards occurs responsibly and in a manner that addresses the resource
Chris Penwall	Suite 1300, Washington Avenue South, Minneapolis	Chris Penwall said he represents a number of homeowners who are affected. He provided some background information. Mr. Penwall commented on a regulatory taking. As to parcels that already have development on them there may also be a regulatory taking claim on them. If the bluff standards take away the ability to develop parcels that is a regulatory taking which will result in millions of dollars. Mr. Penwall referred to the eminent domain and said if the bluff standards are approved the board needs to budget for all the claims. He commented on the amount of time that it will take to enact these standards and the start of development will be grandfathered.	The standard will not prevent the safe and responsible use of pr Rather, the standard, once reduced to municipal controls with p to ensure that each occurs responsibly and in a manner that add municipal controls, and conditions do not result in the taking of standard to address this concern. Of primary concern to the Dist impervious surfaces or irresponsible stormwater management t instances of slope failures, resulting in significant public and priv unreasonable to expect property owners to use or develop their revised will ensure such use and development and appropriately

y; develop water and resource management issues resulting from that those resource management issues; and consolidate all of those components in is the development of standards for resource management that must be in the District. This plan amendment is the culmination of the District's most proposed are, in the Board's judgment, appropriately targeted to address the e standard will not prevent the safe and responsible use of property, nor will it the standard, once reduced to municipal controls with performance at to ensure that each occurs responsibly and in a manner that addresses the

ithin the steep slope area. The standard will not prevent the safe and ible development of property. Rather, the standard, once reduced to onditions on such use and development to ensure that each occurs responsibly d to steep slopes.

osed standard. An exception will be incorporated in upcoming revision to the

r management organizations. Work sessions are noticed, and information is ertaken revisions to the proposed standard to address many of the stated of invasive buckthorn. However, the removal of invasive plants, including teep slope only creates further risk of bank or slope failure. The standard will it limit safe and responsible development of property. Rather, the standard, rds, will place conditions on such use and development to ensure that each ce concerns related to steep slopes.

f property, nor will it limit safe and responsible development of property. th performance standards, will place conditions on such use and development addresses the resource concerns related to steep slopes. Such standards, to f property. The District has already undertaken revisions to the proposed District is the detrimental impact of stormwater discharge from increased nt to the face of steep slopes. The District has documented numerous private expense to correct environmental and infrastructure damage. It is not heir property in a safe and responsible manner. The proposed standard as stely place responsibility on landowners.

Commenting entity/resident	If resident, resident's address	Comment	Response
Laura Bluml	105040 West Riverview Drive, Eden Prairie	Laura Bluml said she and her husband Kevin have lived there for 23 years. She suggested having an open house where they have the maps and exhibits. She noted she is oblivious to the current rules. She said her property is about 2 ½ acres. Ms. Bluml said she would like to know what has happened and what is trying to be addressed. Agricultural is exempted and said they will all become farmers. She talked about the properties that will be grandfathered in and said disparities are being created. Ms. Bluml talked about the exemptions and how the city doesn't have the final decision. She said she has spent months pulling invasive species to restore natural vegetation. She said there should be new rules for new development only. Ms. Bluml questioned the rules for the flatter areas. Can she put in a fence for horses.	The District is required by law to conduct a resource inventory; inventory; develop policies, goals, and objectives to address the into a watershed management plan. A component of the plan is incorporated into official controls by local government within th recent inventory and planning process. The standards being pro concerns revealed in the most recent resource inventory. The st limit safe and responsible development of property. Rather, the standards, will place conditions on such use and development to resource concerns related to steep slopes.
Roger Peters	3601 Overlook Drive, Eden Prairie	Roger Peters asked if very strict restrictions are proposed and then they are backed off. Mr. Peters proposed not implementing these and non-restricting some of these standards. He questioned the last time when major erosion has happened and asked what the reasoning is. He stated let's put the private back in the property. Mr. Peters said nobody here wants this to happen and said they should be going the other way. He asked why more restrictions would be added	The District admits that its first articulation of the standard was management goals intended by the standard. However, the init standard and community concerns. The District has already und standard will not prevent the safe and responsible use of prope the standard, once reduced to municipal controls with performa ensure that each occurs responsibly and in a manner that addre
Steve Peterson	11036 Glen Wilding Way, Bloomington,	Steve Peterson came with a presentation but all his points have been made. The sense he gets is to educate people in the watershed district and this process was a great opportunity for the watershed district to have a conversation of the people around the bluff but instead a strict approach was taken and there are so many questions. Because of the incredible excessive nature that takes away the ability to this is now being set back which he has great disappointment and hopes the district will listen to what the people have said.	The District is required by law to conduct a resource inver- from that inventory; develop policies, goals, and objectiv all of those components into a watershed management presource management that must be incorporated into of amendment is the culmination of the District's most rece are, in the Board's judgment, appropriately targeted to a inventory. The District involved its Technical Advisory Con The TAC includes representatives from all of the municip appropriate forum for the community dialog mentioned community informational meetings at various locations t District's website and emailed information to all with em
Doug Bartyzal	11012 Glen Wilding Lane,	A couple years ago he pulled a permit to put a small addition on the back of his house and the current laws are already very restrictive. He said his house was built in 1956 and it is a privilege to live on the bluff. He noted you can type in your address to see how your property would be affected by the 18% rule. Mr. Bartyzal talked about buckthorn. Mr. Bartyzal said that needs to be made clear. He said the information isn't getting out there and it is the districts responsibility to make sure the 1.000 homes affected are notified.	<ol> <li>The proposed standard allows removal of invasive buckthorn plants, including buckthorn, with no requirement to revegetate</li> <li>The standard will not prevent the safe and responsible use of Rather, the standard, once reduced to municipal controls with p to ensure that each occurs responsibly and in a manner that add</li> </ol>

y; develop water and resource management issues resulting from that those resource management issues; and consolidate all of those components in is the development of standards for resource management that must be in the District. This plan amendment is the culmination of the District's most proposed are, in the Board's judgment, appropriately targeted to address the e standard will not prevent the safe and responsible use of property, nor will it the standard, once reduced to municipal controls with performance in to ensure that each occurs responsibly and in a manner that addresses the

vas likely more restrictive than necessary to accomplish the resource initial articulation was beneficial in revealing both deficiencies in the proposed undertaken revisions to the proposed standard to address this concern. The operty, nor will it limit safe and responsible development of property. Rather, rmance standards, will place conditions on such use and development to dresses the resource concerns related to steep slopes.

nventory; develop water and resource management issues resulting stives to address those resource management issues; and consolidate at plan. A component of the plan is the development of standards for official controls by local government within the District. This plan ecent inventory and planning process. The standards being proposed o address the concerns revealed in the most recent resource Committee (TAC) extensively in the standards development process. cipalities in the District. The public comment process is the ed by the commenter. Additionally, the District coordinated four is throughout the District, posted logistics about the meetings on the email addresses in the District's system.

orn and other invasive and noxious plants. However, the removal of invasive ate or stabilize a steep slope only creates further risk of bank or slope failure. of property, nor will it limit safe and responsible development of property. h performance standards, will place conditions on such use and development addresses the resource concerns related to steep slopes.